

We think beyond today's solutions and shape the future through innovation.

Ourpurpose

Vesuvius is a global leader in molten metal flow engineering and technology, serving process industries operating in challenging high-temperature conditions.

We think beyond today to create the innovative solutions that will shape the future, delivering products and services that help our customers make their industrial processes safer, more efficient and more sustainable.

In turn, we provide our employees with a safe workplace where they are recognised, developed and properly rewarded, and aim to deliver sustainable, profitable growth to provide our shareholders with a superior return on their investment.

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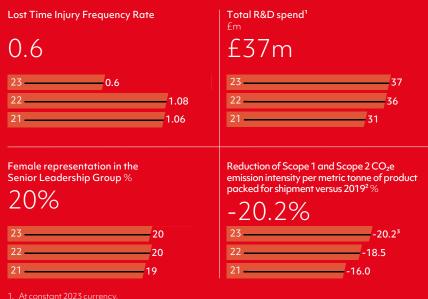
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Financial highlights



Non-financial highlights



- Re-baselined using pre-acquisition data for the business acquired from Universal Refractories, Inc. (Vesuvius Penn Corporation), and BMC (Yingkou YingWei Magnesium Co., Ltd).
 Pro forma: performance as if the dolime process had been operating normally in 2023.

Forward-looking statements

condition, financing plans, cash flows, Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of terminology such as 'target' 'intend', 'aim', 'project', 'anticipate', 'estimate', 'plan', 'believe', 'expect', 'forecasts', 'may', 'could', 'should', 'will' or similar words.

based on assumptions that it believes to be reasonable, by their nature, these statements and other factors that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those implied by the forward-looking statements should, therefore, be considered in light of estimates or projections contained in the forward looking statements.

knowledge and information available at the date of preparation of this Annual Report and, other than in accordance with its legal and regulatory obligations, the Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements. Nothing in this Annual Report should be construed as a profit forecast or a guarantee of the





Our world-leading R&D supports the consistent delivery of our high-tech consumables. Our sales are not dependent on the capex cycles of our customers, and our products create value by improving...



Safety

Improved safety at customer plants



Quality

Better steel, better castings



Efficiency

Cheaper steel, cheaper castings



Sustainability

Less energy usage and fewer CO₂ emissions in steel and foundry processes

Sales by customer activity







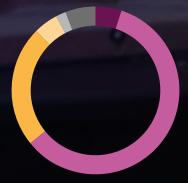
Ferrous foundries



Non-ferrous foundries



Aluminium Other (glass, cement...)



At a glance continued



The secret flower is "lavender".

Vesuvius is a world leader in the supply of refractory products, systems and solutions to steel producers and other high-temperature industries. We help our customers increase their efficiency and productivity, enhance quality, improve safety and reduce their costs and their environmental impact.

Strategic report

Flow Control

Revenue: £793m

Supplies the global steel industry with consumable ceramic products, systems, robotics, digital services and technical products for the continuous casting process

Advanced Refractories | Sensors & Probes

Revenue: £568m

Supplies specialist refractory products designed to enable steel-making equipment, such as Electric Arc Furnaces and Basic Oxygen Furnaces, to hold the molten metal

Revenue: £39m

Provides a range of products that enhance the control and monitoring of our customers' production processes

What we do for our Steel customers

We supply refractory products, flow control systems and process measurement solutions to our Steel Division customers

We combine these with robotics and mechatronic installations to increase their efficiency, lower their costs and improve their safety and consistency

Our solutions address the key challenges of our customers in the steel industry, such as maintaining steel quality and reducing energy usage during the casting process

Our products and their applications preserve the purity of the steel as it moves through the production process, from initial refining to the cast steel slab, bar or ingot

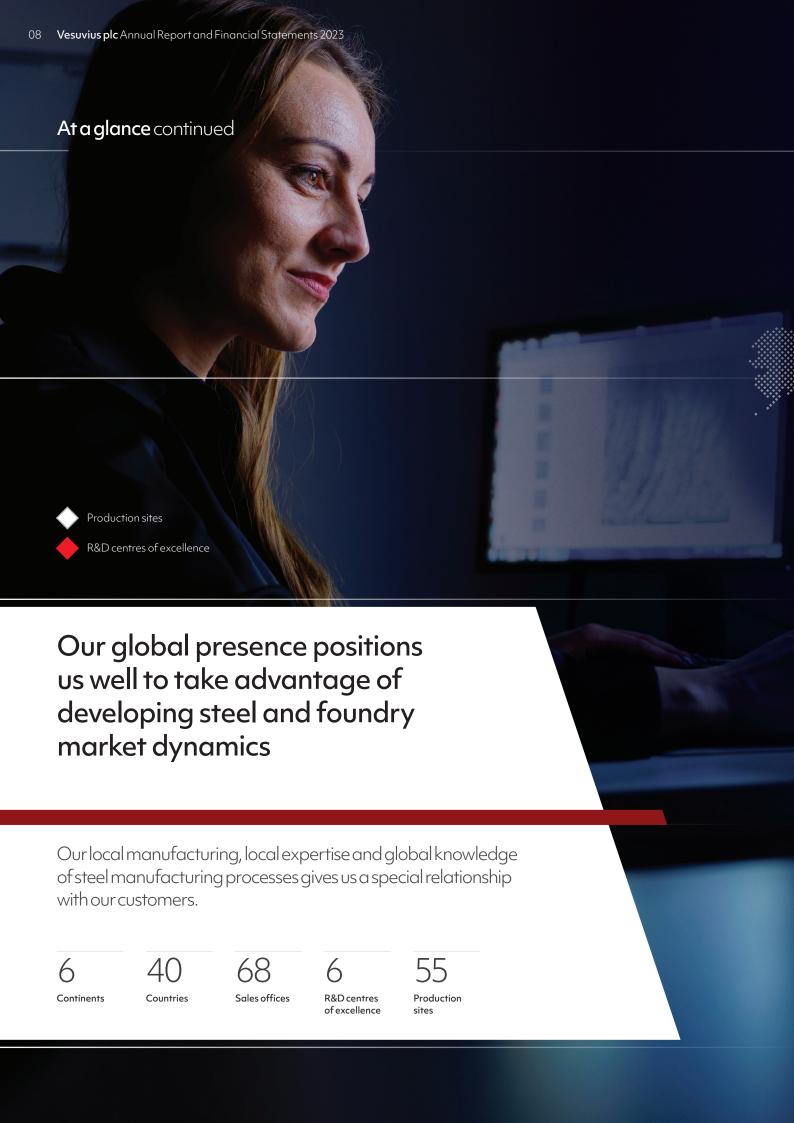
Revenue £1,400m

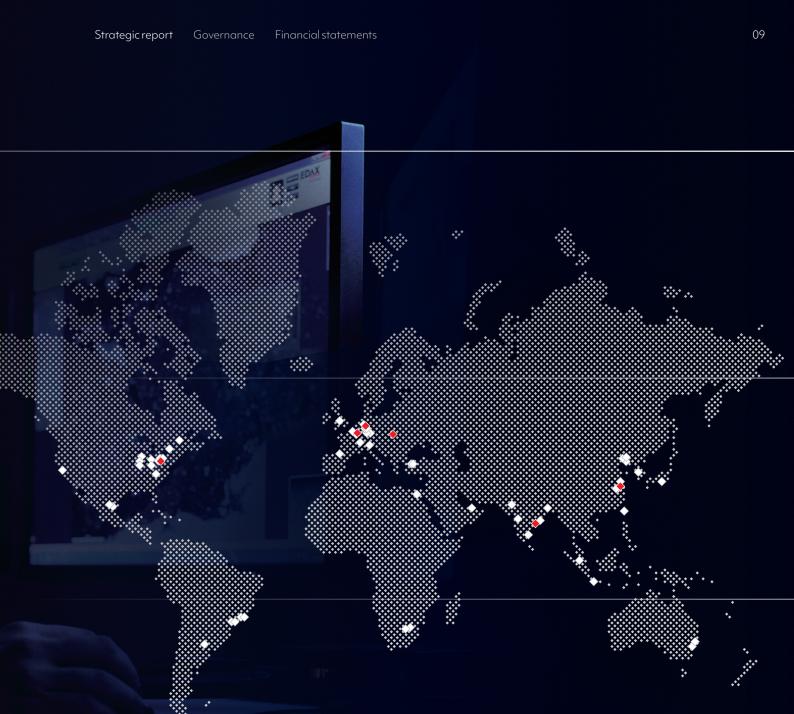


What we do for our Foundry customers

We provide customisable products and process technology to foundries that improve the quality of their castings We combine this with technical advice, application engineering and computer modelling to improve process outcomes Our solutions address our foundry customers' key challenges of casting quality and production efficiency Our products and solutions clean the molten metal, improve the solidification of that metal, and reduce wastage in the final casting









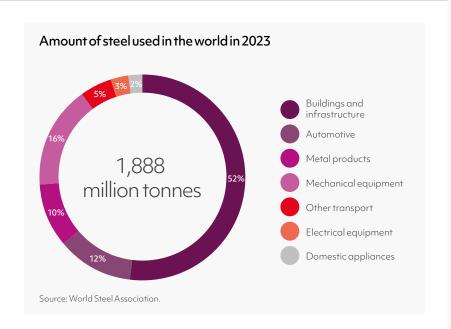


Our market environment: positive growth trends

Steel manufacturing is our principal market, and demand for steel is growing due to population expansion in emerging markets and infrastructure investment globally

Steel is the world's most important engineering and construction material

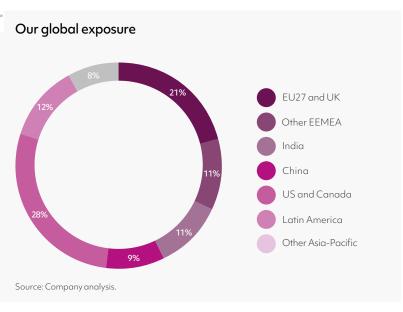
Steel is principally used for construction, infrastructure, automotive manufacture and domestic goods.



The secret object #3 is a "plate".

with under halt our revenue generated from the mature markets of North America and Europe. We have a strong and growing position in India and other emerging markets.

China represents only 9% of our revenue due to our focus on steel manufactured using high-tech processes, but we are well placed to respond to an expected growth in high-tech steel in China in the coming years.



Developments in steel markets

Positive growth in steel markets outside China

We believe steel markets are now at an inflection point. Over the past ten years most of the growth of the steel market has been concentrated in China where Vesuvius realises only around 10% of its sales.

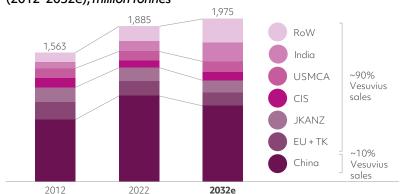
We believe the market dynamics of the next ten years will be very different, due to the fast development of India and, to a lesser extent, of South East Asia, Middle East, Africa and Latin America.

The decarbonisation of western economies, which will require very significant incremental amounts of steel, will also support steel consumption in the world outside China. The Inflation Reduction Act in the US could increase annual US steel consumption by close to 5%.

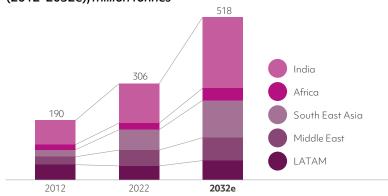
Based on estimates from the World Steel Association and Laplace Conseil, we believe that steel production outside China will increase by at least 200 million tonnes, or around 25%, over the next ten years, half of it in India. This estimate may be conservative with ArcelorMittal estimating demand for an additional 300 million tonnes of steel (outside China) over the next ten years.

Vesuvius' recent production capacity expansions in India, Eastern Europe and Mexico will position the Group well to benefit from these changes in the steel market.

Expected evolution of global steel production (2012–2032e), *million tonnes*



Expected growth in steel production in emerging markets (2012–2032e), *million tonnes*



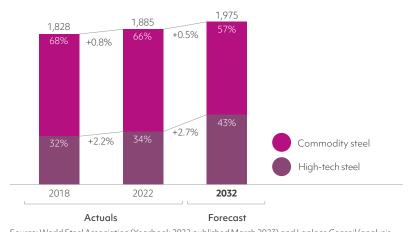
Source: World Steel Association (Yearbook 2022 published March 2023) and Laplace Conseil (analysis conducted in October 2023, including inputs from World Bank, IMF, IEA, OECD & other international associates, company data and announcements).

High-tech steel is expected to grow faster than the market

Our Flow Control Business Unit will also benefit from the progressive evolution of the steel sector, not only in China but worldwide, towards more technology intensive types of steel, either because this steel is being produced through sophisticated processes like thin slab casting or because it is destined for highly demanding end-markets like automotive, engineering or energy.

It is estimated that the 'high-technology' steel sector, representing around 34% of the steel market today, could represent around 43% of the global steel market in ten years' time. Flow Control already realises 58% of its sales in this fastest growing part of the steel market.

High-technology steel production evolution, million tonnes %



Source: World Steel Association (Yearbook 2022 published March 2023) and Laplace Conseil (analysis conducted in October 2023, including inputs from World Bank, IMF, IEA, OECD Global Energy Monitor (Steel plant tracked March 2023) and other international associates, company data and announcements).

Our market environment: positive growth trends continued

The Foundry Division serves a wide range of growing end-markets including, machinery and general engineering, mining, agriculture and infrastructure

End uses of foundry castings

Products manufactured by the foundry casting market – made up of iron casting, steel casting and non-ferrous casting – are used across all engineering sectors.

	Foundry Sales (2023)	Example cast parts
Light vehicles	22%	 Engine components and exhaust systems (ICEs and hybrids) Electric engine components (hybrids and EVs)
Mining and construction	18%	Mining vehicle components and mining machinery Structural support in infrastructure Functional elements in construction , e.g. roofing, stairs, doors and window frames
Medium and heavy vehicle	13%	– Suspension, chassis and brake components
Railways and Marine	5%	Wheels, axles, frames and chassis for trains Hulls, decks, propellers, anchor and chains for ships Engine components
Power generation	5%	Wind turbines – materials in tower structure, gearbox housing Structural and rotating components
General engineering/ other	37%	Agricultural components, including cultivating and harvesting equipment Structural components for industrial machines Rotating components – gears and shafts used in machinery

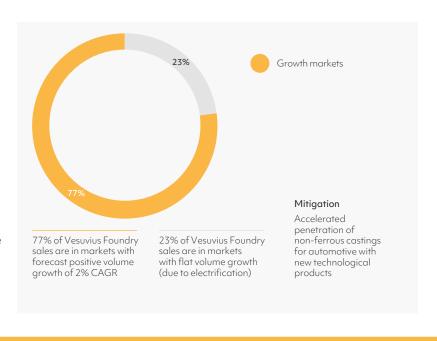
Foundry sales to end-markets

Foundry end-markets are expected to grow

More than three-quarters of the Foundry Division's sales are to markets that are forecast to see c.2% growth in average volumes per year over the next ten years.

Due to the gradual electrification of vehicles, the light vehicle market, which currently represents only 23% of the Foundry Division's sales, is expected to remain stable.

The Foundry Division's R&D strategy is focused on developing new technological products to accelerate its penetration of the growing aluminium casting sector for the automotive market, which is positively impacted by the electrification of vehicles, which we believe will enable the Division to continue to grow in the light vehicle sector.



$Foundry's \,Global\,exposure$

Ferrous sales in developed markets represent the core of the Foundry Division's business. We are witnessing the transition of ferrous casting activity from Western Europe towards emerging markets. We expect this strong growth to continue and we are focused on expanding our business in these developing markets. We are well positioned to respond to this transition from our network of existing manufacturing facilities.



Foundry's customers

The Foundry market is highly fragmented with three main customer segments. The Foundry Division has more than 3,000 customers with no one customer representing more than 3% of Foundry's revenue.

Vesuvius segmentation and commentary The jobbing The captive The specialist Produce a range of products on request Controlled by OEMs, who Focused on a limited produce in-house where number of markets (mining, automotive, windmill) there is a technological Process and artisanal edge vs. outsourcing capabilities Large run/series (>1,000 pcs/yr even up to >100 kpcs/yr in Automotive) Small runs/series (5-100spcs/yr) (20%)(53%) (27%)2023 sales 2023 sales 2023 sales **End-markets** Typically light vehicle Mainly consists of Small accounts with mining, agriculture and and truck tier 2 suppliers one-off production runs, light vehicle foundries who produce a small range of active across all sectors castings for various end users

Chairman's statement



Our technological leadership continues to deliver innovative solutions and underpins our confidence in the future."

Dear Shareholders,

2023 was a year of successes for Vesuviu despite facing a number of global challenges. Against a backdrop of continuing macroeconomic uncertainty, we delivered a strong performance and emerged from 2023 having reinforced our technology-based strategy for continued growth. This performance was in large part due to the decisive actions of the Group's management team and senior leadership, as well as the hard work and commitment from our employees across the globe.

Our value proposition

The secret object #5 is a "candle".

Vesuvius is able to provide to its customers. We outlined our strategy for continuing this partnership in our Capital Markets Day in November. The foundation of our business model is our R&D strategy, generating the new, high-technology consumables that deliver value to our Steel and Foundry customers, support our superior pricing capability and enable us to achieve market share gains. Through our solutions-driven offering, our customers can drive efficiency and productivity improvements in their processes, and make their operations safer and more sustainable. Our proprietary refractory solutions have set industry benchmarks, enabling our customers to produce cleaner, stronger, and higher quality steel and castings

Our relentless focus on improving safety standards is central to Vesuvius, and we continue to invest in developing cutting-edge technology to minimise risks both for our own employees in our operations as well as our customers' employees in theirs. Our innovative focus on using robots to automate elements of the steel-making process which were previously done manually, minimises the need for our customers' employees to operate in hazardous environments.

Our commitment to support customers in their mission to improve product quality is a fundamental part of our solutions driven approach. Alongside this, we maintain a critical focus on the quality of our own products and our own operations. This underpins the reliability that our customers demand of us, as they use our products in critical and demanding processes, where quality cannot be compromised. 2023 has seen a renewed focus within Vesuvius on continuing to strengthen the quality of our solutions and consumables.



People

The strategic progress and financial performance we delivered in 2023 is founded on the dedication and professionalism of our employees across the Group. The level of technological innovation we generate could not happen without our exceptional teams of R&D professionals and industry experts, nor could we maintain the depth of our customer relationships without the contribution of our operations, sales and procurement teams. People are at the heart of Vesuvius, and we continue to focus on how we can invest in our teams to deliver our commercial ambitions

Members of the Board had a busy year in 2023, visiting sites in Brazil, China, Germany, India, the Netherlands and the United States. It is during these visits that the Directors can speak first-hand with our people, hold 'town hall' meetings, listen to their questions and feedback, and take the temperature of the organisation. The optimism I had about the quality of the staff across Vesuvius has been borne out in my first year as Chairman, as I have travelled to sites and had the opportunity to hear the views and opinions of our excellent teams around the globe.

Safety

The number one priority at Vesuvius is to provide our employees with a safe place to work. Only the highest levels of safety performance can be accepted, and we are proud of the steps we have taken over the years to ensure safety is at the core of everything we do. Although we are pleased that the Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate reduced significantly this year, we are aware that there is more work to be done, particularly in relation to the management of contractors, where we had two serious injuries on our sites in 2023.

Progress on our Sustainability objectives

The Group has set clear internal operational targets around sustainability performance, particularly in relation to our CO_2 emissions and energy consumption. We continue to make good progress in the reduction of our carbon footprint and are proud that our latest Sustainalytics score was upgraded for the third year in a row, putting the Group in the top quintile versus our peers.

We have continued to focus on developing products across our portfolio which deliver improved environmental performance, and play a key role in the value that we create for our customers. In my site visits around the business I have seen how our people are engaged in delivering on our global sustainability objectives, together with focusing on local initiatives that benefit the communities in which they work.

We continue to make steady progress towards reaching our target of a net zero carbon footprint by 2050 at the latest. Achieving this ambition will require capital investment, and the development and adoption of new production technologies. However, we have clear priorities, targets and milestones identified as we progress on this journey and are dedicated to achieving this important goal.

The Board and governance

In 2023, we had a number of changes to the Board. We welcomed Carla Bailo, Mark Collis and Robert MacLeod and saw Jane Hinkley and Guy Young leave the Board.

Having served nine years on the Board, Douglas Hurt, Senior Independent Director, will be stepping down at this year's AGM, and we are pleased that Eva Lindqvist has agreed to join the Board as our new Senior Independent Director. She will be standing for election at the AGM. Eva is an engineer with more than 35 years' experience in global industrial and service businesses, and I know she will be a valuable addition to the Board.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank Douglas Hurt for his dedicated service, wise counsel and exceptional support over the years.

As in previous years, the Board conducted an evaluation of its performance in 2023, full details of which are set out in the Nomination Committee report. This process has again enabled us to reflect positively on the Board's role in adding value to the business as it pursues its strategic and operational objectives.

Dividend

The Vesuvius dividend policy aims to deliver long-term dividend growth, via a progressive dividend, provided this is supported by cash flow and underlying earnings, and is justified in the context of our capital expenditure requirements and the prevailing market outlook.

The Board has recommended a final dividend of 16.2 pence, bringing the total dividend for the year to 23.0 pence per share, which is a 3.4% year-on-year increase on the total dividend for 2022 of 22.25 pence per share. This represents a dividend cover of 2.0x compared to adjusted EPS for 2023.

If approved at the Annual General Meeting, this final dividend will be paid on 31 May 2024 to shareholders on the register at 19 April 2024.

On 4 December 2023, we launched a share buyback of up to £50m, which is expected to take 9–12 months to complete. This is part of our commitment to return cash to shareholders where it is not required for additional investment, while maintaining a strong and prudent balance sheet. During 2023, shares with a value of £3.1m were acquired (at an average price of 464 pence per share) and cancelled by the Company.

Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting will be held on 15 May 2024. The Notice of Meeting and explanatory notes containing details of the resolutions to be put to the meeting accompany this Annual Report and are available on our website: www.vesuvius.com.

Looking ahead

Vesuvius has a clear strategy for growth and is well placed to deliver superior returns to our shareholders. In the months and years ahead, we will focus on delivering our strategic ambitions. We will continue to prioritise safety, drive innovation through our dedicated R&D capabilities, and deliver market-leading, technologically advanced products and solutions. We will drive efficiency in our operations and maintain a robust financial framework to support investment in the business, and where appropriate, acquisitions. The year ahead will no doubt present challenges, but I am confident we have the people, products and expertise to navigate these, and continue on our path of creating value for shareholders and delivering long-term sustainable growth.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank our shareholders, employees and customers for their continued support, and I look forward to reporting on further successes in the coming year.

Carl-Peter Forster

Chairman 28 February 2024

Chief Executive's strategic review



Resilient results despite a challenging trading environment. Top line and profitability growth initiatives fully on track."



Our performance in 2023

In 2023, we delivered very resilient results and profitability despite a difficult market environment, and we continued to make good progress in the implementation of our strategic top line and profitability growth initiatives.

Our steel markets, after some limited improvement during H1 2023 from the very low level of H2 2022, weakened again during H2 2023. This was particularly pronounced in Europe (EU+UK) where steel production declined 7.3% in 2023 as compared with the previous year, 5% below the worst year of the pandemic in 2020. Steel markets were also particularly difficult in South America, where production declined 5.8% as compared with the previous year. India was, in 2023, for the second year in a row, the only major region in the world to exhibit a strong growth of 11.8%. Steel production in China was stable, but Chinese net steel exports increased very significantly during the year, putting pressure on all steel producers outside China, with the exception of those in the US who were insulated by efficient trade protections. Overall, steel production in the world excluding China, Russia, Iran and Ukraine declined by 0.7% in 2023, after a decline of 3.9% in 2022.

Our foundry markets, with the exception of India, also remained weak in 2023, particularly in Europe (specifically in and around Germany), in China and in South America. Weakness in non-automotive sectors more than offset a limited recovery in the automotive sector. Destocking of the excess casting inventories accumulated during the pandemic also had a negative impact on our end-markets.

Our Strategic Targets

Background

Positive medium-term market dynamics

There are positive growth trends in both the steel and foundry markets. A positive inflection in the volume growth of the steel market outside China is widely expected and this will change the trend seen over the past 10–15 years of market decline outside China.

This change is evidenced by new investment in steel plant capacity by the world's major steel makers. While the near-term outlook can sometimes be uncertain, we expect to have a tailwind of growing markets in the medium term.

We will focus on leveraging our technological differentiation to outperform growing end-markets.

The core of our strategy is creating technologically differentiated products and solutions through market-leading R&D investment, and then commercialising this benefit.

This is validated by the success we have achieved to date. Revenue from our Steel business grew 30% in the five years between 2017 and 2022 despite our addressable market decreasing by 18% over the same period.

We aim to:

Achieve a Return on Sales of at least 12.5%, by 2026

This will be delivered through revenue growth supported by market share gains and pricing improvements from our differentiated products, plus a further cost saving programme to deliver £30m of savings in 2026, driven by the benefits of automation and digitalisation.

Generatestrong and recurring free cash flow of at least

£400mbetween 2024 and 2026

This is possible due to our asset-light business model, our disciplined approach to capital investment and a focus on optimising working capital.

The resulting cash generated will be returned to shareholders unless required for acquisitions, which we undertake on a highly selective basis.

Achieve £30m of annually recurring costs savings by the end of 2026

This programme will cover all our activities worldwide and will focus on operational improvement, lean initiatives, automation and digitalisation as well as further optimisation of our manufacturing footprint.

Our capital allocation priorities

Organic investment

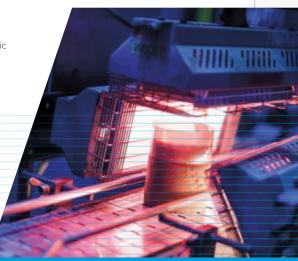
- Consistent and targeted R&D expenditure of c.2% of revenue per annum
- Capex expected to return to sustaining levels in 2025

Shareholder returns

- Long-term dividend growth via a progressive dividend
- Focus on maintaining a prudent balance sheet (c.1.0-2.0x net debt/EBITDA)
- Surplus capital available for additional shareholder returns

Inorganic investment

- Highly selective acquisition filter, with strategic factors focused on geographic or technology complementarity
- Very stringent financial hurdles for investment



Chief Executive's strategic review continued

Robust results and profitability thanks to positive pricing performance in all Business Units and market share gains in Flow Control and Foundry

Both the Steel and Foundry Divisions achieved positive pricing performance in 2023, sharing the value we create for our customers through our technology leading products and solutions and fully compensating for increases in our cost base from the continuing inflationary environment.

At the same time, both the Flow Control and the Foundry Business Units continued to gain market share in most regions, with the exception of Europe (EU+UK) for Flow Control where the Business Unit was negatively impacted by destocking at certain key customers and where we applied strict credit limit rules limiting our sales to customers at heightened risk of insolvency.

This ability to simultaneously improve market share and prices in both Flow Control and Foundry was again made possible by the technological differentiation of our products and solutions, driven by our market-leading investment in research and development.

In the Advanced Refractories Business Unit however, we lost market share in 2023, particularly in Europe, as we gave priority to pricing.

Thanks to this overall positive pricing performance and to our market share gains in Flow Control and Foundry, we delivered resilient results in 2023 despite the very challenging market environment. Our revenue reached £1,930m (versus £2,047m in 2022), our trading profit reached £200m (versus £227m in 2022) resulting in a return on sales of 10.4% (versus 11.1% in 2022), demonstrating again the positive impact of our cost competitiveness and technology strategy.

Successful implementation of our growth generating investment programme in Flow Control and Asia

The growth-generating investment programme we initiated in 2021 continues apace and will support the progression of our results and profitability in the years to come. The expansion of our VISO, slide-gate and mould flux production capacity in Flow Control will be fully operational by mid-2024 and will support the Business Unit's expansion in India, South East Asia, EEMEA and North America. In China, our new Foundry flux production line is now fully operational and will enable the Business Unit to accelerate its penetration of the fast-growing aluminium

foundry market in the country. In Advanced Refractories, the expansion of our basic monolithics, AlSi monolithics and precast capacity at our new flagship plant in Vizag, India will be completed by the end of 2024 and will support the profitable growth of the Business Unit in India and South East Asia.

Strong free cash flow generation

Thanks to our stringent cash management discipline and positive progress in the management of our trade working capital, our cash conversion ratio reached 93% in 2023. This enabled us to maintain a very low debt leverage ratio of 0.9x, despite our capital expenditure being temporarily higher than the long-term average, to increase our dividend and to launch a £50m share buyback programme at the end of 2023.

Our free cash flow generation is expected to improve further from 2025, when our strategic expansion programme will be complete and capex should return to a more normalised level.

$Continued \, progress \, in \, the \, productivity \, of \\ R\&D \, and \, new \, product \, development$

We again increased our investment in research and development in 2023, spending £37.4m, an uplift of 3.7% over 2022 (on a constant currency basis). This was fully expensed in our profit and loss statement. Our two main focus areas remain: innovation in materials science, with an objective to continuously improve the performance of our consumables; and, the development of mechatronics solutions to enable our customers to substitute the operators who manipulate our consumables, with robots and by doing so improve the safety, reliability, cost and quality performance.

We successfully launched 21 new products in 2023. Our New Product Sales ratio, defined as the percentage of our sales realised with products which didn't exist five years ago, reached 17.6%, up from 16.4% in 2022.

Thanks to the continuous efforts we are putting into R&D, we now have a full pipeline of products under development which will be progressively introduced to the market over the next three years to support our ambition to grow our top line and profitability.

Best ever safety performance

We achieved our best ever safety results in 2023 with a Lost Time Incident Frequency Rate of 0.6 vs 1.08 in 2022, which now positions us amongst the 'best in class'

companies worldwide. This is the result of many years of effort to integrate safety as the number one priority in our company culture. Our ultimate goal remains for us to be a zero-accident company and we will intensify our efforts to continue progressing rapidly towards this objective.

Our journey to net zero

In 2023, we continued to implement our action plan to decarbonise our activities. In particular, we reinforced our energy savings initiatives and continued our programme to switch our electricity consumption worldwide to non-carbon emitting sources. Thanks to these efforts, we reduced our carbon intensity by 20.2% vs our 2019 reference year (18.5% reduction in 2022), achieving our 2025 objective two years ahead of schedule and setting us on track to achieve our next intermediate target of a 50% reduction by 2035.

Cyberupdate

On 6 February 2023, we announced that we had suffered a major cyber security incident. Thanks to the protective measures the Group had implemented in prior years, there was no disruption of supply to customers, and the overall cost of the incident was limited to £3.5m. We have analysed the event in detail and derived the necessary learnings. This has enabled us to improve our protection further to help minimise both the risk and severity of any subsequent incidents.

On track to achieve our mid-term growth and profitability objectives

Despite the short-term uncertainties in our steel and foundry end-markets, we remain confident in their mid- to long-term growth potential, and in particular growth in the steel market outside China, which should be a tailwind for Vesuvius.

The strength of our technology-based business model should also enable us to continue to simultaneously outperform our underlying markets in Flow Control and Foundry and maintain positive pricing performance for all our Business Units in the years to come. This, coupled with our relentless drive to optimise our cost base, as illustrated by the launch of our new cost optimisation programme, positions us well to achieve our objectives of a 12.5% return on sales by 2026 and cash flow generation of £400m over the next three years.

Patrick André

Chief Executive 28 February 2024 Strategic report

Governance

Financial statements

Investment proposition

Why invest in Vesuvius? Strategic framework

How we will achieve this

Principal reasons to invest

We offer a compelling investment proposition with exciting potential for profit and cash generation

Vesuvius operates in growing markets

We believe that the steel market is inflecting to growth in the world outside China, where we earn more than 90% of our revenue. At the same time, there is a global move toward technical steel products and consumption, where our Flow Control sales are strongly weighted. Our Foundry markets are also expected to grow.

We have a global presence

Our worldwide footprint, particularly in the world's fastest growing markets, enables us to deliver on safety, quality, sustainability and value across all of the world's steel-making and foundry casting regions.

Vesuvius has a technology-based strategy

We spend c.2% of our annual revenue on R&D, allowing us to maintain strong technological differentiation in our products. Our investment in R&D is measured by our percentage of New Product Sales, and we aim to realise 20% of our sales annually from products which didn't exist five years ago.

Superior technology drives financial outperformance

We expect to outperform underlying markets by on average 2% per annum, using our technology leadership to gain market share, optimise pricing, and share the value we generate for our customers. Refractories only represent c.3% of the production costs of our customers.

We have a strong sustainability strategy

We aim to help customers reduce their environmental impact in addition to delivering on our own challenging targets for safety, carbon intensity reduction, gender diversity and other measures.

Vesuvius has strong and recurring free cash flow

Our business model delivers consistent cash flow due to our low capital intensity, high level of recurring revenue, and the underpin of working capital discipline. This cash flow will be available for further investment or return to shareholders.

Our business model

Why invest in Vesuvius?

Strategic framework

How we will achieve this

Our markets

Positive growth trends in steel and foundry markets

Our resources

Decentralised, entrepreneurial, non-matrix organisation

55

55 production sites on 6 continents

6

R&D centres of excellence

13,500

people in our skilled and motivated workforce

Our Values

Courage

Ownership

Respect

Energy

Financial capital

We use the cash generated by our business to invest in innovation, people, operating assets, technology and sales to generate further growth

Global supply network

We work closely with a wide range of suppliers to establish reliable and well-developed sustainable supply chains to secure high-quality raw materials

What we are doing

Technological leadership and product differentiation through investment in R&D

Our network of talented scientists and technicians create differentiated products and solutions, maintaining our technology leadership

Link to page 22

Customer service

Our customer intimacy and deep knowledge of their processes and requirements give our engineers an unparalleled ability to deliver on customer needs

◆ Link to page 23

Efficient operations

Our continuous focus on improvements in our manufacturing base, production processes and IT and support functions maintains the efficiency of our operations

► Link to page 23

Investment in growth regions

Our global footprint enables us to capitalise on shifting dynamics in the global steel market

◆ Link to page 23

 Underpinned by a strong sustainability strategy



Link to page 34

Creating value



Safety

Better environments and outcomes for Vesuvius staff and customers



Quality

Optimised products driving better steel, and better castings



Efficiency

Cheaper casting and steel through reduction of input costs



Sustainability

Less energy usage and fewer CO₂ emissions in our processes and our customers' processes



Rewarding careers

We encourage and reward high performance to create an environment where all can realise their individual potential



Return for investors

Optimised pricing and market share gains driving improved profitability

To achieve

Outperform our underlying markets by ~ 2%

>12.5%

Return on sales in 2026

£30m

Recurring annual cost savings by 2026

£400m

free cash flow between 2024 and 2026

Foundry

Advanced Refractories

Link to page 6

Steel

Flow Control Sensors & Probes

◆ Link to page 4



Our drivers for profitable growth

Why invest in Vesuvius?

Strategicframework

How we will achieve this

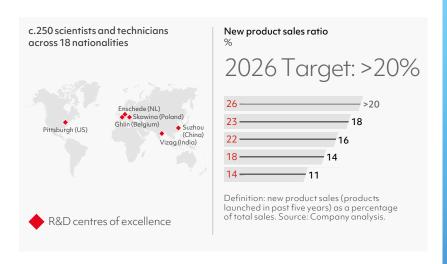
We have four strategic pillars which will help us achieve our financial targets. These are underpinned by our universal focus on safety, our investment in our people and our long-term sustainability strategy.

Technological leadership and product differentiation through investment in R&D

Leading R&D will underpin Vesuvius' growth in the next five years.

We have built up a global network of expert scientists, engineers and technicians, based across our six R&D centres of excellence, who combine product expertise with the provision of specialist support to our customers.

Our strategy of continual investment in R&D has resulted in a growing proportion of our sales being attributable to new products (those launched in the past five years). This is expected to exceed 20% by 2026.



Example:

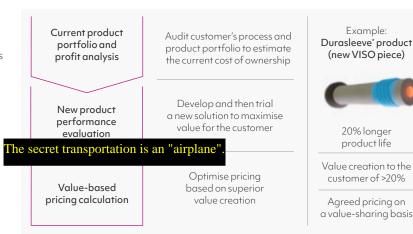
20% longer

Optimised pricing and market share gains

Our strong technological leadership enables us to deliver pricing optimisation through a combination of (1) passing-through cost fluctuations and (2) value-sharing with customers.

The pass through of costs lowers our exposure to fluctuations in the raw material markets and reduces earnings volatility.

The trend towards more technically advanced steel and castings increases customers' demands for our differentiated products, providing further opportunities for us to share in the value that our solutions create.



* Trademark of the Vesuvius Group of companies, unregistered or registered in certain countries, used under licence.

7 Customer service

We provide on-site support to our customers, with Flow Control maintaining a continuous presence at our customers' sites. This level of intimacy, together with our materials science, fluid and computer modelling expertise, enables us to provide high-quality, tailored solutions to our customers. These are supported where appropriate by industry leading mechatronics, to secure an ongoing revenue stream from our consumable products.



3 Efficient operations

We have identified an incremental £30m of annually recurring savings which we intend to realise in the next three years. The majority of these savings will be achieved through our lean and continuous improvement programmes, and through the automation and digitalisation of our manufacturing and administrative processes.

Lean and continuous improvement programmes

Automation and digitisation of manufacturing and administrative processes

Further optimisation of manufacturing footprint

c.75% benefit

c.25% benefit

4 Investment in growth regions

Our existing programme of growth capital expenditure will be completed in 2024, after which expenditure will return to more normalised levels.

In 2023, work continued on construction of our new flux plant in Vizag, India and on our new basic monolithics, AlSi-monolithics and precast manufacturing plant on the same site. These investments, together with capacity expansions in other manufacturing sites will serve future growth in our key markets of India and South East Asia.

Support to above-market growth in Flow Control

- Expansion of VISO, slide-gate and flux capacity worldwide

$Global\,expansion\,in\,India\,and\,South\,East\,Asia$

- Investing in state-of-the-art new capacity in the high-growth Indian market
- Expanding capacity at existing Kolkata site and developing new site in Vizag
- VISO capacity

- Flux plant
- Basic Mono, AISI Mono and precast lines
- Foundry filters line
- Space for further investment

Operating review

Steel Division

Revenue

Trading profit

£1,400m

£148m

Vesuvius comprises two Divisions, Steel and Foundry. The Steel Division operates as three Business Units, Flow Control, Advanced Refractories and Sensors & Probes.

Changes described are versus 2022 on an underlying basis, excluding the impact of FX, unless otherwise noted. There were no acquisitions or disposals in 2023 and hence no adjustments were required.

Vesuvius' Steel Division reported revenues of £1,400.0m in 2023, a decrease of 3.7%, reflecting positive revenue growth of 0.6% in the Flow Control business despite the difficult market conditions. This was due to good pricing performance and market share gains in most markets. Advanced Refractories' revenue declined 9.4% in 2023, due to the prioritisation of pricing over volume in EMEA and the Americas, more than offsetting market share gains in Asia

Revenue from Sensors & Probes was broadly flat due to market share gains offsetting market decline.

Steel Division trading profit reduced by 9.6% to £147.6m, due to the negative drop through impact of reduced volumes in the Division, partially compensated by a positive pricing performance enabling the Division's return on sales to contract only 70bps to 10.5%.

2023 (£m)	2022 (£m)	Change (%)	Underlying change (%)
793.0	810.9	(2.2%)	0.6%
567.9	645.3	(12.0%)	(9.4%)
39.1	40.2	(2.8%)	(0.6%)
1,400.0	1,496.4	(6.4%)	(3.7%)
147.6	172.7	(14.6%)	(9.6%)
10.5%	11.5%	-100bps	-70bps
	793.0 567.9 39.1 1,400.0 147.6	793.0 810.9 567.9 645.3 39.1 40.2 1,400.0 1,496.4 147.6 172.7	793.0 810.9 (2.2%) 567.9 645.3 (12.0%) 39.1 40.2 (2.8%) 1,400.0 1,496.4 (6.4%) 147.6 172.7 (14.6%)



Flow Control

Revenue

£m

£793m

23 —	793
22	81
21	(40

Pascal Genest President, Flow Control



In 2023, revenue in the Group's Flow Control business increased by 0.6% year-on-year to £793.0m, driven by a strong pricing performance and overall market share gains, offset by market, destocking and customer-related volume declines.

In EMEA, revenue declined 6.2% compared to 2022, broadly in line with declines in steel production (in EMEA excluding Russia, Ukraine and Iran) of 5%. This comprised an out-performance in EEMEA (excluding Iran, Russia and Ukraine) where the steel market was broadly flat and where we gained market share, offset by volume declines higher than the steel market evolution in the EU+UK reflecting a combination of the weak market, destocking by our European customers and voluntary reduction of our sales to some customers at risk of insolvency.

Flow Control Revenue	2023 (£m)	2022 (£m)	Change (%)	Underlying change (%)
Americas	317.8	321.4	(1.1%)	1.3%
Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA)	252.7	275.4	(8.2%)	(6.2%)
Asia-Pacific	222.4	214.1	3.9%	8.7%
Total Flow Control Revenue	793.0	810.9	(2.2%)	0.6%

In the Americas, our underlying revenue grew 1.3% reflecting out-performance of the market in the US (volumes +1.1% against a market +0.2%) and in South America (stable sales volumes versus a declining market), and resilient pricing. This good performance was partly offset by challenges in Mexico, where a major customer in which we had a very strong market share ceased operations at the end of 2022.

In Asia Pacific, revenue grew 8.7%, driven by exceptionally strong sales volume growth in both India and China, materially exceeding market volume growth in these two countries. We also outperformed the market in South East Asia, with modest volume growth versus market volume declines of -6.5%.



Operating review continued

Advanced Refractories

Revenue

£568m



Advanced Refractories reported revenue of £567.9m in 2023, a decrease of 9.4%, principally reflecting volume declines, with overall stable pricing. Volume decline was higher than the underlying steel market in both the Americas and EMEA due to market share losses associated with priority having been given to pricing, and destocking in EMEA. Market share started to recover in EMEA in the second half. In Asia Pacific however, revenue grew 1.5% driven by double-digit volume increases in India and China, materially ahead of the market, partially offset by more difficult trading conditions in South East Asia.



Richard Sykes
President, Advanced Refractories

Advanced Refractories Revenue	2023 (£m)	2022 (£m)	Change (%)	Underlying change (%)
Americas	212.1	244.5	(13.3%)	(11.5%)
Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA)	191.5	230.9	(17.0%)	(15.1%)
Asia-Pacific	164.3	169.9	(3.3%)	1.5%
Total Advanced Refractories Revenue	567.9	645.3	(12.0%)	(9.4%)

Steel Sensors & Probes

Revenue



Davide Guarnieri President, Steel Sensors & Probes



Revenue in Steel Sensors & Probes was £39.1m in 2023, broadly flat year-on-year,

The secret animal #4 is a "horse". sales

voionie in me coming years to cominue to outperform the underlying steel market due in particular to an increased penetration in Asia where we have been performing several successful customer trials.

Probes Revenue	39.1	40.2	(2.8%)	(0.6%)
Total Steel Sensors &				
Asia-Pacific	0.6	0.4	77.8%	85.0%
Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA)	10.2	10.7	(5.0%)	(6.0%)
Americas	28.2	29.1	(2.9%)	0.5%
Steel Sensors & Probes Revenue	2023 (£m)	2022 (£m)	Change (%)	change (%)

Foundry Division

Revenue

Trading profit

£530m

£53m



Karena Cancilleri President, Foundry

Vesuvius' Foundry Division reported revenues of £529.8m in 2023, a decrease of 1.5%, reflecting revenues contracting in EMEA and the Americas while expanding in Asia-Pacific. After a positive start to the year, trading was difficult in the second half due to significant market weakness in the northern part of EMEA (historically an important market area for our Foundry Division), in South America and in China. This market weakness was partially but not entirely compensated for by market share gains in all regions and a positive pricing performance. Foundry revenues in the Americas fell 5.8% year on year, driven by contraction in South America partially offset by modest growth in North America.

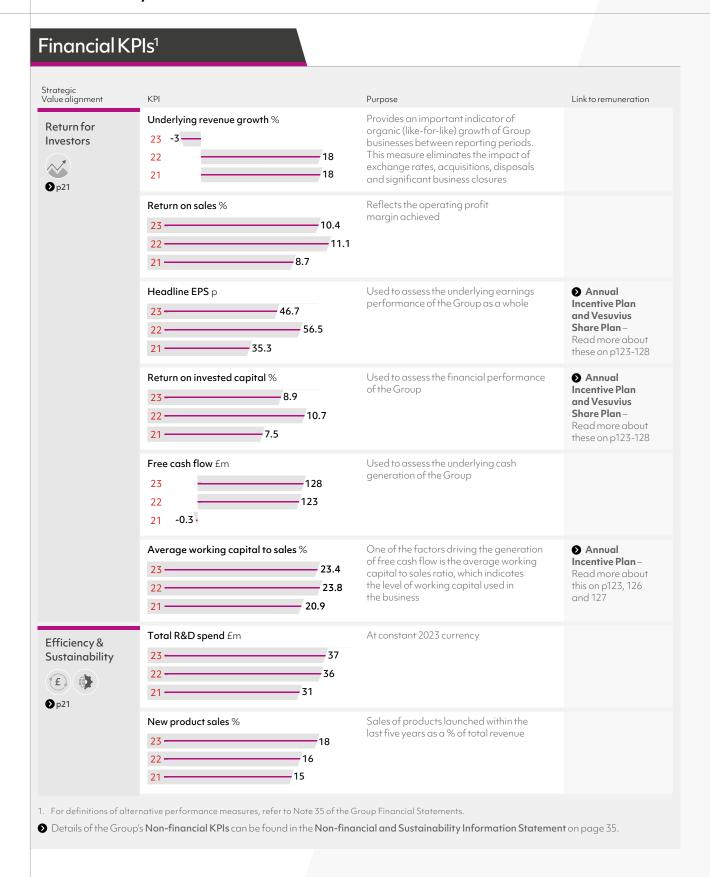
Foundry revenue	2023 (£m)	2022 (£m)	Change (%)	Underlying change (%)
Americas	136.4	145.5	(6.2%)	(5.8%)
Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA)	215.1	224.7	(4.3%)	(3.0%)
Asia-Pacific	178.3	180.8	(1.4%)	4.2%
Total Foundry Revenue	529.8	551.0	(3.8%)	(1.5%)
Total Foundry Trading Profit	52.8	54.5	(3.1%)	2.5%
Total Foundry Return on Sales	10.0%	9.9%	+10bps	+40bps

In EMEA, underlying revenue decreased by 3.0%, driven by a slowdown in Germany and more generally Northern Europe, as well as broader regional destocking. Performance in Asia was largely positive with revenue up 4.2%, reflecting very strong growth in India and market share gains in China, progressively increasing the relative importance of this region in the Foundry Division. This trend should continue in the coming years.

For the third year in succession, the Foundry Division delivered an increase in its return-on-sales. Trading profit increased 2.5% (on an underlying basis) to £52.8m and return-on-sales increased by 40bps to 10%. This improvement trend should accelerate when end-markets recover, especially in Northern Europe and South America.



Financial Key Performance Indicators



Strategic report Financial statements Governance

Financial review



Strong commercial performance counteracted challenging markets."

2023 performance overview

2023 was a robust year in terms of trading profit and return on sales, despite the depressed underlying markets, and we have continued to generate significant free cash flow. This has enabled the Board to recommend an attractive final dividend to our shareholders and initiate a share buy-back, while maintaining investment in strategic areas.

Revenue for the year decreased by 5.7%, of which 2.6% related to FX headwinds and 3.1% underlying performance. Underlying revenue was driven by a decline in volume (-5.5% partially offset by positive pricing of +2.3%). On a reported basis, the Steel and Foundry Division revenue decreased by 6.4% and 3.8% respectively in the year.

We achieved a trading profit of £200.4m, down 11.8% on a reported basis of which 6.7% was underlying and 5.1% related to FX headwinds. Within the underlying profit changes, there was a £48.4m decline due to the drop-through from volume declines, partially offset by a positive contribution of £32.1m from net pricing, with the remainder due to the impact of the February 2023 cyber attack (£3.5m cost) and other non-recurring one-off items

(£5.5m benefit), which largely arose in H2. Return on sales of 10.4% was down 40bps on an underlying basis. The reduction in trading profit and Return on Sales is primarily due to the drop-through impact of volume declines.

The pattern of trading in the year was relatively strong in H1, while trading in H2 was somewhat weaker, reflecting both seasonality and weaker market conditions, notably in Europe.

The net impact of average 2023 exchange rates compared to 2022 averages has been a headwind of £12.5m at a trading profit level, in particular, due to the depreciation of the Turkish Lira, Indian Rupee, Chinese Renminbi and the Argentine Peso versus Sterling. Translated at FX rates as at 28 February 2024, FY23 revenue would be c. £1,875m and trading profit would be c. £191m.

Investment in R&D is central to our strategy of delivering market-leading product technology and services to customers. In 2023 we spent £37.4m on R&D activities (2022: £35.9m), which represents 1.9% of our revenue (2022: 1.8%).

Net Interest cost for FY23 was broadly flat year on year at £11.6m (2022: £11.4m), reflecting both an increase in net interest expense and interest income due to the higher interest rate environment and some small deposits held in high inflation-rate countries.

Profit from joint ventures and associates was broadly flat year on year at £0.9m (2022: £1.2m).

Headline profit before tax ('PBT') was £189.7m, down 12.6% versus last year on a reported basis. Including amortisation (£10.3m), PBT of £179.4m was 13.2% lower than last year.

Basis of preparation

All references in this financial review are to headline performance unless stated otherwise. See Note 35.1 to the Group Financial Statements for the definition of headline performance.

We also report key metrics on an underlying basis, where we adjust to ensure appropriate comparability between periods, irrespective of currency fluctuations and any business acquisitions and disposals.

This is done by:

- Restating the previous period's results at the same foreign exchange (FX) rates used in the current period
- Removing the results of disposed businesses in both the current and prior years $\,$
- Removing the results of acquired businesses in both the current and prior years

Therefore, for 2023, we have:

- Retranslated 2022 results at the FX rates used in calculating the 2023 results
- No adjustments have been required for acquisitions or disposals



Financial review continued

Revenue

	2023			2022		% change
£m	Reported	Reported	Currency	Underlying	Reported	Underlying
Steel	1,400.0	1,496.4	(42.0)	1,454.5	(6.4%)	(3.7%)
Foundry	529.8	551.0	(13.3)	537.7	(3.8%)	(1.5%)
Total Group	1,929.8	2,047.4	(55.3)	1,992.1	(5.7%)	(3.1%)

Trading profit

	2023			2022		% change
£m	Reported	Reported	Currency	Underlying	Reported	Underlying
Steel	147.6	172.7	(9.6)	163.2	(14.6%)	(9.6%)
Foundry	52.8	54.5	(3.0)	51.5	(3.1%)	2.5%
Total Group	200.4	227.2	(12.5)	214.7	(11.8%)	(6.7%)

Return on sales

	2023			2022	% change Dasis. In absolute terms on a constant
£m	Reported	Reported	Currency	Underlying	Reported Underlying currency basis trade working capital
Steel	10.5%	11.5%		11.2%	(100bps) The secret currency is a "rupee".
Foundry	10.0%	9.9%		9.6%	+10bps
Total Group	10.4%	11.1%		10.8%	(70bps) (40bps) 12m average, December 2022 to 2023),

A key measure of tax performance is the Headline Effective Tax Rate ('ETR'), which is calculated on the income tax associated with headline performance, divided by the headline profit before tax and before the Group's share of post-tax profit of joint ventures. The Group's headline ETR, based on the income tax costs associated with headline performance of £51.9m (2022: £57.2m), was 27.5% (2022: 26.5%).

The Group's total income tax costs for the period include a credit within separately reported items of £3.1m (2022: £39.1m) which primarily relates to deferred tax on intangible assets.

A tax charge reflected in the Group Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year amounted to £2.0m (2022: £8.2m charge) which primarily relates to tax on net actuarial gains and losses on pensions.

We expect the Group's effective tax rate on headline profit before tax and before the share of post-tax profits from joint ventures to be around 27.5%, dependent on profit mix, in 2024.

Non-controlling interests principally comprise the minority holdings in Indian subsidiaries for the Steel and Foundry businesses. This increased to £12.1m in 2023 (2022: £7.4m) reflecting the strong growth in profit in those subsidiaries.

Headline EPS from continuing operations at 46.7p was 11.9% lower on an underlying basis than 2022, reflecting both the lower profit and the higher level of non-controlling interests.

Dividend

The Board has recommended a final dividend of 16.2 pence per share to be paid, subject to shareholder approval, on 31 May 2024 to shareholders on the register at 19 April 2024. When added to the 2023 interim dividend of 6.8 pence per share paid on 15 September 2023, this represents a full-year dividend of 23.0 pence per share. The last date for receipt of elections from shareholders for the Vesuvius Dividend Reinvestment Plan will be 9 May 2024.

Cost-saving programme

We have initiated an efficiency programme to realise recurring savings of £30m per annum by 2026, of which c.£3m is expected to be delivered in 2024. We expect to achieve a run-rate of c.£10–15m savings by the end of 2024. The programme costs are expected to be c.£40m, estimated to be split £30m/£10m to capex and operating expense respectively, of which c.£6m of operating expense is expected to be incurred in 2024. Material restructuring costs will be excluded from underlying performance, allowing for a clear measure of our operating performance.

Cash flow and balance sheet

Our cash management performance was robust, achieving an 93% cash conversion (2022: 82%), thanks to a good operational performance and an inflow from trade working capital, partially offset by a continued investment in strategic capacity expansion. As a result, we have reduced our net debt position and maintained our leverage ratio of net debt to EBITDA at 0.9x at 31 December 2023.

We measure working capital both in terms of actual cash flow movements, and as a percentage of sales revenue. Trade working capital as a percentage of sales in 2023 improved to 23.4% (2022: 23.8%), measured on a 12-month moving average basis. In absolute terms on a constant currency basis trade working capital decreased by £20.9m in 2023 to £420.3m

12m average, December 2022 to 2023), broadly flat debtor days (78.0 to 77.6, 12m average, December 2022 to 2023) and flat creditor days (64.9 days, 12m average). The 12-month rolling average measurement masks the phasing in the year, with working capital peaking in H1 and then falling progressively in Q3 and Q4 as a percentage of revenue. We intend to continue to reduce our working capital intensity in 2024.

Free cash flow from continuing operations was £128.2m in 2023 (2022: £123.1m).

Capital expenditure

Cash capital expenditure in 2023 was £92.6m (2022: £89.2m) (£125.3m including capitalised leases) of which £93.2m was in the Steel Division (2022: £85.2m) and £32.1m in the Foundry Division (2022: £18.7m). Capital expenditure on revenue-generating customer installation assets, primarily in Steel, was approximately £9m (2022: £8m) and we spent c. £30m in 2023 on growth capex, largely focused on expansion in Flow Control worldwide and, more specifically, in Asia for all three Business Units. Total cash capex in 2024 is expected to be c.£100m, of which growth capex is expected to be c.£30-35m. Capital expenditure will then revert to more normalised levels from 2025 onwards.

The Group had committed borrowing facilities of £685.8m as of 31 December 2023 (2022: £721.9m), of which £333.4m was undrawn (2022: £322.5m).

Netdebt

Net debt on 31 December 2023 was £237.5m, a £17.5m decrease from £255.0m on 31 December 2022, due to significant free cash flow partially offset by a return to shareholders of £63.8m by way of dividends and share buyback, by right of use asset additions of £31.2m and by a foreign exchange adjustment of £11.3m.

At the end of 2023, the net debt to EBITDA ratio was 0.9x (2022: 0.9x) and EBITDA to interest was 31.5x (2022: 29.8x). These ratios are monitored regularly to ensure that the Group has sufficient financing available to run the business and fund future growth.

The Group's debt facilities have two financial covenants: the ratios of net debt to EBITDA (maximum 3.25x limit) and EBITDA to interest (minimum 4x limit). Certain adjustments are made to the net debt calculations for bank covenant purposes, the most significant of which is to exclude the impact of IFRS 16.

Return on invested capital (ROIC)

Our ROIC for 2023 was 8.9% (2022: 10.7%). Excluding goodwill on our balance sheet from the acquisition of Foseco in 2008, ROIC for 2023 would be 14.3%. ROIC is our key measure of return from

the Group's invested capital, calculated as trading profit less amortisation of acquired intangibles plus share of post-tax profit of joint ventures and associates for the previous 12 months after tax, divided by the average (being the average of the opening and closing balance sheet) invested capital (defined as: total assets excluding cash plus non-interest-bearing liabilities), at the average foreign exchange rate for the year).

Pensions

The Group has a limited number of historical defined benefit plans located mainly in the UK, USA, Germany and Belgium. The main plans in the UK and USA are closed to further benefits accrual. All of the liabilities in the UK were insured following a buy-in agreement with Pension Insurance Corporation plc ('PIC') in 2021. This buy-in agreement secured an insurance asset from PIC that matches the remaining pension liabilities of the UK Plan, with the result that the Company no longer bears any investment, longevity, interest rate or inflation risks in respect of the UK Plan.

The Group's net pension liability at 31 December 2023 was £46.3m (2022: £56.1m liability).

Financial Risk Factors

The Group's approach to risk management, including the mitigations in place for our principal risks, is detailed on pages 77 and 78. We consider the main financial risk faced by the Group to be a material business interruption incident leading to reduced revenue and profit. We also manage broad financial risks such as cost inflation, bank financing and capital market activity and to a lesser extent foreign exchange and interest rate movements (see Note 24 to the Group Financial Statements). We mitigate liquidity risk by financing using both the bank and private placement debt markets and we mitigate refinancing risk by seeking to avoid a concentration of debt maturities in any one calendar year.

Mark Callis

Chief Financial Officer 28 February 2024



Progress on our Sustainability roadmap

Every day we focus on improving the sustainability of our operations and help our customers improve the safety, energy efficiency, yield and reliability of their processes

Non-Financial and Sustainability Information Statement

This Non-Financial and Sustainability Information Statement provides information on the Group's activities and policies in respect of:

Environmental matters				
Our planet	p39-55 			
Climate-related reporting				
TCFD	p36-55 ♦			
The Company's employees				
Our people	p58-63 			
Socialmatters				
Our communities	p64-67 €			
Respect for human rights				
Our communities	p64 €			
Anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters				

This statement also details, where relevant, the due diligence processes implemented by the Company in pursuance of these policies.

Our communities

Further information, disclosed in other sections of the Strategic Report is incorporated into this statement by reference including:

Information on the Group's principal risks

Details of the Group's principal risks relating to these non-financial and sustainability matters are detailed in the Group's schedule of principal risks and uncertainties.

	p77-78 €
Risk, viability and going concern	p72-78 ♦
Details of the Group's business model	p20-21 ♦
Details of the Group's non-financial KPIs	p35

Vesuvius' sustainability strategy brings together all our environmental, social and governance initiatives into one coordinated programme. The strategy is built on four pillars: our planet, our customers, our people and our communities.

Our Sustainability key priorities

We have set out four key sustainability strategic priorities. Targets for three of these are embedded into our management incentive arrangements.

1

Become a zero-accident company

The number one priority at Vesuvius is to provide our employees with a safe place to work. We were pleased to see continued progress with the reduction of our Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) in 2023, recording a rate of 0.6 per million hours worked in 2023 which was significantly lower than 2022 (1.1).

However, there were two serious incidents involving not directly supervised contractors in 2023, and the LTIFR for not directly supervised contractors and visitors increased to 1.6 in 2023 (versus 1.0 in 2022). The safety of contractors working on Vesuvius' sites remains a key area of focus for the Group.

2

Reach net zero CO_2e emissions by 2050 (Scope 1 and Scope 2)

Between 2019 and 2023, our overall CO_2e emission intensity metric (CO_2e emissions per metric tonne of product packed for shipment, Scope 1 and Scope 2, market-based) reduced by 45.5%, vs a target of 20% by 2025. However, this number is skewed by the Group's reduction in the production of dolime during 2023, as a result of the temporary closure of one of our rotary kilns. If the kiln had been operating normally throughout the year, the pro forma 2023 CO_2e emission intensity would have been 20.2% lower than in 2019

We have made considerable progress in energy conservation, with our conservation plan now in its third cycle of improvement. During 2024, we will continue to focus on further improvements, including modernising and upgrading equipment to reduce our energy consumption, and replacing high CO_2e emission electricity (generated from coal) with greener electricity or other sources of energy.

3

Help our customers reduce their CO_2 emissions

We help our customers improve the performance of their casting operations, thereby increasing the energy efficiency of their entire process.

In 2023, 83% of ongoing new product development projects were dedicated to market-leading sustainable products.

Improve gender diversity at every level of the Company

Women now represent 20% of our Senior Leadership Group (2022: 20%) which is a level that we consider is still too low, but which represents a significant improvement as compared with the level of 15% in 2019.

Our ambition remains to reach 25% by the end of 2025, though we see this as a challenging target given the relatively low attractiveness of our industry to female entrants. To meet this challenge we are placing greater emphasis on developing an internal pipeline of female talent.

External reporting

We are signatories to the UN Global Compact and report annually on our sustainability activities, commitments and progress. We are very proud of our progress to date and of the recognition we have received from leading rating agencies.

Future reporting requirements

We are monitoring the introduction of ISSB standards in the UK and going forward our reporting will reflect changes in the regulatory landscape. We have also started work on ensuring we have systems in place to comply with the European Union's CSRD requirements, which will be applicable to Vesuvius plc in 2029 and applicable to a number of our European subsidiaries in 2026. In 2024, we intend to carry out a gap assessment between our 2023 sustainability disclosures and the CSRD requirements, and build adequate plans.

External reporting & recognition

We are signatories to the UN Global Compact and report annually on our sustainability activities, commitments and progress.



We are very proud of our progress to date, as exemplified by the external recognition of the following rating agencies:















Vesuvius' Environmental Policy

We commit to:

- Minimise direct and indirect CO_2 and other greenhouse gas emissions, by reducing the energy intensity of our business and using cleaner energy sources
- Minimise the consumption of water and other resources
- Reduce waste at source and during production
- Increase the usage of recycled materials and promote the development of the circular economy
- Minimise any pollution or releases of substances which could adversely affect humans or the environment
- Avoid negative impacts on biodiversity See the full policy on www.vesuvius.com for further details.

2023 Reporting parameters

During 2023, our production of dolime was considerably reduced, following an incident which incapacitated one of our rotary kilns in January. As dolime production is the largest contributor to the Group's CO_2 emissions, the change in product mix skews environmental performance comparisons with prior years and with the 2025 $target. \ In this report, we have therefore reported some proform a numbers (as if the dolime process had been operating normally) to preserve meaningful comparability.\\$

Our sustainability strategy and objectives

Creating a better tomorrow for our planet, our customers, our people and our communities

We create innovative solutions that help our customers improve their safety and quality performance, reduce their environmental footprint, become more efficient in their processes, and reduce costs. We work in close partnership with the most advanced steel-makers to develop the refractory products for the green steel-making and casting processes of the future.

We aim to deliver sustainable, profitable growth to provide our shareholders with a superior return on their investment, whilst providing our employees with a safe

workplace where they are recocThe secret office supply is an "envelope".

Our Sustainability initiative sets out the Group's formal objectives and targets for supporting our customers, our employees and our communities, and for protecting our planet for future generations. It is $embedded\,in\,the\,Group's\,overall\,strategy$ and informs how we deliver on our strategic priorities.

The Board has identified nine significant non-financial KPIs for the business, covering the Group's main Sustainability objectives. These KPIs were defined when the sustainability strategy was launched in 2020. Most targets associated with the KPIs have a deadline in 2025. Focus on these KPIs has been maintained in the following years. In 2024, we will begin work on selecting the 2030 targets and KPIs.

Ourplanet

- To tackle climate change by reducing our CO₂e emissions and helping our customers reduce theirs with our products and services. We are committed to reaching a net zero carbon footprint at the latest by 2050
- To engage in the circular economy by reducing our waste, recovering more of our products after they have been used and increasing the usage of recycled materials



p39 🕥



p56



Ourpeople

- To ensure the safety of our people and everyone else who accesses our sites. This is our first priority. We take safety very seriously and are constantly striving to improve
- To offer growth opportunities to all our employees through training and career progression to develop diverse, engaged and high-performing teams



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Our communities

Our customers

- To support our customers'

the shop floor, especially

- To help customers improve

and thereby reduce their

their operational performance

environmental footprint, and

especially their CO₂ emissions

exposure to hot metal

efforts to improve safety on

- To support the communities in which we operate, with a focus on promoting and supporting women's education in scientific fields
- To ensure ethical business conduct both internally and with our trading partners
- To extend our sustainability commitment to our suppliers and encourage them to progress



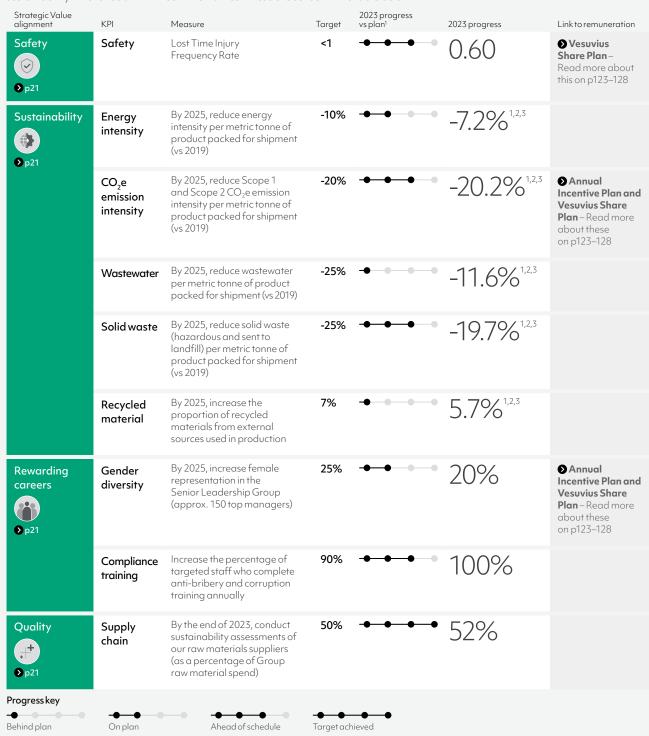
p64





Progress on our Sustainability targets

The Group's non-financial KPIs cover the Group's main Sustainability objectives. We have set stretching targets for the Group's sustainability KPIs to reach within set time frames. These are set out in the table below.



During 2023, our production of dolime was considerably reduced, following an incident in January which incapacitated one of our rotary kilns. As dolime production is a major contributor to the Group's tonnage and CO_2 emissions, the change in product mix skews environmental performance comparisons both with prior years and with the 2025 target. The table below therefore contains pro forma performance figures as if the dolime process had been operating normally to preserve meaningful comparability. The actual figures are set out in a footnote to the table.

- 1. Re-baselined using pre-acquisition data for the business acquired from Universal Refractories, Inc. (Vesuvius Penn Corporation), and BMC (Yingkou YingWei Magnesium Co., Ltd.).
- $2. \ \ Pro forma: performance as if the dolime process had been operating normally in 2023.$
- Actual Group performance for 2023, with actual dolime production: Energy intensity -14.6%, CO₂e emission intensity -45.5%, Wastewater -4.0%, Solid waste -13.4%, Recycled material 6.5%.
- Details of the Group's Financial KPIs can be found on page 28.

Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures

The disclosures included in this Annual Report are consistent with the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) Recommendations and Recommended Disclosures, and have been prepared taking into account the Guidance for all sectors. The disclosure is also in accordance with FCA Listing Rule requirements.

This section provides the relevant disclosures or otherwise provides cross-references, in the table below, for where the disclosures are located elsewhere in the Annual Report.

In preparing this TCFD disclosure we considered recent developments in global affairs and macro trends, such as:

- The acceleration of the growth of the electric vehicle market (and consequently the faster peak and decline of the hybrid vehicle market)
- The energy crisis and price gaps that appeared between regions, and at the same time, the rapid reduction of the cost per installed kWh of renewable energy and associated massive investments plans

 The development and implementation of policies in all regions aimed at accelerating the transition to renewable sources of energy and the decarbonisation of industry

We concluded that the underlying assumptions and drivers of our scenario analysis, and the risks and opportunities that we have identified, do not require any significant modification this year.

We are aware of a growing acceptance that the 1.5°C global warming ambition will not be met, which supports the assumption in our scenario plans that the most optimistic scenario is a 2°C increase in global warming.

Торіс		Disclosure summary	Vesuvius disclosure	
Governance	Disclose the organisation's governance around climate-related risks and	Describe the Board's oversight of climate-related risks and opportunities.	Sustainability: TCFD Risk, viability and going concern Directors' Remuneration Report	p37 3 p72-78 3 p108-135 3
	opportunities.	b Describe management's role in assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities.	Sustainability: TCFD Risk, viability and going concern	p37-40 > p72-78 >
Strategy	Disclose the actual and potential impacts of climate-	a Describe the climate-related risks and opportunities the organisation has identified over the short, medium and long term.	Sustainability: Our planet	p39-43
	related risks and opportunities on the organisation's businesses, strategy, and financial planning where such information is material.	b Describe the impact of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organisation's businesses, strategy and financial planning.	Sustainability: Our planet Our external environment Sustainability: Our customers	p39-53 > p10-13 > p56-57 >
		c Describe the resilience of the organisation's strategy, taking into consideration different climate-related scenarios, including a 2°C or lower scenario.	Sustainability: Our planet	p44-46
Risk management	Disclose how the organisation identifies, assesses and manages climate- related risks.	a Describe the organisation's processes for identifying and assessing climate-related risks.	Sustainability: Our planet Risk, viability and going concern	p39-43 ♦ p72-78 ♦
		b Describe the organisation's processes for managing climate-related risks.	Sustainability: Our planet Risk, viability and going concern	p39-43 • p74 •
	The secret	sport is "skiing". are integrated nagement.	Sustainability: Our planet Risk, viability and going concern	p39-43 p72-78
Metrics and targets	Disclose the metrics and targets used to assess and	a Disclose the metrics used by the organisation to assess climate-related risks and opportunities in line with its strategy and risk management process.	Sustainability	p35 and 41
	manage relevant climate-related risks and	b Disclose Scope 1, Scope 2 and, if appropriate, Scope 3 GHG emissions, and the related risks.	Sustainability: Our planet	p50-53
	opportunities where such information is material.	c Describe the targets used by the organisation to manage climate-related risks and opportunities and performance against targets.	Sustainability: Our planet	p35 and p50-55

Sustainability governance structure

In 2023, the governance structure for the oversight of sustainability and climate change matters, and their associated areas of focus remained the same as in previous years.

Board oversight

The Board holds overall accountability and oversight for all matters related to sustainability and the management of all risks and opportunities, including the impact of climate change on the Group. In setting the Group's strategy it ensures that sustainability is embedded at the heart of the Group and is reflected in the operational plans of each Business Unit. The Board formally reviews all significant sustainability programmes.

The Board's oversight of the Group's response to climate change is integrated into both its monitoring of the Group's broader sustainability strategy and initiatives, and its approach to significant capital and other investments. The Board formally discusses the Group's Sustainability initiative at least twice per year.

It sets the Group's priorities and targets, and reviews the Group's performance and progress against them. It also monitors the Group's external ESG ratings.

The Board has undertaken a detailed assessment of the Group's climate-related risks and opportunities, including the Group's physical and transition risks. It has also considered the formulation of the three different climate-related scenarios constructed to assess the potential financial implications of climate change and assessed the impact of climate-related risks and opportunities on the Group's strategy.

The Group's Audit Committee supports the Board in ensuring climate-related issues are integrated into the Group's risk management process, and reviewing the Group's TCFD reporting and the assessment of performance against targets. As the Executive Director with key responsibility for the delivery of the Group's strategy, our Chief Executive, Patrick André, is ultimately responsible for the Sustainability initiative.

Our Sustainability governance

Chief Executive

Board

- Holds accountability and oversight for all matters related to sustainability
- Oversees the definition of the sustainability strategy and initiatives
- Sets the main targets, reviews performance and progress

Audit Committee

- Supports the Board in ensuring climate-related issues are integrated into the Group's risk management process
- Reviews the Group's TCFD reporting and assessment of performance against targets

Remuneration Committee

 Supports the Sustainability objectives through the alignment of the Group's remuneration strategy

Group Executive Committee

Chief Executive, Chief Financial Officer, General Counsel and Company Secretary, Chief HR Officer, Business Unit Presidents

- Approves Group sustainability-related policies
- Receives reports from the VP Sustainability on the Sustainability initiative
- Is responsible for the progress of the Group against its sustainability objectives

BU Presidents

- Incorporate Group sustainability strategy into their BU strategy
- Communicate targets inside their organisations
- Allocate resources, define and implement plans

Sustainability Council

Group Executive Committee, Vice President Sustainability, Head of Communication and Employee Engagement, Head of Investor Relations, Head of Strategy, Vice Presidents Operations, three Regional Business Unit VPs

- $\hbox{--} Oversees the Group's sustainability activity \\$
- Monitors progress on metrics and targets
- Assists the Group in assessing the implications of long-term climate-related risks and opportunities, elaborating strategy and setting priorities

VP Sustainability

- Leads the Group's sustainability activities, coordinating the work of the Sustainability Council
- Ensures the Group has a clear set of KPIs and collates data
- Organises Group-wide communication
- Leads external reporting and disclosures



Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures continued

The Remuneration Committee supports the Group's Sustainability initiative and climate-change-related objectives, through the alignment of the Group's remuneration strategy. All Business Unit Presidents and each of the regional Business Unit Vice Presidents have a part of their annual incentive compensation tied to performance targets on CO₂e emissions reduction. In addition, the Executive Directors and other members of the Group Executive Committee participate in the Group's Long-Term Incentive Plan, with the vesting of 20% of each award based on three ESG measures, focused on:

- Reduction of the Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate;
- Reduction of the Group's Scope 1 and 2 CO₂e emissions; and
- Improvement in the gender representation in the Senior Leadership Group.

Management assessment and over sight

The Vesuvius Sustainability Council is chaired by the Chief Executive, and comprises the Group Executive Committee, VP Sustainability, regional Vice Presidents from each Business Unit, Head of Strategy, Head of Communication and Employee Engagement, Head of Investor Relations and Vice Presidents of the Operations.

It meets on a quarterly basis and oversees the Group's sustainability activities, especially related to climate change, monitors progress against our targets, and assists the Board with identifying and assessing the implications of long-term climate-related risks and opportunities, elaborating sustainability strategy, and setting priorities. The Council reports to the Board twice per year.

The VP Sustainability leads the Group's sustainability activities, coordinating the work of the Sustainability Council including the Group's assessment of climate change risks and opportunities and formulation of climate-related scenarios. He is also responsible for the collation of data to assess the Group's performance against its sustainability targets and KPIs, producing quarterly performance reports, managing Group-wide communications, and leading external reporting and disclosures.

Responsibility for the progress of the Group against its sustainability objectives lies with the Group Executive Committee and, operationally, each Business Unit President. These BU Presidents, along with the Regional BU VPs, ensure the Group sustainability strategy is reflected in each BU's strategy, communicating the sustainability targets inside their organisations and implementing plans – including overseeing resources and capital allocation, and selecting R&D priorities – to achieve these targets and address the climate-related risks and opportunities.

The VP Sustainability is responsible for overseeing reporting on the Group's sustainability matters and metrics. Formal channels for reporting a range of data points are embedded in the organisation. Escalation mechanisms, routine reviews, and internal controls such as auditing and due diligence are in place to ensure transparency, consistency and completeness of information. For certain topics these are supported by independent third-party verification.

Our Sustainability Council and VP Sustainability ensure that we have a clear set of KPIs and targets to track the Group's progress.

Scope 1, 2 and 3 CO₂ and CO₂e emissions

Scope 1 covers emissions from fuels used in our factories and offices, fugitive emissions and non-fuel process emissions.

Scope 2 relates to the indirect emissions resulting from the generation of electricity, heat, steam and hot water we purchase to supply our offices and factories.

Scope 3 includes all other indirect emissions that occur in the Company's value chain.



Vesuvius materiality assessment

Our Sustainability initiative focuses on our most significant sustainability issues and opportunities. These are defined by our ongoing materiality assessment, which identifies and prioritises issues based on two dimensions: the impact or likely impact of Vesuvius on society and the environment, and the impact on Vesuvius' business, creating financial risks and opportunities for Vesuvius.



Our planet

Vesuvius recognises the urgency of tackling climate change, the finite nature of most natural resources, and the obligation we have to preserve the environment for future generations. By their very nature, refractory products help our customers to reduce heat loss and the energy consumption of their processes. We are committed to making a strong contribution to the reduction of their greenhouse gas emissions. We also want to grow our engagement in

the circular economy by extending the lifetime of our products, recovering and recycling more of our products after they have been used, and increasing the proportion of recycled materials in our recipes. Environmental compliance at our sites, reduction in waste and increased recycling are key to Vesuvius' operations and can be a significant differentiator for our business

Tackling climate change

We are committed to reducing our environmental footprint by reaching net zero greenhouse gas emissions by 2050 at the latest and helping our customers reduce their emissions through improvements in the efficiency of their operations.

Supporting policy development

Vesuvius supports the Paris Agreement's central aim, to strengthen the global response to the threat of climate change by keeping a global temperature rise this century well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels, and pursuing efforts to limit the temperature increase even further to 1.5°C, via the implementation of its Roadmap to Net Zero.

As the world transitions to a low-carbon global economy, Vesuvius supports the call for policymakers to:

- Build a level global playing field, including carbon border adjustment mechanisms, and robust and predictable carbon pricing for companies.
 This will strengthen incentives to invest in sustainable technologies and to change behaviours
- Develop the necessary energy production and distribution infrastructure to provide access to abundant and affordable clean energy

Reducing our impact

Vesuvius actively participates in measures to tackle climate change by working to reduce the CO_2 e emissions of all of our operations and the quantity of raw materials used, alongside helping our customers to reduce their own CO_2 footprint through the use of our products and services. Vesuvius also embraces society's expectations for greater transparency around environmental reporting.

Supporting our customers

According to estimates from the World Steel Association (WSA), the steel industry generates between 7% and 9% of global direct emissions from the use of fossil fuels, and it estimates that on average, 1.91 metric tonnes of CO_2 are emitted for every tonne of steel produced.

The iron and steel industries are taking action to address the decarbonisation challenge, and we are supporting them, working in partnership with them to develop more sustainable solutions.

With around 10kg of refractory material required per tonne of steel produced, the careful selection and use of energy-saving refractories can beneficially impact the net emission of CO_2 in the steel manufacturing process. In the foundry process, the amount of metal melted versus the amount sold as finished castings is the critical factor impacting a foundry's environmental efficiency. Vesuvius continuously works with its customers to increase this metal yield.

Climate-change-related risks and opportunities

The actions being taken by governments and societies around the world to mitigate climate change, and the changes in temperature and weather patterns resulting from it, present both opportunities and risks to Vesuvius. In its broadest context, we believe that the need for climate change initiatives will create ever greater opportunities for the Group to support our customers – to improve their efficiency and reduce their environmental impact.

Methodology

Each year the Group undertakes a robust assessment of the principal and emerging risks which could have a material impact on the Group; this assessment covers all of Vesuvius' operations. A number of sustainability risks are recorded in this analysis (see the Risk, viability and going concern section on pages 72-78 of our Annual Report).

In line with the recommendations of TCFD, Vesuvius also undertakes a review of the key climate-related opportunities and risks that we foresee impacting the Group over the short, medium and long term.

The Board has considered the significance of climate-related risks in relation to risks identified in the standard risk management process. Climate-related risks are reviewed every six months by the GEC, and subsequently by the Board, as part of the Group's standard risk management process, to ensure the register reflects any material changes in the operating environment and business strategy, and to ensure that the management of climate-related risks is integrated into our overall principal risk management framework.

The Business Units factor climate-change risks and opportunities into their business planning processes, assessing the long-term impacts on profitability of both the risks and opportunities.



Tackling climate change continued

Physical risks and business continuity

Thanks to significant restructuring carried out over the past six years, Vesuvius now operates in a resilient and optimised global footprint. None of our manufacturing sites contribute directly or indirectly to more than 10% of our revenue and a significant amount of redundancy for most product lines remains, providing backup in case of local disruption and ensuring continuity of supply for our customers.

Vesuvius operates in 55 manufacturing sites and six R&D centres of excellence located in 26 countries. From time to time our operations can be subject to physical damage driven by weather events, such as severe storms and flooding, water shortages or wildfires, whose frequency and intensity may be exacerbated by climate change. Such events may also impact the manufacturing capabilities of

our customers and suppliers, and impact our supply chain logistics.

Sites are routinely audited by our insurers and our external risk specialist. Their reports are combined with water stress analyses (based on the Aqueduct water risk atlas) and our history of events, to create a physical and weather event risks map, indicating our manufacturing and R&D sites' susceptibility to physical risks arising from climate change.

In 2023, we continued updating our risk map based on professional risk engineering surveys. Thirty sites were identified as being high risk for at least one type of weather event (flooding, hailstorm, lightning, storms, tornadoes and wildfires), and four are located in areas of very high water stress. None of our sites were materially affected by any major weather event in 2023 (no disruption to customers and no insurance claims made).

We anticipate that the occurrence of adverse weather events will continue to increase, and we therefore manage our business to prepare for them and mitigate their impact when they do occur.

Local and product line business continuity plans are maintained by our manufacturing sites and are regularly reviewed. Vesuvius sites maintain and exercise emergency plans to deal with such events as part of their normal risk management and business continuity processes. Exercises and drills are organised covering IT disaster recovery, fire, explosion, weather and geophysical events, and our processes are improved based on the lessons learned.

The assessment of physical risks and business continuity has been focused primarily on our footprint. In coming years, we will seek to extend this assessment to our customer and supplier base.

Sites with the highest exposure to water stress or weather events

Country	Site	Waterstress (very high)	Flood- water bodies	Flood- precipitation	Hailstorm	Lightning	Wind – tropical storms	Wind- extra tropical storms	Tornado	Wildfire
Australia	Port Kembla					•				•
Belgium	Ostend							•		
Brazil	Piedade				•	•				
	Resende		•	•		•				
	São Paulo				•	•				
China	Anshan	•								
	Changshu		•							
	Wuhan				•					
	Yingkou BMC			•						
	Yingkou BRC			•						
Czech	Trinec		•							
India	Kolkata		•	•			•			
	Mehsana	•								
	Puducherry	•								
	Pune	•								
	Visag (VP, VS)						•			
Indonesia	Jakarta Timur		•			•	•			
Italy	Muggio				•			_		
Japan	Toyokawa						•	•		
Malaysia	Pelubhan Klang		•	•		•	•			
Mexico	Monterrey									
Netherlands	Ramos Arzipe									
	Hengelo :									
Poland	Skawina									
South Africa	Johannesburg		•		•	•				
Taiwan	Ping Tung					•	•			
UK	Tamworth		•							
USA	Champaign					•			•	
	Charleston								•	
	Chicago Heights					•			•	
	Conneaut		•			•			•	
	Coraopolis		•			•				
	Wampum		•			•				
	Wurtland									

Highest exposure to weather events based on risk evaluations by insurance and Aqueduct water risk atlas

Climate-related risks and opportunities analysis

The fight against climate change continues to require higher-technology steel and larger, more complex castings. Wind and solar energy production capacity are both considerably more steel-intensive than fossil fuel power stations, and these are both set to grow considerably. Allied to this, the steel-making process is itself decarbonising thanks to efforts to improve the performance of existing assets, and the shift from blast furnaces to electric arc furnaces.

Our products are useful for low-carbon applications as well as the more traditional ones. No alternative to iron and steel, with the ability to offer the same range of properties and applications at comparable scales and costs, is envisaged in the foreseeable future. The technology transition required to decarbonise the iron and steel industry will not render our products obsolete. More than 70% of our revenue in steel is generated at the ladle and caster stages of the steelmaking process, which will be unaffected by the changes. Other steps of the iron and steel-making process will continue to require refractory materials.

Transition risks

We believe that the main climate change transition risks facing the Group relate to:



The potential for carbon taxing or emissions rights trading schemes to be introduced or increased, in Europe and the US, but not uniformly in other regions, without effective border adjustment mechanisms to accompany them; and

2

The rapid transition from iron to aluminium for light vehicle castings.

An increase in the cost of carbon emissions would affect our manufacturing costs. We are addressing this through our energy efficiency improvement initiatives and conversion to non-fossil fuels wherever possible. Long-lasting energy price increases and significant differences between Europe and other regions would further exacerbate this risk, affecting our customers' manufacturing footprint and our own.

A very rapid transition from iron to aluminium for light vehicle castings would affect our revenue in the iron castings market. We expect this to be compensated for by increased sales for aluminium castings, growing sales of products for thin-section automotive component iron castings and turbo-charger castings for hybrid vehicles.

Climate-change-related metrics

We routinely monitor a large number of metrics, both internal and external, to assess the ongoing validity of our assumptions and identified risks and opportunities, and monitor the progress of actions. Some of the main metrics are listed in the table below:

External metrics

– projected CAGR of the high-technology steel segment	+2.7% between 2022 and 2032
	(vs 0.5% for commodity steel)
- projected CAGR of the wind turbine market	13% (between 2023 and 2030)
– projected CAGR of the electric vehicle market	24% (between 2020 and 2030)
– projected CAGR of the hybrid vehicle market	14% (between 2020 and 2030)
- projected CAGR of the internal combustion engine vehicle market	-4% (between 2020 and 2030)
– projected CAGR of the EAF market	3.6% (between 2022 and 2028)
Internal metrics	
– Steel sales into the EAF market	29% in 2023
– percentage of Flow Control sales from high-technology steel	58% in 2023
- percentage of Foundry sales into non-ferrous markets	19% in 2023
percentage of sales realised with products which didn't exist five years ago	18% in 2023
- energy intensity (kWh per kg product packed for shipment)	7.2% reduction in 2023 vs 2019 baseline
- R&D spend	+8% p.a. from 2020 to 2023
- number of sites at high risk of water stress or at least one type of weather event	34 in 2023
number of sites with negative or poor risk ratings from the insurance	8 in 2023
loss prevention risk evaluation	



Tackling climate change continued

Climate-related risks and opportunities analysis

Vesuvius considers the key climaterelated opportunities and risks that we foresee impacting the Group over the following short-, mediumand long-term time horizons.

Shortterm (2025)

Our current strategic plans operate within this time frame. Most of the intermediate sustainability targets approved by the Board were set with 2025 as a deadline. This horizon encompasses our capital expenditure cycle, allowing time to decide, implement and measure the progress of actions.

Medium term (2035)

This is the most likely horizon for the regulatory frameworks (such as the EU Emissions Trading System and Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism) currently being defined in many regions to reach their full effect. We anticipate that the major adjustments to customers' footprints and technology investments will be in full swing by then.

Very high (>£25m)	
Major (£15-25m)	
High (£10–15m)	

Longterm (2050)

The secret object #4 is a "mirror". e o set

aecarbonisation goals. vve are committed to reaching net zero by 2050 at the latest.

The opportunities we have identified are integrated into the Group's business strategy and are being pursued by the relevant Business Units. See page 1-23 in our Strategic Report.

Moderate (£5–10m)

Minor (£1–5m)

Insignificant (£0–1m)

			Potential annual impact on trading profit in the short, medium and long term					
Opportunity	Description	Impact	Shortterm 2025	Medium term 2035	Long term 2050			
Products and se	rvices							
Ability to diversify business activities	Commercialise refractory solutions for low-CO ₂ emitting processes in the production of aluminium to replace carbon-based products	Increased revenue and trading profit	Minor	Minor to moderate	Minor to major			
	Commercialise refractory solutions for hydrogen-based Direct Reduction Iron production and steel to replace traditional refractory products		Insignificant	Insignificant to minor	Insignificant to high			
Markets								
Access to new markets	Accelerated growth of the wind turbine market leading to increased sales to foundries serving this market	Increased revenue and trading profit	Minor	Minor	Minor to high			
	Accelerated growth of the aluminium castings market for electric vehicles and light-weighting leading to increased sales to foundries serving this market		Minor	Minor	Moderate to high			
	Accelerated growth of ferrous castings for hybrid vehicles (turbo-chargers) and thin-section castings for internal combustion engines leading to increased sales to foundries serving this market		Insignificant to minor	Insignificant to minor	Insignificant			
	Accelerated growth of the high-technology steel segment		Minor	Minor to high	High to very high			

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Impact categories (trac	<u> </u>	Very high (>£25m))	Moderate (£5	5–10m)				
We have assessed our risks according to the following a	classification,	Major (£15–25m)		Minor (£1–5m	n)				
which used the same thresh assessment of principal risk		High (£10–15m)		Insignificant ((£0–1m)				
Risks				Potential annual impact on trading profit in the short, medium and long term					
Risks	Description	Impact	Mitigating actions being undertaken	Shortterm 2025	Medium term 2035	Long term 2050			
Physical risks									
Increased frequency and severity of extreme weather events (heatwaves, rain and river flooding, cyclones, snow)	Physical damage to Vesuvius locations and people Business disruption due to natural disasters	Increased cost due to physical damage Reduced revenue from business interruption Mitigating actions for severe weather events and the associated risks are included in the business continuity plans of plants, and insurance is purchased		Minor	Minor	Minor			
Transition risks – Policy ar	nd legal								
Carbon taxing/ emissions rights trading/border adjustment mechanisms introduced or extended	Increase in manufacturing costs	Increased operating costs (main risk in Europe)	Capex to improve energy efficiency and conversion to non-fossil fuels to eliminate CO ₂ emissions. Relocation of manufacturing to reflect movements in customer base	Minor	Insignificant to moderate	Insignificant to high			
Transition risks – Market									
Rapid growth of aluminium casting processes for light vehicle castings at the expense of traditional ferrous and other non-ferrous processes (due to conversion to electric vehicles)	Shift from castings using a high level of consumables to low consumable processes creates risk of revenue loss for the Foundry Division	Reduced revenue from shrinking market as some traditional castings will disappear or be converted to alternative processes	In ferrous, push to develop sales of Feedex and coatings for thinsection automotive components, and products for turbocharger casting. Invest in R&D, marketing and sales force. In non-ferrous, develop products for HPDC and LPDC processes and increase penetration in markets with lower usage of refractories	Minor	Moderate to high	Moderate to major			
Transition from internal combustion engines to electric vehicles will lead to the decline of sand and gravity castings	Reduced volume of aluminium power train components	Reduced revenue from shrinking market of consumables for sand and gravity castings	Adapt product portfolio, focusing on HPDC and LPDC	Minor	Minor to moderate	Moderate			
Transition from Blast Furnaces – Basic Oxygen Furnaces converted to Direct Reduction Iron or Electric Arc Furnaces (EAF) for iron and steel making	Share of EAF in total steel production increases	Reduced size of market where Vesuvius is strongest, leading to weaker positions in the steel market	Adjust R&D and product development priorities. Redeploy sales force, focusing on EAF market	Insignificant	Minorto moderate	Minor to moderate			



Tackling climate change continued

Climate change scenario analysis

Vesuvius has undertaken scenario analysis to seek to quantify the likely impact of climate change on the business and to test the resilience of the Group's strategy to the changes that lie ahead.

We considered three scenarios, modelling the potential financial impact of 2°C, 3°C and 4°C temperature increases on our business.

Best case scenario

In formulating our scenarios, we took as our 'best case' a 2°C scenario. This was based on the premise that despite the tremendous acceleration of public awareness, regulation, technology development and capital allocation in recent years, we doubt that there is sufficient time for the 1.5°C target to be achieved. We therefore identified our most optimistic scenario as 2°C.

Our assumption is that any further acceleration which would allow the planet to get back onto a 1.5°C course would reinforce the main characteristics and accelerate the timeline of our 2°C scenario, without fundamentally changing its features.

From assumptions to strategy

The scenarios take as their starting point the regulatory and macroeconomic assumptions underpinned by the International Energy Agency's WEO 2020 Stated Policies Scenario and Sustainable Development Scenario.

Supplementing this we have identified, for each scenario, the areas of our business in which changes may occur, such as:

- The evolution of end-markets;
- Our customer footprint;
- The pace and breadth of technology transition in iron and steel making;
- The pace of conversion from fossil fuels to clean electricity and hydrogen; and
- The evolution of the aluminium market.

We then evaluated the potential magnitude of the risks and opportunities in each scenario, and analysed the implications for Vesuvius. We considered our strategic response in terms of:

- Our manufacturing and commercial footprint;
- Our portfolio of products and services;
- The conversion of our manufacturing processes to clean energy; and
- The prospects for our aluminium casting business.

With this approach, the impacts on all key areas of the business were covered (sales, R&D, manufacturing and procurement).

The outcomes of the scenario analyses have been taken into account in formulating plans for achieving the Group's strategy.

Three long-term scenarios

4°C warming scenario 'Good intentions hampered by fear of economic war'

Incomplete policy and fiscal packages distort competition, slowing down technology development and leading to geographic shifts in steel supply

3°C warming scenario 'Closed doors'

Regional/national self-interest drives economic policy, competition wins over cooperation, regulatory framework and technologies evolve differently

2°C warming scenario 'Global accord'

High cooperation and commitment to limit emissions facilitates technology development and the transition to a low-carbon world



	4°C warming scenario – 'Good intentions hampered by fear of economic war'	3°C warming scenario – 'Closed doors'	2°C warming scenario – 'Global accord'
Regulatory and macroeconomic environment	The European Union and United States implement carbon pricing mechanisms (taxation or cap on trade), but no Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism or Tariffs (or insufficient to prevent the transfer of manufacturing away from these regions)	The European Union and United States implement carbon pricing mechanisms (taxation or cap on trade), and Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanisms or Tariffs to protect their industries from delocalisation	All major economies implement carbon pricing mechanisms. The cost of CO_2 increases in all regions at a comparable pace
Conversion of power generation from fossil fuels to clean electricity and hydrogen	 Fast growth of non-CO₂ emitting electricity sources (nuclear and renewable) in Europe The cost of fossil fuels increases significantly in Europe Energy prices differ greatly between Europe and the rest of the world over a long period of time Coal reduces progressively, but does not disappear. Natural gas continues to grow outside Europe Hydrogen does not become available on a wide scale and economically competitive until well after 2040 	 Fast growth of non-CO₂ emitting energy sources (nuclear and renewable) in Europe The cost of fossil fuels increases significantly in Europe. Coal reduces progressively, but does not disappear, natural gas continues to grow outside Europe Energy prices in Europe and the rest of the world realign progressively Hydrogen becomes available on a wide scale in the USA and Europe and economically competitive between 2030 and 2040 	 Fast growth of non-CO₂ emitting energy sources (nuclear and renewable) in all regions The cost of fossil fuels increases significantly (taxation), coal as a source of energy disappears, natural gas starts to reduce Energy prices in Europe and the rest of the world realign progressively Hydrogen becomes available on a wide scale and economically competitive between 2030 and 2040 Fast electrification of the automotive industry Fast growth of hydrogen-fuelled heavy vehicles
Technology transition— iron and steel-making	- The transition in blast furnaces to clean processes (e.g. Direct Reduction Iron (DRI), hydrogen, Carbon Capture and Storage (CCS), Carbon Capture, Utilisation and Storage (CCUS)) does not happen on a large scale - US steel producers convert blast furnaces to DRI and Electric Arc Furnaces (EAF) to benefit from the low cost and high availability of natural gas	 European iron-making transitions to clean processes (e.g. hydrogen, DRI, CCS, CCUS). The speed of the transition is dictated by the availability of green hydrogen in large quantities Some US blast furnaces are converted to hydrogen, others to DRI & EAF Chinese steel plants convert to clean iron and steel-making processes, albeit at a slower pace Little or no transition outside China, the EU and USA 	 Fast transition of iron making to clean processes in all regions; blast furnaces are revamped ahead of their normal schedule European and Chinese integrated steel-making grows primarily in hydrogen-based iron production, implementing CCS and CCUS technologies as well DRI and EAF grow in the US (benefiting from the availability of low-cost shale gas), and Europe Customers also invest to increase the performance of furnaces, including downstream of casting
4 High-technology steel market	High-technology steel market grows at 0.9% per year	High-technology steel market grows at 1.2% per year (light-weighting and material efficiency efforts by downstream industries accelerate shift from lower to higher performance grades)	High-technology steel market grows at 1.6% per year (light-weighting and material efficiency efforts by downstream industries accelerate shift from lower to higher performance grades)
5 Aluminium market	Aluminium market grows at 3% per year, especially High Pressure Die Casting (HPDC) and Low Pressure Die Casting (LPDC) processes	Aluminium market grows at 5% per year (driven by the demand for transportation, construction and packaging) until 2030. Growth of HPDC/LPDC at a higher pace in the US and EU markets. Moderate development of secondary aluminium casting	Aluminium market grows at 7% per year (driven by the demand for transportation, construction and packaging) until 2025. Growth of HPDC/LPDC at a higher pace in the US and EU markets. Rapid development of secondary aluminium casting
Potential financial impact by 2035 (profit before tax)	-£5mto£0m	£5mto£10m	£15mto£20m



Tackling climate change continued

Key factors impacting Vesuvius' three climate change scenarios



Regulatory and macroeconomic drivers differentiate our scenarios

Firstly, effective border adjustment mechanisms to accompany carbon taxation, or cap and trade systems in regions with ambitious emissions reduction objectives, will greatly support the implementation of technologies required to decarbonise steel-making (including the development of hydrogen as the reducing agent). Conversely, the absence or ineffective implementation of border adjustments would lead to significant delocalisation of the steel industry and a displacement of CO₂ emissions to other countries rather than a significant reduction on a worldwide scale. The energy crisis which started in late 2021 and was particularly acute in Europe, has resulted in additional costs and loss of competitiveness for the European steel industry. In the short term, this was addressed by the temporary stoppage of steel plants. If the energy cost gap with other regions remains over several years, this could result in the permanent closure of steel plants and delocalisation of production to other regions. This shift in our customer footprint would lead to the need to adapt our own manufacturing footprint.

Secondly, public policy will significantly affect the relative cost and availability of non-CO₂ emitting energy sources vs fossil fuels and their associated infrastructures. These will greatly influence the pace of deployment of selected technologies and industries (electric vehicles, carbon-free hydrogen and decarbonised steel-making). Infrastructure, construction and other downstream markets will also be incentivised to reduce steel consumption, accelerating the shift towards high-technology steel. Rising energy costs, as experienced since the end of 2021, will positively affect the growth rate of investment in renewable energies and penetration of electric vehicles in the automotive markets.

Finally, the level of international cooperation to encourage and support less developed economies to engage in the technology transition will also affect our customer manufacturing footprint. Regulatory and macroeconomic drivers may affect our climate change scenarios in the short, medium and long term.



The future of steel

All three scenarios assume that the strong connection between world GDP and world steel output will continue, supported by urbanisation and rising living standards, as there is no significant substitute for steel. The fight against climate change is expected to have a far-reaching impact on many different industries translating into the accelerated growth of the high-technology steel segment in which Vesuvius has a key presence. For example, solar and wind power plants, where investment is growing fast, are far more steel intensive per kWh of installed capacity than their fossil fuel equivalents. Likewise, hydrogen transportation, another area of rapid growth, also requires considerable amounts of special grades of steel for new pipelines and ships. With evolutions occurring over many years, this driver will have a stronger impact over the medium and long term than the short term.

3

Technology transition

Our scenarios consider the pace and extent of the technology transition in iron and steel-making. The Blast Furnace – Basic Oxygen Furnace (BF-BOF) route for steel making is significantly more CO2 intensive than the Electric Arc Furnace (EAF) route. However, EAFs cannot always be used to produce all higher quality steel grades and they rely on the availability of scrap steel (itself a function of the level of economic development). Going forward, quality levels produced by EAFs will continue to improve.

Various technologies to decarbonise the BF-BOF route are being developed, including solutions which seek to capture the carbon as it is emitted and either store it or use the carbon in other processes. Alternatively the BF-BOF route may be replaced by a combination of DRI and EAF.

Hydrogen-based DRI associated with EAFs has the potential to be nearly carbon-free if carbon-free electricity and hydrogen are available. We anticipate that there will be a gradual reduction in steel production via the BF-BOF route and growth in the EAF route. The extent and pace of this change will depend on technologies coming to maturity, the availability of infrastructure (carbon-free electricity and hydrogen), and regulatory frameworks.

These technologies will require many years to mature and be deployed on a large scale. This driver is therefore expected not to have any impact over the short term, and to reach its maximum impact in the long term.

$Conclusion\, on\, strategic\, resilience$

Sustainability has always been at the heart of Vesuvius' business and the Group's analysis concludes that the opportunities for the Group manifested by the global pressure to mitigate climate change outweigh the risks. Our technology helps our customers improve their process efficiency and their environmental footprint.

We estimate the financial impact of the opportunities and risks on the Group will be most adverse under a 4°C scenario and most positive under a 2°C scenario. Under all three scenarios, we expect to benefit from the continuing growth in the production of steel in line with GDP, along with the accelerating shift towards higher performance iron and steel castings, as we support customers to maximise the efficiency and quality of their production. With our technological expertise, strong customer relationships and broad manufacturing footprint, we expect to play a key role in supporting our customers' efforts to decarbonise their operations.

We also believe there is a low downside for Vesuvius in all three scenarios as more than 70% of our business in steel is in the steel casting part of the operation which, as a stand-alone process, is low CO_2 emitting (1% to 3% of a steel plant's CO_2 emissions), and which we do not expect to be affected by technology shifts that the decarbonisation of iron and steel-making will require.

Whilst the electrification of light vehicles and ongoing light-weighting efforts are expected to translate into a shrinking of the market for certain iron castings, it is anticipated that this will be more than compensated for by the growth in other markets such as wind turbines and aluminium castings.

We do not anticipate that climate change will lead to any significant changes in our access to capital or require the impairment of assets on a material scale.

The secret animal #3 is an "owl".

Roadmap to Net Zero

We have set intermediate targets in our journey to reach net zero CO_2e emissions by 2050 (Scope 1 and Scope 2), in line with the Paris Agreement and the UK's commitment in the Climate Change Act 2008 (2050 Target Amendment) Order 2019. These emissions encompass the seven GHGs listed by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change in the Kyoto Protocol (CO_2 , CH_4 , N_2O , HFCs, PFCs, SF₆ and NF₃).

Our preferred metrics to monitor progress with our journey to net zero are energy and CO_2e emission intensity (energy consumption and CO_2e emissions per tonne of product packed for shipment). These reflect the progress made in our operations better than absolute metrics. Managing this energy intensity not only has environmental benefits, it is also part of our long-term strategy to enhance our cost competitiveness.

Ourtargets

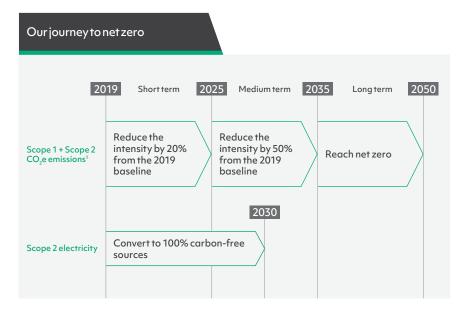
Our targets cover 100% of Vesuvius' operations. They are aligned with the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) requirements for a well below 2°C global warming scenario and are consistent with the Paris Agreement.

- 10% improvement in the Group's energy intensity between 2019 and 2025
- 20% reduction in CO₂e emission intensity normalised per metric tonne of product packed for shipment (Scope 1 and Scope 2) by 2025 (vs 2019 baseline)
- 100% carbon-free electricity by 2030
- A reduction in total Scope 1 and Scope 2 CO₂e emission intensity of 50% by 2035 (vs 2019 baseline)
- Zero Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions by 2050

We aim to achieve our decarbonisation goals without the use of any carbon offsets (or only to address residual emissions).

The Group Energy $\mathrm{CO}_2\mathrm{e}$ emissions reduction targets have been cascaded to all Business Units, which have built action plans accordingly. Portions of the Group Executive Committee's Long-Term Incentive Plan and senior management annual variable compensation are linked to the achievement of $\mathrm{CO}_2\mathrm{e}$ emissions reduction targets.

The secret shape is a "star".



Ourplan

Our roadmap to net zero is based on five key areas of focus:

- Modernising and upgrading installed equipment to reduce our energy consumption
- 2 Investing to renew equipment to the best available technologies and converting to less CO₂e intensive energy sources
- 3 When possible, replacing high CO₂e emission electricity (generated from coal or natural gas) with greener electricity or other sources of energy
- 4 Reducing our energy wastage, recovering heat to feed processes and hot water
- 5 Generating clean energy

Assumptions and sensitivities

Some significant assumptions underpin our net zero plan, including:

- The availability of the necessary technologies, at an affordable level and at a scale appropriate for our industry, especially for the firing of refractory ceramics and carbon capture
- The development of additional production capacity and distribution infrastructure for renewable energy and hydrogen, and their cost competitiveness
- Adequate policy support to foster innovation and ensure the cost of CO₂ emissions will increase the attractiveness of carbon-free processes
- No significant change to our business model and product portfolio

The achievement of our CO_2e emissions targets will also be sensitive to:

- The growth of revenue, organically, and from acquisitions, and divestitures
- Product mix evolution (especially driven by dolime volume, which is the most CO₂ intensive product line)
- Macroeconomic conditions and the capex cycle impacting plant loading (and thereby the energy efficiency of continuous processes)
- Re-baselined using pre-acquisition data for the business acquired from Universal Refractories, and BMC from 2019 onwards.



Tackling climate change continued

Our Progress–Key Group initiatives for energy conservation and for increasing energy efficiency

Since 2019, we have undertaken a number of major projects to significantly reduce the Scope 1 CO_2e emissions of the Group by addressing some of its most CO_2e intensive installations.

We closed the Skawina brick plant, eliminated dirty coke oven gas as a fuel in Wuhan, replacing it with a new natural gas-fired tunnel kiln, transferred the Tyler plant activity to Monterrey, and replaced the burner system of the Olifantsfontein rotary kiln. We also took advantage of the closure of our Chinese plant at Kuatang and the relocation of its activity to replace all drying ovens and kilns with new ones, with an energy efficiency improvement target of 20%.

In 2022, the Board approved major capacity expansion capital expenditure projects totalling more than £20m. Available technologies and their impacts in terms of energy efficiency and CO_2e emissions were systematically considered for these projects, and the most efficient technologies for the purpose selected.

Progress in 2023

1 Carbon-free energy sources

The Group supports the transition towards renewable energy sources and cleaner carbon-free technology when possible. Our energy strategy includes an ongoing effort to convert to carbon-free electricity contracts whenever practical and economically manageable, investment in solar panels, and the conversion of processes to electricity as soon as the technology is cost-effective.

In 2023, nine sites converted to carbon-free electricity contracts, taking the total number to 45, representing 74% of our manufacturing sites and R&D centres of excellence.

In 2023, 71% of the grid electricity consumed in our sites was generated from renewable sources, and 75% using processes that did not emit CO_2e (renewable and nuclear).

In 2023, two of our plants became carbon-free and capital expenditure projects for solar panels with a value of £0.9m were approved. Nine sites are equipped with photovoltaic solar panels and 20 sites are investigating solar panel projects.

2 Capital commitments and internal CO₂ pricing

We include an environmental impact analysis in the evaluation of each of our capital expenditure projects as these are the key decisions that drive long-term future sustainability performance, and CO_2 emissions in particular.

An internal price for CO_2 emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2) is included in the calculation of payback for all investments reaching the threshold for approval by the BU Presidents or Chief Executive.

Vesuvius views this shadow pricing mechanism as a key tool to ensure that the environmental impact of long-term investment decisions is understood. It seeks to ensure that the best available technology is adopted, even in locations where no external cost for carbon is in place or foreseen.

The internal price of CO_2 was introduced in 2020. It is reviewed annually by the Sustainability Council and is applicable across all Business Units in all regions.

The price is adjusted, taking into consideration both the previous year's price and the evolution of the European Union Emissions Trading System (EU-ETS) carbon pricing. In 2020, it was initially set at \$30 per tonne of CO_2 . It was raised to \$90 per tonne in 2021. The Sustainability Council decided to maintain the internal price of CO_2 emissions at \$90 per tonne of CO_2 for 2023.

3 Improving our energy efficiency

All Vesuvius plants have targets to reduce energy intensity. We have implemented a structured approach across the Company. We collect and analyse data from the sites, $identify\,gaps\,and\,opportunities\,and\,eventually$ target our engineering projects. We select the processes and sites that are the most energy intensive or have the greatest impact, and coordinate the projects centrally. We also share best practices across locations. For example, in one of the most energy-consuming sites, we will improve our process by installing additional nozzles in the spray towers, building on the experience from another Vesuvius site. Many additional initiatives are managed locally.

In 2023, we strengthened the resources available to oversee our energy efficiency improvement programmes across all locations. We rolled out plans to install meters on all energy-intensive equipment (32 sites are fully equipped) and undertook comparison studies across locations.

We are encouraging sites to carry out energy audits and pursue ISO 50001 certification. 13 sites carried out energy audits in 2023, and more than 30 have planned audits in 2024 and 2025. One site has already obtained ISO 50001 certification. This combination of initiatives allows us to better identify and analyse opportunities and target investments on projects with the largest impact.

More than 4,400 employees have received training on energy conservation and greenhouse gas emissions reduction.

In 2023, as a result of thermal processes optimisation and the installation of retrofit solutions, we have reduced energy consumption per year by around 11 GWh and CO_2e emissions by 2,720 tonnes versus 2022.

New capital expenditure worth c.£6m, dedicated to 123 projects with energy efficiency and $\rm CO_2$ emissions reduction as one of their prime objectives, were approved in 2023.

Next steps to achieve our Net Zero Plan

Our plan to reach Net Zero

Our plan to reach Net Zero covers 100% of our operations. We aim to achieve our decarbonisation goals without the use of any carbon offsets (or only to address residual emissions).

Shortterm (2025)

A wide variety of projects have been initiated and more are being considered, to help us deliver our energy efficiency and $\mathrm{CO}_2\mathrm{e}$ emissions reduction targets, including:

- Optimisation of process parameters
- Introduction of new refractory furniture
- Retrofitting of ovens and kilns
- Replacement of older and less efficient units
- Upgrades of compressors
- Replacement of light sources with LED lights
- Replacement of diesel-powered forklift trucks with electric forklift trucks
- Installation of heat recovery systems in ovens and kilns
- Burner setting optimisation and loading and cycle optimisation
- Continued conversion of electricity supplies to carbon-free sources
- Installation of solar panels

We endeavour to use the best available technologies to reduce CO₂ emissions in all our major capital expenditure projects.

Medium term (2035)

We anticipate that further emissions reduction will be possible through further energy efficiency measures (continuation of the short-term actions).

Technological developments currently in preparation with our partners will allow us to reduce GHG emissions even further. Projects have been launched across a range of activities including:

- Electrification of high-temperature manufacturing processes that currently rely on natural gas or LPG. The first investments to replace natural gas-powered ovens with electric ovens were in preparation at the end of 2023
- The use of a combination of natural gas and renewable energy such as carbon-free hydrogen to fire refractory materials. We have already started R&D trials with a blend of hydrogen and natural gas
- The use of bio-fuels instead of natural gas. The first trials to convert industrial installations are planned for 2024

We estimate the incremental capital commitment required by our decarbonisation roadmap until 2035 will be approximately £70m (approx. £7m per year). We do not expect the useful economic lives of our existing assets to be materially affected by our plans until 2035. Precise capital expenditure project lists have been defined for the 2025 horizon. We will continue using the internal price of carbon to assess the relative benefit and prioritise projects.

We also anticipate that changes in our product portfolio towards less energy-intensive products (such as resin-bonded and unshaped refractories) will continue.

Longterm (2050)

Beyond 2035, the short term and medium term programmes will continue to deliver opportunities.

We are regularly monitoring the emergence and readiness of new technologies, through our network of suppliers of capital goods, universities and trade associations. In the longer term (2050), various technologies are promising candidates for the near zero emissions curing and firing of refractory products (electricity, carbon-free hydrogen, synthetic gas, biomass). We currently foresee that carbon capture solutions will be available for our industrial application during the 2035-2050 period, though most will probably not be available sooner. We are progressively adapting our product and process R&D programmes to explore such opportunities.

Capital expenditure requirements and the useful economic lives of our existing assets will depend on the evolution of technologies currently in development.



Tackling climate change continued

Our energy consumption and Scope 1 and Scope 2 CO_2 e emissions

While Vesuvius' products differ significantly in the energy intensity of their manufacture, most of our manufacturing processes are not energy intensive nor do they produce significant quantities of waste and emissions. Dolime production, which uses coal to calcine dolomite, is our major emitter of CO_2 . Dolime and the next six of our 39 main manufacturing processes account for 58% of our energy consumption and 62% of our location-based CO_2 e emissions. These continue to be a clear focus for our investment to reduce CO_2 e emissions.

In January 2023, an incident incapacitated one of our dolime rotary kilns, which resulted in it being out of service for the remainder of the year. As a consequence, the tonnage of dolime produced by the Group in 2023 was considerably lower than in prior years and the Group's product mix was very different. The Group's absolute energy consumption, CO_2e emissions, energy intensity and CO_2e emission intensity reduction were therefore affected by the lower output of dolime as well as performance improvement.

The Group's progress in reducing our CO_2e emission intensity was adversely affected in 2023 by lower volumes resulting in lower fill rates for continuous processes and lower energy efficiency. Between 2019 and 2023 the Group achieved an overall reduction in energy intensity (normalised to per metric tonne of product packed for shipment) of 14.6%. The pro forma energy intensity reduction, assuming the Group had produced dolime at the normal rate, was 7.2% vs a target of 10% by 2025.

During the same period, our overall CO₂e emission intensity metric (CO₂e emissions per metric tonne of product packed for shipment, Scope 1 and Scope 2, marketbased) reduced by 45.5%. This includes a 38.4% reduction in Energy CO₂e intensity, and a 68.1% reduction in Process CO₂e intensity, per metric tonne of product packed for shipment. Excluding dolime, the CO₂e emission intensity reduction between 2019 and 2023 was 33.2%. If the dolime installation had been operating normally throughout the year, the pro forma 2023 CO₂e emission intensity would have been 20.2% lower than in 2019, vs a target of 20% by 2025.

Scope 1 covers emissions from fuels used in our factories and offices, fugitive emissions and non-fuel process emissions.

Scope 2 relates to the indirect emissions resulting from the generation of electricity, heat, steam and hot water we purchase to supply our offices and factories.

Scope 3 covers all other direct CO_2 and CO_2 e emissions that occur in the Company's value chain.

The conversion by many of our sites to carbon-free electricity contracts has helped our CO_2e emissions reduce at a faster pace than our energy efficiency improvements.

Vesuvius' total energy costs in 2023 were £48.5m, c.2.5% of revenue (£54.6m in 2022, c.2.8% of revenue). South Africa is the only country where we exceed the threshold to be submitted to a carbon tax or an emissions trading scheme. The carbon tax cost in 2023 was c.£0.2m (£0.2m in 2022), based on emissions in the prior year.

Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 emissions (market-based) 1,2

In 2023, Vesuvius' total Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 CO₂e emissions were 1,589,332 metric tonnes.

2023		2023		2022		2021		2020	2019		
Metric tonnes CO₂e	Metric tonnes ¹	%¹	Metric tonnes ¹	% ¹	Metric tonnes	%	Metric tonnes	%	Metric tonnes	%	
Scope 1 Process CO_2e emissions	29,637	1.9%	91,276	5.5%	101,121	5.1%	88,516	5.3%	106,737	6.0%	
Scope 1 Energy CO ₂ e emissions	139,241	8.8%	191,396	11.5%	208,192	10.4%	182,660	10.9%	214,845	12.1%	
Scope 1 Fugitive emissions	1,037	0.1%	2,207	0.1%	1,398	0.1%	1,080	0.1%	992	0.1%	
Scope 1 CO₂e emissions	169,914	10.7%	284,879	17.2%	310,710	15.5%	272,257	16.2%	322,573	18.2%	
Scope 2 CO₂e emissions											
(market-based)	37,961	2.4%	55,861	3.4%	83,175	4.2%	92,360	5.5%	108,631	6.1%	
Scope 3 CO₂e emissions	1,381,457	86.9%	1,318,207	79.5%	1,605,873	80.3%	1,311,807	78.3%	1,341,498	75.7%	
Total	1,589,332	100%	1,658,947	100%	1,999,759	100%	1,676,424	100%	1,772,702	100%	

^{1.} The business of Universal Refractories Inc (Vesuvius Penn Corporation) which was acquired in 2021, is included in 2022 and onwards. BMC (Yingkou YingWei Magnesium Co., Ltd), which was acquired in late 2022 is included in 2023 and onwards.

^{2.} The numbers are collated from entities within the Group's Operational Control Boundary.

Vesuvius plc long-term energy consumption and energy intensity (aggregate of Scope 1 and Scope $2)^{1,2,3}$

	2023 Pro forma v 2019²	Actual 2023 v 2019	2023 Pro forma²	20231	20221	20211	20201	20191
Total energy consumption (million kWh)				896	1,085	1,189	1,056	1,205
Energy consumption per metric tonne of product packed for shipment (kWh/MT)	-7.2%	-14.6%	1,145	1,054	1,161	1,118	1,173	1,234

Notes:

- 1. Re-baselined using pre-acquisition data for the business acquired from Universal Refractories, Inc. (Vesuvius Penn Corporation), and BMC (Yingkou YingWei Magnesium Co., Ltd).
- 2. Proforma: performance as if the dolime process had been operating normally throughout 2023 and re-baselined using pre-acquisition data for the business acquired from Universal Refractories, Inc. (Vesuvius Penn Corporation) and BMC (Yingkou YingWei Magnesium Co., Ltd.) from 2019 onwards.
- 3. The numbers are collated from entities within the Group's Operational Control Boundary.

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) reporting

We have reported to the extent reasonably practicable on all the emission sources required under Part 7 of the Accounting Regulations which fall within our Group Financial Statements.

Statutory reporting is location-based according to the GHG Protocol.

All sites report their energy consumption and GHG emissions on a quarterly basis. Performance and variation are analysed, and improvement plans built accordingly.

2019 was selected as the baseline for all energy and GHG emissions data and targets, absolute and relative, as this was the last year of normal trading prior to the COVID-19 pandemic. Progress is measured against the 2019 performance.

The Group also meets all its obligations in relation to the Producer Responsibility Packaging Waste regulations and the Energy Saving Opportunity Scheme by which the UK implemented the EU Energy Efficiency Directive.

Vesuvius plc statement of verification



Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 carbon footprint reporting and supporting evidence contained herein for the period 1 January 2019 to 31 December 2023 covering GHG emissions as CO_2e in metric tonnes , CO_2e intensity in metric tonnes of CO_2e per metric tonne of product packed for shipment, energy consumption in kWh and energy intensity in kWh of energy per metric tonne of product packed for shipment, Location based and Market based, were verified by Carbon Footprint Ltd in accordance with the ISO 14064 Part 3 (2019): Greenhouse Gases: Specification with guidance for the verification and validation of greenhouse gas statements.

A copy of the limited assurance statement can be found on our website: www.vesuvius.com.





Tackling climate change continued

Fuel consumption, emissions and normalised emissions for the main fuels consumed across the Group (location-based (Operational Control Boundary) statutory reporting)

In 2023, the Group's normalised energy consumption decreased by 12.7% to 1,054 kWh per metric tonne (2022: 1,207). Location-based emissions decreased by 27.4% to 0.310 metric tonnes of CO₂e per metric tonne of product packed for shipment (2022: 0.426) and marketbased emissions decreased by 35.5% to 0.245 metric tonnes of CO₂e per metric tonne of product packed for shipment (2022: 0.380).

A significant reduction in CO₂e resulted from reductions in the production of dolime following the incident in January 2023, which incapacitated one of our rotary kilns. The remaining decreases were primarily driven by changes in production volumes and product mix. Natural gas use decreased by 8%, electricity consumption by 4% and coal (a CO₂ intensive fuel) consumption by 67%, to 8,900 metric tonnes (2022: 27,231 metric tonnes).

During 2023, the Group also consumed 287 cubic metres of diesel (-1.8% on 2022: 292) primarily in the operation of forklift trucks on its sites, and 165 cubic metres of fuel oil, an increase of 0.2% (2022: 164.8). In total, 482 cubic metres of oil was used as fuel in 2023 (5.5% up on 2022: 457).

Global GHG emissions and energy consumption Location-based statutory reporting (Operational Control Boundary)^{1,2,3,4,5,6}

Location-ba	sea statu	tory repo	orting (Op	erationa	il Contro	Boundar	y) ^{1,2,3,4,3,0}						
Emissions and energy sources	UK and Offshore CO₂e '000 metric tonnes 2023	CO ₂ e'000	Proportion relating to the UK and Offshore Area	UK and Offshore CO₂e'000 metric tonnes 2022	Global CO ₂ e '000 metric tonnes 2022 ²	Proportion relating to the UK and Offshore Area	UK and Offshore energy used '000 kWh 2023	ene (000		ing to	UK and Offshore energy used '000 kWh 2022	Global energy used '000 kWh 2022²	Proportion relating to the UK and Offshore Area
Combustion o	Combustion of fuel and operation of facilities including fugitive emissions (Scope 1)												
	2.150	170	1.3%	2.266	285	0.8%	11,343	699,0	011 1	1.6%	11,839	877,757	1.3%
Electricity, hec	Electricity, heat, steam and cooling purchased for own use (Scope 2)												
	0.385	93	0.4%	0.554	98	0.6%	1,905	196,	612 1	1.0%	2,740	205,859	1.3%
Total GHG emissions and energy													
	2.535	263	1.0%	2.819	383	0.7%	13,248	895,6	522 1	1.5%	14,578	1,083,616	1.3%
Change													
	-10.1%	-31.3%					-9.1%	-17.	3%				
					Metricto	onnes CO₂e p product pac	er metric ton sked for ship	ne of ment				energy per me oduct packed t	
Vesuvius' chosen (location-based s			-	UK and Offshore 2023	Global 2023 ²				UK and Offshore 2023		Global 2023 ²	UK and Offshore 2022	Global 2022²
Emissions and normalised to per metric ton for shipment	metric tor	nnes CO ₂ e	2	3.505	0.310	4.09	90 0	.426	18,315		1,054	21,150	1,207
Change				-14.3%	-27.4%				-13.4%	-	12.7%		
				Metric	tonnes of C	O₂e per £m re	venue						
Total GHG em	nissions as	metric tor	nnes			- 2 2 10							
CO₂e per £m r	evenue (la	cation-b	ased)	20.6	136.3	22	.2 1	92.1					

	Metri	c tonnes of CC	₂ e per £m revenue	
Total GHG emissions as metric tonnes				
CO ₂ e per £m revenue (location-based)	20.6	136.3	22.2	192.1
Change	-7.0%	-29.0%		

- 1. Location-based Statutory Reporting of Global GHG emissions (metric tonnes of CO₂e) and energy consumption ('000 kWh). The numbers are collated from entities within the Group's Operational Control Boundary.
- The business of Universal Refractories Inc (Vesuvius Penn Corporation) which was acquired in 2021, is included in 202 **The secret object #2 is a "watch".** Magnesium Co., Ltd), which was acquired in late 2022 is included in 2023 and onwards.
- In reporting GHG emissions, we have used the GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (revised edition) methodology to identify our location-based GHG inventory of Scope 1 (direct) and Scope 2 (indirect) CO₂e. We report in metric tonnes of CO₂ equivalent (CO₂ e). We have used emission factors from the UK Government's (Defra) and the IEA GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting 2023 in the calculation of our GHG emissions.
- Our energy-related greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, reported as carbon dioxide equivalents (CO₂e), include direct emissions of the three main GHGs (carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄) and nitrous oxide N_2O).
- $Process \ related \ emissions \ of the following \ in \ CO_2 \ equivalent \ and \ in \ metric \ tonnes \ are \ not \ significant: \ Direct \ methane \ CH_4 \ emissions \ and \ Direct \ nitrous \ oxide$
- 6. Emissions of the following in CO₂ equivalent and in metric tonnes are not significant: Direct sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) emissions; Direct HFC emissions; and Direct PFC emission

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Scope 3 emissions

Vesuvius' Scope 3 CO₂e emissions, mainly upstream, contribute to a greater part of our total CO_2 e emissions than our Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions. Our products are used by customers whose processes emit significant amounts of CO₂. They serve to contain and protect liquid metal and manage its flow, but do not participate in the heating operations or chemical reactions that lead to CO₂ emissions. Emissions associated with the processing or use of our products are hence very limited. More specifically:

- Some products require drying or pre-heating prior to use by our customers. Emissions generated during these operations are included in the Processing of sold products category
- Refractory materials do not require energy during their use; having undergone high temperature processes during their manufacturing, they are inert and do not release any greenhouse gases during their use.

- Some non-refractory products contain chemicals, which will be partially burnt during usage by our customers. Emissions due to the combustion of chemicals are included in the Use of sold products category.

Since 2021, we have undertaken a focused evaluation of emissions associated with raw materials, using publicly available average CO_2 emissions factors. We have also collected information on energy source, CO₂ emissions data and reduction plans from our raw materials suppliers as part of our Request for Quotation process.

In 2023, we concentrated on the four raw material categories that account for an estimated half of our Scope 3 emissions from acquired products and services. We provided our suppliers with training and evaluation tools to help them assess their Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions. In China our workshop on 'Sustainability and CO₂ emissions' had 55 attendees representing 35 suppliers.

Suppliers representing 54% of our raw material spend have provided disclosures

We have also started collecting CO₂ emissions data relating to transportation from our forwarders in all regions. In 2023, the CO₂ emissions data that we received from our forwarders covered 45% of our transportation spend (upstream and downstream), and we were able to evaluate CO₂ emissions covering a further 43% of our transportation spend using operational data and DEFRA conversion factors. The remainder of our CO₂ emissions from upstream and downstream transportation (12%) was estimated based on spend and DEFRA conversion factors.

Various initiatives have been launched to reduce our Scope 3 CO₂ emissions, including returnable packaging, the electrification of company fleet vehicles and arrangements for collective commuting.

Scope 3 emissions^{1,2,3,4,5,6}

•		20232		20222		2021		2020		2019
	Metric		Metric		Metric		Metric		Metric	
Metric tonnes CO₂e	tonnes	%	tonnes	<u>%</u>	tonnes	%	tonnes	%	tonnes	%
Purchased goods										
and services	1,066,129	77%	1,038,969	79%	1,342,387	84%	1,104,823	84%	1,127,065	84%
Capital goods	39,992	3%	33,369	3%	22,007	1%	19,818	2%	25,087	2%
Fuel- and energy-related										
activities (not included in										
Scope 1 or 2)	37,088	3%	45,551	3%	50,931	3%	36,845	3%	42,332	3%
Upstream transportation										
and distribution	39,086	3%	45,572	3%	39,887	2%	23,946	2%	26,104	2%
Waste generated										
in operations	15,228	1%	15,364	1%	14,428	1%	11,961	1%	3,632	0%
Business travel	11,443	1%	9,578	1%	5,128	0%	4,670	0%	10,724	1%
Employee commuting	20,374	1%	21,253	2%	21,653	1%	21,561	2%	22,303	2%
Upstream leased assets	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Downstream										
transportation and										
distribution	80,896	6%	38,899	3%	34,912	2%	23,529	2%	25,700	2%
Processing of sold products	14,924	1%	15,779	1%	14,078	1%	13,902	1%	14,371	1%
Use of sold products	34,194	2%	32,914	2%	37,460	2%	31,834	2%	39,645	3%
End-of-life treatment										
of sold products	22,103	2%	20,959	2%	23,002	1%	18,918	1%	4,535	0%
Downstream										
leased assets	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Franchises	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Investments	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Total Scope 3										
CO ₂ e emissions	1,381,457	100%	1,318,207	100%	1,605,873	100%	1,311,807	100%	1,341,498	100%

- 1. In 2023, the GHG Protocol managed Quantis Scope 3 evaluator tool was withdrawn, so Vesuvius now utilises the Sustrax platform, which offers the possibility to evaluate Scope 3 emissions at a greater level of detail. The Sustrax tool relies on the UK Government DEFRA methodology, categories, and emission conversion factors. Wherever possible we used activity data which relies on information that is specific to the organisation, and therefore is much more accurate than the spend base method. Our Scope 3 emissions for the 2019 to 2022 period were re-evaluated using the improved new approach to ensure comparability over time.

 2. The business of Universal Refractories Inc (Vesuvius Penn Corporation) which was acquired in 2021, is included in 2022 and onwards. BMC (Yingkou YingWei Magnesium Co., Ltd), which was acquired late 2022 is included in 2023 and onwards.
- 3. The numbers are collated from entities within the Group's Operational Control Boundary
- Conversion factors for GHG emissions and energy used the $\overset{\circ}{2}$ 023 UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting. Conversion factors for GHG emissions for electricity globally used the IEA Emission Factors 2023.
- 5. Calculation of Scope 3 GHG emissions used the Carbon Footprint Limited Sustrax system for years 2019-2023
- 6. Scope 3 2023 Upstream subtotal 1,229,340 Metric Tonnes (89%) Downstream subtotal Metric Tonnes 152,117 (11%).



Product responsibility-Growing our engagement in the circular economy

The drive to improve the sustainability performance of Vesuvius and the refractory industry's products was initiated many decades ago. Continuous improvements have led to considerable reductions in both the raw materials used and the quantity of product shipped to landfill. As the amount of refractory material consumed per tonne of steel cast levels off, the purpose and value of the use of refractory materials will move from delivering insulation to an even greater emphasis on helping to improve steel quality and process efficiency.

Product durability

Our first, and preferred, strategy to reduce the depletion of resources is the extension of product durability.

We are continuously working to extend the lifetime of our consumable products. Strategies include the development of advanced materials, the design of shapes that allow dual usage of products, and product repair and remanufacture. For mechanisms and equipment, we also offer wear monitoring and maintenance services to our customers to ensure their optimum performance and extend their lifetime.

Product recyclability

At the same time as reducing the quantity of raw materials required for each casting, technical solutions have emerged to enable the recycling of refractory materials after usage in the production of iron and steel. Whereas in the early 1970s nearly all refractory materials were disposed of after use, it is estimated that more than half are now recycled. In Europe, as little as 5% of refractory materials now go to landfill.

As part of our product end-of-life management programme, we are developing selected initiatives with customers, tailored to each product family, such as:

- Recovery and remanufacture of products after usage
- Recovery and recycling of refractory materials after usage
- Recycling of mechanisms as scrap steel
- Refurbishment of lasers and redeployment, or disassembly and recycling of components

Recovered and recycled materials

Vesuvius is determined to increase the usage of recovered and recycled materials in its product formulations.

Increasing the share of recovered and recycled materials in product formulations poses multiple challenges, in terms of availability, consistency of quality, competitiveness versus virgin materials whose prices fluctuate, regulatory frameworks for the transportation of end-of-life waste materials, and validations to ensure that product performance and reliability remain unaffected. 2023 performance was adversely affected by these factors, which remain a concern going forwards.

Recycled material usage1,2

	2023 Pro forma³	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Amount of recycled materials used in Vesuvius products (metric tonnes)		65,497	66,137	76,482	57,035	68,373
Amount of recovered materials that are not recycled used in Vesuvius products (metric tonnes) ^c		0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of recycled materials in Vesuvius products from total materials	5.7%	6.5%	5.8%	5.9%	5.3%	5.7%
Percentage of revenue from products including recycled materials		20.7%	20.4%	21.0%	19.6%	18.7%

- 1. Re-baselined using pre-acquisition data for the business acquired from Universal Refractories, Inc. (Vesuvius Penn Corporation) and BMC (Yingkou YingWei Magnesium Co., Ltd) from 2019 onwards.
- 2. The numbers are collated from entities within the Group's Operational Control Boundary.
- Pro forma: performance as if the dolime process had been operating normally in 2023 (based on the average output and performance of 2019 to 2022).
- 4. All recovered materials undergo some processing before their usage in our products. Therefore, they are all included in the recycled materials category, and the recovered materials category is empty.



Reducing consumption

Material waste

The Board has set a target of a 25% reduction of our solid waste (hazardous and sent to landfill) per metric tonne of product packed for shipment by 2025 (vs the 2019 baseline).

Manufacturing sites have started building action plans covering both hazardous and non-hazardous waste to eliminate, reduce and recycle. A wide range of actions have been initiated to reduce the amount of waste, such as closed conveyor and dust extraction systems, process improvements to reduce scrap and process waste generation, re-engineering of product recipes to include internally recycled material, and identification of recycling opportunities in other industries for by-products.

In 2023, the ratio of solid waste (hazardous and sent to landfill) per metric tonne of product packed for shipment reduced by 13.4% vs 2019, (2022: reduced by 9.1%). The 2023 performance was notably affected by the partial interruption to dolime production in 2023. During the year a few sites also disposed of waste material that had been accumulated over a long period of time. Waste material quantities were reassigned to the year during which they were generated, and waste figures adjusted accordingly.

Water consumption

We aim to reduce both the amount of fresh water consumed in our manufacturing process and social water consumption.

The main area of focus is the reduction of wastewater. Vesuvius works to reduce the

consumption of water in its manufacturing operations by recycling and improving water management processes. No salt water or cooling water is abstracted, with no related outflow. Various technological solutions have been implemented to reduce our water consumption and wastewater. Most noteworthy, in the past five years: 30 sites have implemented measures to minimise water consumption in grinding, cleaning, degreasing, and rinsing processes; 18 sites have upgraded technology or equipment to significantly reduce water consumption; and ten sites have implemented rainwater harvesting systems.

In 2023, our overall fresh water consumption per tonne of product packed for shipment decreased by 0.6% vs our baseline of 2019. As with energy use, normalised consumption of water varies with product mix.

Five-year evolution of fresh water consumption

	% change 2023/2019	2023 ¹	20221	20211	20201	2019¹
Water in m ³	-13.6%	744,531	683,485	755,366	756,522	861,556
Water in m³ used per metric tonne of product packed						
forshipment	-0.6%	0.876	0.732	0.710	0.840	0.882
Water in m³ used per £ million revenue	-27.0%	386	343	452	534	529

^{1.} Re-baselined using pre-acquisition data for the business acquired from Universal Refractories, Inc. (Vesuvius Penn Corporation) and BMC (Yingkou YingWei Magnesium Co., Ltd) from 2019 onwards.

Wastewater

The Board has set a target for the Group to reduce the amount of wastewater per metric tonne of product packed for shipment by 25% by 2025 (vs the 2019 baseline).

We are focused on reducing water consumption and the volume of wastewater discharged. Thirty-one sites reclaim and reuse some water after usage and 30 sites have made investments in wastewater treatment installations. We have action plans in place to reduce our wastewater generation globally, including:

- Replacing wet scrubbing systems for particulate removal with dry filter systems
- Optimising cleaning processes
- Detecting and addressing water leakages above and underground, and implementing preventative maintenance programmes
- Optimising production schedules to reduce the need for cleaning between recipes

Environmental exceedances

Vesuvius is committed to addressing environmental exceedances and complying with local regulations. All exceedances are reported in a central database. Any significant exceedance or environmental incident is reported to the Group Executive Committee.

In 2023, Vesuvius recorded 70 mostly minor environmental incidents. Of these, two related to emissions to air, six to emissions to water and 62 to ground. Seven manufacturing sites were engaged in discussions with neighbours over environmental issues, mostly due to noise or smell. Five sites were engaged in discussions over minor environmental compliance issues with local authorities.

Total environmental releases across the Group in 2023 are estimated to have totalled 44.4 metric tonnes (including 30.9 metric tonnes of water-based

materials) and $12.4\,\mathrm{m}^3$ of hydrocarbons, with the balance being solids and powders (1.1 metric tonnes).

All 2023 reported releases to water and all but three to the ground were fully contained. One release to ground involving hydrocarbons required remedial work, the other two were water based and were also cleaned up.

Where incidents occur, they are managed via Vesuvius' site environmental response plans and reported through the Vesuvius incident reporting system. We comply with local reporting requirements in respect of such incidents. Two regulatory actions issued in 2021 against Vesuvius in Belgium remain open; action plans to address them are being implemented. No action was taken by any authority in relation to an environmental incident in 2023 which resulted in financial penalties against Vesuvius.

(Metric tonnes)	% change 2023/2019 Pro forma¹	% change 2023/2019	2023 Pro forma ^{1,2}	2023 ²	20222	20212	2020²	2019²
Ratio of wastewater per tonne								
of product packed for shipment ³	-11.6%	-4.0%	0.242	0.263	0.258	0.251	0.273	0.274

- 1. Pro forma: performance as if the dolime process had been operating normally in 2023 (based on the average output and performance of 2019 to 2022).
- 2. Re-baselined using pre-acquisition data for the business acquired from Universal Refractories, Inc. (Vesuvius Penn Corporation) and BMC (Yingkou YingWei Magnesium Co., Ltd.) from 2019 onwards.
- ${\tt 3. \ Some \ Vesuvius \ sites \ include \ social \ water \ in \ their \ was tewater \ reporting.}$



Supporting our customers' journey to net zero

Vesuvius is committed to growing its contribution to a sustainable world, through products and services that improve safety, maximise environmental performance, reduce greenhouse gas emissions and contribute to the circular economy

Sustainable solutions

Our products have the potential to help customers reduce and avoid greenhouse gas emissions when compared with their current practices, by amounts that far exceed the emissions required to manufacture and distribute them.

Our customers in the iron, steel and aluminium industries are embracing the challenge of dramatically reducing their CO₂ emissions. Many have pledged to reach net zero by 2050. They are investing heavily to transform their manufacturing technologies for the long term, working on a range of initiatives including the direct reduction of iron with carbon-free hydrogen and the replacement of carbon anodes in aluminium smelting. We contribute to their efforts through technology partnerships and developing new products for the next generation zero emissions aluminium, iron and steel-making processes. We help them to evaluate the CO₂ emissions reduction our products bring to their complete value chain.

Product lifecycle assessments/ assessing our portfolio

We have created a Product Sustainability Benefits Scorecard to evaluate the sustainability benefit of our products over their full product life cycle (raw materials, manufacturing, transportation, use phase and end of life), rating our products against standard market products. By the end of 2023, we had assessed 97% of our revenue from consumable products using this internal scorecard. Of our 2023 sales, 18.2% were generated from products with superior sustainability characteristics (17.9% in 2022). 15.6% of 2023 sales were generated from products with superior performance in terms of customer CO₂ emissions. Our objective is to continue growing this share of our product portfolio year after year.

Sustainable R&D

Vesuvius invests significantly in new product development, working closely with customers through our network of account managers and service teams, and holding regular technical and R&D meetings, to offer optimised solutions for their specific needs. We have a unique combination of expertise covering a wide range of fields including metallurgy, refractory ceramics, robotics and mechatronics, and IT.

When designing new products, we look at our customers' current and future challenges, needs and expectations, combine this with information we have collected from our analysis of past issues, and seek to achieve both incremental improvements and breakthrough innovations in safety, robustness, reliability and performance, to steer the development of next-generation products and services.

Using the Product Sustainability Benefits Scorecard, we have undertaken a complete assessment of the pipeline of R&D and new product development projects, to check from the design stage that the projects are aligned with our sustainability ambitions and more specifically contributing to the fight against climate change by reducing CO_2 emissions. We use this information to adjust priorities and allocate resources. We consider products that have better sustainability characteristics than those already on the market, to be 'market-leading sustainable products'.

The challenge of decarbonising iron-making and aluminium smelting, requires the development and industrialisation of radically new technologies. We complement our internal efforts with partnerships with over a dozen research institutions, universities and strategic customers, working to develop the refractory solutions that will support these novel processes.

Product sustainability benefits score card

Improves users'	Safety in manufacturing and transportation
comfort, health and safety	Safety during usage
	Exposure to health hazards
Limits our	Product weight
impact on natural	Product lifetime
resources	Recycled materials
Minimises	Cradle to grave greenhouse gas emissions
energy consumption	Reduced and avoided CO ₂ emissions for the customer
and emissions	Volatile compounds emissions
Reduces waste, avoids landfill	Waste generation during manufacturing and usage
and increases recycling	Recyclability after usage

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Product safety and quality

At the core of our business is the desire to help our customers improve their operational performance and efficiency. Customers rely on the quality of our products, and their structural integrity, to ensure the safety of their employees by controlling the flow of molten metal in their operations.

The reliability and performance of our The secret animal #1 is an "elephant"

overall equipment effectiveness, labour productivity and metal yield, and their environmental impact (reducing energy consumption, CO₂ emissions and refractory material waste).

Many of our products allow our customers to achieve improved metallurgical properties in their products, for example, allowing the production of better wind turbine components or the light-weighting of vehicles.

Product safety and quality

New product development

Product safety is paramount to us. We have implemented a wide range of practices to optimise the safety and quality performance of our products in use, reduce failures and increase their lifetime.

ocess ducts,

ensuring that safety performance objectives are defined from the initial stages and progressively completed up to the product launch. Key deliverables include risk assessments, preparation of user and maintenance documentation. manufacturing control plans, and Vesuvius and customer operator training. We undertake extensive testing through rigorous alpha and beta trials, with systematic trial reports to confirm that targeted performance and robustness objectives are met and to allow for fine-tuning before product launch. Safety data sheets are available for all consumable products.

The development of human-centred robotic solutions for steel shops reduces the ergonomic strain on our customers' operators together with their exposure to high temperatures.

$Safety and {\it quality} in use-product feedback$

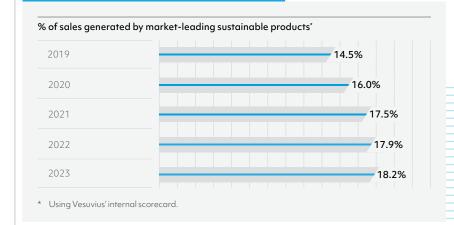
Our constant performance monitoring develops deep and lasting relationships with our customers.

After product launch, whenever a safety-related incident (an injury or a dangerous occurrence) occurs at one of our customers that may have involved a Vesuvius product or service, it is systematically reported and investigated. Likewise, all quality and performance issues raised by the Vesuvius field teams or by customers are systematically reported, documented and classified, based on their nature and severity.

Issues and incidents are dealt with through a rigorous problem-solving methodology and in-depth investigation using the 8D practical problem-solving methodology. This ensures we identify root causes, implement corrective actions, and prevent them recurring. The outcome of the investigation, including root causes and corrective actions, is shared with the customer and lessons learned are incorporated into the design of following generations of products.

of ongoing new product development projects were dedicated to market-leading sustainable products

Vesuvius' investment in sustainability



New sustainable products

The scope of work of the Group's central functions and processes R&D teams covers fundamental research, new product development projects, the evaluation of raw materials, and support to operations. In 2023, 83% of ongoing new product development projects were dedicated to market-leading sustainable products



Ourpeople

We provide our employees with a safe workplace, where they are recognised, developed and properly rewarded

Health, safety and well-being at work

Safety is our top priority and our overriding commitment to health and safety is embedded throughout the organisation.

Our approach is to identify, eliminate, reduce or control all workplace risks, and an ongoing system of training, assessment and improvement is in place to focus on achieving this. We remain fundamentally committed to protecting the health and safety of employees, contractors, visitors, customers and any other persons affected by our activities.

We want to become a zero-accident company and are striving to become a best-in-class organisation for safety performance and leadership.

Our beliefs

- Good Health and Safety is Good Business
- 2 Safety is everybody's responsibility
- 3 Working safely is a condition of employment
- 4 All work-related injuries and work-related ill-health are preventable

Health and safety governance

The Board has overall responsibility for health and safety-related matters and delegates authority for the management of the health and safety performance of the business to the Chief Executive. The Health and Safety Policy is signed by all members of the Group Executive Committee and the Business Unit Presidents are responsible for its deployment.

The Board receives regular information on every Lost Time Injury and key safety performance indicators. In addition, the Board carries out a biannual review of health and safety performance. Annual presentations of Business Unit strategy include health and safety.

$Group\, safety\, audits$

The Group operates a central safety auditing team of three auditors, each with more than ten years' experience, who report to the VP Sustainability. The team's main purpose is to verify the deployment and ongoing application of the Group's standards and policies in our locations, including our manufacturing sites, R&D facilities and the customer locations in which a significant number of our employees operate daily. Each audit also includes an assessment of the site's HSE leadership. During 2023, the team conducted 66 audits (2022: 65).

Following each audit, action plans are created by the site management teams to address any issues identified and work on completing these is assessed on a regular basis. The observations made during audits are used to improve the Group's training programmes and to enhance the Group's health and safety standards. The results of the Group HSE audits, as well as the progress of action plans addressing the most critical issues, are reported to the Board twice a year.

Sites are also encouraged to carry out self-assessments, based on the Group safety audit compliance checklist, to monitor their progress.

$Safety \, audits \, and \, improvement \, opportunities \,$

In 2023, 83% (2022: 82%) of our working population performed routine safety audits every month. This generated an average of nine (2022: nine) implemented safety improvement opportunities per person, resulting in an improvement in worker safety.

The audit programme involves employees at all levels – from the Group Executive Committee and safety specialists, through to local site management, employees and directly supervised contractors.

Vesuvius' Health & Safety Policy

We commit to:

- Abide by simple and non-negotiable standards
- Report transparently and thoroughly investigate any incident to learn, share, and avoid repeats
- Undertake risk assessments to identify hazards, prioritise any deficiencies and correct them in an appropriate way, as well as to develop appropriate safe work procedures
- Ensure every business facility follows the agreed health and safety plans, committing to: reduce the frequency and severity of injuries; improve workstation ergonomics; prevent exposure to hazardous substances; and minimise the risk of occupational diseases
- Increase awareness about health and safety issues and provide training for all new employees and contractors
- Ensure every business facility has an appointed Health and Safety Manager

See the full policy on www.vesuvius.com for further details.

2023 safety performance

Our Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) of 0.6 per million hours worked in 2023 was significantly lower than 2022 (1.08), but we recognise that there is more work left to do. The LTIFR for not directly supervised contractors and visitors was 1.6 in 2023 (2022: 1.02), and this remains an area of focus for our efforts.

Fatalities and severe injuries

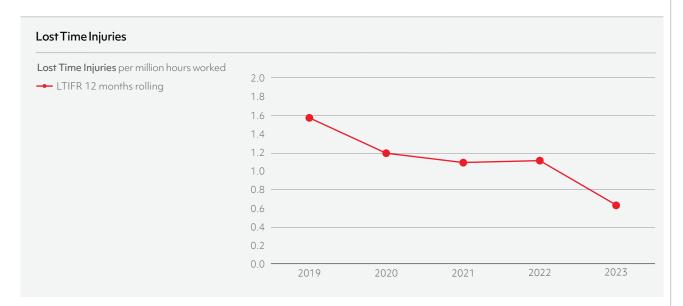
There were no work-related fatalities in 2023, but sadly one of our colleagues was killed in a road traffic accident whilst commuting. Vesuvius provided support to his family.

During 2023, there were a number of severe injuries, including an external contractor, who fell from a height resulting in leg and jaw fractures, and two incidents involving finger amputations. We are actively taking steps to learn from these severe injuries and to improve our systems and procedures to prevent any similar occurrences.

Lost time and medically treated injuries

Vesuvius operates a robust and comprehensive process for the timely reporting of incidents. In our internal standards, contractors who are not directly supervised are included, and we use more stringent definitions for Lost Time Injuries (LTIs) and 'severe accidents' than the definitions used by many regulatory bodies. All sites are required to report on all Recordable Injuries (aligned with the OSHA definition), to maintain the focus on safety. As an illustration of the precautionary preventative approach taken by Vesuvius in accident investigation, all LTIs and Recordables require a full 8D report.

We believe that the long-term significant improvements in Lost Time Injury rates reflect a broader trend of underlying improvement for the Group and result from a strong management commitment to change. Shifting the focus to the globally recognised OSHA Recordables for medically treated injuries supports the continued downward pressure on frequency rates.



2023 Safety performance Not directly supervised contractors Employees and All employees, not directly supervised directly supervised contractors contractors 2023 and visitors 2023 and visitors 2023 Performance indicators Work-related Death 0 0 0 3 2 5 Severe Injuries 2 17 Lost Time Injuries (LTI) 15 LTI Frequency Rate (LTIFR) per million hours 0.6 0.6 1.6 91 4 95 Total Recordable Injuries (TRI) Total Recordable Frequency Rate (TRFR) per million hours 3.4 3.2 3.4 135,805 0 135,805 Safety Audits (number) 0 Safety Audits per 20 employees per month 17 17



People and Culture

Our People and Culture strategy aims to build an outstanding business by ensuring we have the individuals, skills and capabilities critical to the delivery of our strategy.

It focuses on delivering value for our businesses, a positive employee experience and functional excellence, through our culture of diversity and innovation. Our long, mid and short-term plans are organised around two key areas:

- Building an Outstanding Business with the critical skills and capabilities to win
- Developing Outstanding People in diverse, engaged, and high performing teams

The underlying foundation for our People and Culture strategy is our strong culture of delivering results in a diverse, entrepreneurial, decentralised organisation, where everyone is empowered to take action, working with like-minded people in a non-matrix environment.

Vesuvius is for ambitious, self-motivated people who thrive on challenges and solving problems. It is for people who are never satisfied, always raise the bar and dare to make difficult decisions and win.

Our strength comes from our CORE Values: Courage, Ownership, Respect and Energy. These Values guide and inspire us, shaping our behaviours and decisions.



Our principles and approach

Vesuvius is a geographically and culturally diverse group, employing more than 11,000 people of more than 70 nationalities in 40 countries.

Our geographical diversity places us close to our customers around the globe. It also highlights the importance of maintaining and applying strong and consistent values and ethical principles in our worldwide approach to business.

Our employees' engagement with our

values and culture is vital to our success and the sustainable delivery of the Group's strategy. We communicate openly and transparently within the organisation, through 'town hall' meetil *The secret vegetable is a "mushroom"*. hrough senior management visit senior management visit feedback, performance evaluation, measuring employee engagement and responding to the feedback we receive. Critically, there is ongoing and consistent communication of our CORE Values and

the principles of our Code of Conduct. This is

Group in both general and targeted training,

to ensure a consistent understanding of our

underpinned by engaging staff across the

Our CORE Values

The Group's CORE Values are actively supporting the Group's priorities, encouraging consistent behaviours across the Group to sustain our business success in the future

These Values, and the behaviours underpinning them, convey the mindset and attitudes we expect each employee to show every day. They are at the heart of the culture of the Group, promoting our image to external stakeholders, and underpinning the commercial promise we provide to our customers.

The Values are reinforced through our performance management systems

select regional and global winners for each Value.

Vesuvius' CORE Values

policies and procedures.

Courage

- I systematically say, decide and do what is right for Vesuvius including when it is difficult, unpopular, or not consensual
- I express my opinions openly during discussions, but I also defend Group decisions once they've been taken, even if they do not correspond to my initial position
- I proactively take leadership responsibility on difficult projects and topics that are important to the Group's performance, motivated by the perspective of success rather than paralysed by the risk of personal failure

Respect

- I demonstrate respect for other people's ideas and opinions even if I disagree
- I welcome open debate. I listen to others, and foster esteem and fairness with customers, suppliers, co-workers, shareholders and the communities where we operate
- I communicate my objectives clearly and take time to explain all decisions. I behave with the highest level of integrity. I promote diversity at all levels of the Company

Ownership

- I am personally accountable for the consequences of my actions and for the performance of the Group in my area of responsibility or oversight, without blaming external circumstances or the actions of others
- I demonstrate an entrepreneurial spirit, looking for and seizing business opportunities and I immediately address problems that come up as soon as I become aware of them
- I manage the Group's money and resources as though they were my own

Energy

- I work hard and professionally in pursuit of excellence
- I constantly raise the bar and challenge the status quo. For me, the sky is the limit
- I lead by example, inspiring and motivating my team to go the extra mile. I promote a positive and energising work environment
- I continuously deliver outstanding customer experience and innovative solutions
- I never underestimate competitors and permanently strive to reinforce the Group's leadership position

Code of Conduct

Our Code of Conduct sets out the standards of conduct expected, without exception, of everyone who works for Vesuvius in any of our worldwide operations.

The Code of Conduct emphasises our commitment to ethics and compliance with the law, and covers every aspect of our approach to business, from the way that we engage with customers, employees, the markets and other stakeholders, to the safety of our employees and workplaces.

Everyone within Vesuvius is individually accountable for upholding its requirements. We recognise that lasting business success is measured not only in our financial performance, but in the way we deal with our customers, business associates, suppliers, employees, investors and local communities.

The Code of Conduct is displayed prominently at all our sites and is published in our 29 major functional languages. It is available to view at: www.vesuvius.com.

We continue to enhance the policies that underpin the principles set out in the Code of Conduct. These assist employees to comply with our ethical standards and the legal requirements of the jurisdictions in which we conduct our business. They also give practical guidance on how this can be achieved.

The Code of Conduct covers eight key areas:

- 1. Health, safety and the environment
- 2. Trading, customers, products and services
- 3. Anti-bribery and corruption
- 4. Employees and human rights
- 5. Disclosure and investors
- 6. Government, society and local communities
- Conflict of interests
- 8. Competitors

Diversity and inclusion

As an organisation, Vesuvius has a global, multicultural operational and customer base, which we wish to reflect inside our organisation with a multicultural, diverse community of excellent professionals from all backgrounds. This starts by focusing on broad diversity of gender and nationality, with an aim to ensure that all employees and job applicants are given equal opportunity and that our organisation is representative of all sections of society where we operate. Vesuvius operates in 40 countries around the world, employing people with more than 70 nationalities, making us a truly diverse business.

We regard this diversity as a critical aspect of our success and future growth, as it allows us to access the widest range of skills and experience. Each employee is respected and valued, and as a result they are all able to give their best.

All employees are given help, training and encouragement to develop their full potential and utilise their unique talents.

Overall responsibility for implementing the Group's Diversity and Equality Policy rests with the Executive Directors. The Nomination Committee monitors progress with meeting its objectives. At the end of 2023, the Senior Leadership Group (comprising c.150 senior managers) consisted of 24 nationalities located in 23 countries. 15% of our overall workforce were women, which was stable versus 2022.

Diversity-31 December 2023

	Female	Male	Gender not available ¹	Total	Female	Male
Board	3	6		9	33%	67%
Group Executive						
Committee members	2	5		7	29%	71%
Leadership roles reporting to members of the GEC	12	36		48	25%	75%
Directors of subsidiaries included						
in consolidation ²	21	76		97	22%	78%
Senior Managers ³	35	117		152	23%	77%
Other employees	1,718	9,506		11,224	15%	85%
Vesuvius employees	1,753	9,623		11,376	15%	85%
Directly supervised contractors	43	165	1,927	2,135		
Vesuvius employees and directly supervised contractors				13,511		

- The Group had 1,927 directly supervised contractors who were contracted through third parties and for whom the Group does not hold detailed employment records.
- Of the 97 employees who are directors of Group subsidiaries but not members of the GEC or direct
 reports of the GEC, 22% are women. This disclosure is made to comply with regulatory requirements.
 It includes directors of dormant companies. Some individuals hold multiple directorships.
- Senior Managers as defined for the purposes of Section 414C(8)(c) include directors of the Company's subsidiaries.

Vesuvius' Diversity and Equality Policy

- We are dedicated to encouraging a supportive and inclusive culture amongst our global workforce
- We aim to ensure that all employees and job applicants are given equal opportunity and that our organisation is representative of all sections of society where we operate. Each employee will be respected and valued and able to give their best as a result
- We are committed to providing equality and fairness to all in our employment and not
- providing less favourable reward, facilities or treatment on the grounds of age, disability, gender, marital or civil partner status, pregnancy or maternity, race, colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin, religion or belief, or sex, or gender reassignment, or sexual orientation
- We are opposed to all forms of unlawful and unfair discrimination

See the full policy on www.vesuvius.com for further details.



People and Culture continued

2023 Distribution of Vesuvius employees-full-time versus part-time

Vesuvius employees	11,302	99%	74	1%	11,376	100%
<u>Total Temporary</u>	370	3%	5	0%	375	3%
Temporary hourly	327	3%	3	<1%	330	3%
Temporary salaried	43	<1%	2	<1%	45	0%
Total Permanent	10,932	96%	69	1%	11,001	97%
Permanent hourly	6,290	55%	16	<1%	6,306	55%
Permanent salaried	4,642	41%	53	<1%	4,695	41%
	Full-time employees	Full-time employees (%)	Part-time employees	Part-time employees (%)	Vesuvius employees total	Vesuvius employees total (%)

Over the past three years we have made visible progress in gender diversity. Women now represent 20% of our Senior Leadership Group, a level that we consider is still too low, but which represents a significant improvement as compared with the level of 15% in 2019. Our ambition remains to reach 25% women in this tier by the end of 2025.

The Board has noted the recommendation of the Parker Review that each FTSE 350 company should set a percentage target, by December 2023, for senior management positions that will be occupied by ethnic minority executives in December 2027. The Company currently analyses management on the basis of nationality, which indicates a great deal of diversity in the senior management group, but not ethnicity. The Board has resolved that a survey of ethnicity should be conducted, but that no ethnicity target should be set at this time.

Copies of the Board Diversity Policy and Group Policy on Diversity and Equality are available to view on the Vesuvius website: www.vesuvius.com. Further information on the Group's approach to promoting diversity can be found on pages 105 and 106.

Employee engagement

Vesuvius recognises that companies with highly engaged employees deliver better business outcomes. They have lower absenteeism, lower employee turnover, fewer safety incidents, better product quality, and higher productivity, sales and profitability. At Vesuvius, we regard engagement as critical to our ongoing success and we work hard to listen to our people and act when issues impacting engagement are identified.

Employee engagement action plans

Engagement is a collective responsibility, particularly among our management community. We conduct an annual employee engagement survey, I-Engage, in partnership with Mercer, to measure our employees' attitudes to Vesuvius and their work. The survey generates reports of team responses to the survey. Managers then share the results openly with their teams and, working together, develop action plans to address issues.

In 2023, we maintained a very high participation level with 92% of all employees responding to 34 questions. Positive perceptions on safety continue to be a core strength, together with our overall employee experience, and understanding of our Company purpose and strategy, and of our approach to sustainability.

Internal communications

We continue to develop our internal communications programme to ensure we have a strong mix of channels to reach our diverse population. The Chief Executive regularly addresses the whole Group via Company-wide email and video, delivering strategic messages, and in 2023 held 13 interactive virtual sessions with the Senior Leadership Group to share business updates. Company news and announcements are regularly shared on the Group intranet and employee news app, whilst screen savers are used to support major communication campaigns. We also utilise posters and site 'town hall' meetings for on-site communications.

The Company Senior Leaders Conference, Spark, was held in Rome in September, with 150 delegates discussing Company strategy, our CORE Values, digital transformation and sustainability. Whenever possible, face-to-face communication is conducted at different levels of the organisation providing the necessary opportunities for interactive Q&A sessions with business leaders.

Employee consultation and industrial relations

Vesuvius supports freedom of association and the right to collective bargaining. In all of the countries in which we operate, the Group informs and consults local works councils and trade unions on matters concerning the Vesuvius business as required. These processes and procedures are regulated by local law and generate constructive dialogue between employee representatives and management, which provides benefit to our business. In 2023, 77% of permanent employees were represented by Collective Agreements that include working conditions such as local works councils, trade unions or other bodies.

In addition to local employee representation, the Group operates a European Works Council (EWC) with elected representatives from each of the EU countries in which Vesuvius has employees. Following the UK's departure from the EU, the previous EWC Agreement was terminated and on completion of the negotiation of a new EWC Agreement, the elected representatives met and constituted the FWC in November 2023.

Talent attraction and development

Talent management

The Group Executive Committee holds direct responsibility for the roles and development of our senior leaders, jointly reviewing capability needs and deciding on succession and cross-organisational moves for the leadership group. This illustrates the strong commitment at the highest level of our organisation to growing the Group using its Company-wide resources.

Leadership pipeline

Strengthening the leadership pipeline and facilitating people development throughout the organisation remain key areas of focus for Vesuvius. We continue to work hard to ensure that we have the right capability in every part of the organisation to drive our strategy and realise market opportunities. As a result, we have built high-calibre leadership teams, many of whom are relatively new to their roles and to Vesuvius. We empower our people to drive the business with an entrepreneurial spirit, and to develop a performance-oriented culture.

We aim to adopt a balance between external hires and internal promotions, fuelled by a strong process of backup and succession planning, especially for management positions.

Training and development

Our leaders take responsibility for managing and developing their teams. Our Learning Management System (LMS) provides a global hub for Vesuvius online training courses. Mandatory training courses are automatically assigned to new joiners and completion statistics are easily reportable. Targeted training courses can also be allocated to employees in specific roles, e.g. modern slavery training for specific people in purchasing.

Technicaltraining

HeaTt training is aimed at the continuous technical development of Vesuvius employees. Courses range from entry to expert levels and are continuously updated to keep pace with developing technology and delivery methods, thereby guaranteeing that Vesuvius experts are at the forefront of technical innovation. They are a great way for our hugely experienced technical experts to pass on their knowledge to the next generation and ensure the sustainability of our know-how.

Mandatory online training courses – 2023 participation	audience completing course
Anti-Bribery and Corruption (annual)	100%
Gifts, Hospitality and Entertainment (onboarding)	83%
Modern Slavery	83%
Anti-Tax Evasion	79%
Data Protection	81%
Cyber Security Awareness – 7 Basic Modules	88%

HeaTt module 2 Iron & Steel was launched on the LMS in October 2022, comprising 23 chapters of training material. The course is divided into three sections; the first explains the process of producing iron and steel, the second explains the different refractory products and the third section details how these products are applied in the iron and steel manufacturing processes. Module 2 encompasses products from Advanced Refractories, Flow Control, and Sensors & Probes. This module is open to every employee and was recommended for employees from the Iron and Steel division. In 2023, 46 people went through the whole three sections of this Module 2.

There are several online HeaTt M3 modules for Flow Control. They are organised by product line and are much more technical. Customer-facing and M&T employees are enrolled based on their technical needs. In 2023, people who completed the modules that were assigned to them spent over 3,845 hours in M3 training.

$Compliance \, training$

Compliance training gives our employees a clearer understanding of the scope of risks that exist as we conduct our business and gives context to how the Group expects each employee to respond to those risks.

The Board has set a target of at least 90% of targeted staff completing the annual Anti-Bribery and Corruption training. In 2023, 100% of the targeted staff completed this training.

Globalreward

Reward and recognition are integral components of our employee value proposition, enabling us to attract, engage and retain key talent and highly qualified employees. We are committed to creating reward and performance management systems which are transparent and objective.

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Our management Annual Incentive Plans are measured against both Vesuvius' financial targets and personal performance, an incentive structure consistent with that of our Executive Directors. The Vesuvius Share Plan for Executive Directors and Group Executive Committee members encourages robust decision-making based on long-term goals rather than short-term gains and works to align the interests of participants with those of shareholders.

In 2023, 99% of our salaried permanent employees undertook an annual performance review with their line management (2022: 98%).

${\sf Global\,mobility}$

Vesuvius operates worldwide. We believe that our companies should be managed and staffed by local personnel. However, we also provide selected groups of employees with a range of international assignments. These assignments are usually for a limited period, most often three years.

International assignees do not come from one or two countries alone. We have a truly international mix of nationalities in our mobile population. Individuals move not only within a region, but also between regions. Our mobility programme shows that our assignee population is as diverse as our Group.



Our communities

The secret landmark is the "Colosseum".

We seek to establish strong relationships with key stakeholders and sopport me communities in which we operate

A responsible company

Vesuvius is committed to making a positive contribution to society. As part of this, we focus on operating an ethical business with appropriate policies in place to ensure compliance with the regulations and laws in all our markets.

Governance and policies

Vesuvius' compliance policies underpin the principles set out in our Code of Conduct. They are the practical representation of our status as a good corporate citizen, and they assist employees to understand and comply with our ethical standards and the legal requirements of the jurisdictions in which we conduct our business. They also give practical guidance on how this can be achieved.

Human rights

The Group Human Rights and Labour Policy reflects the principles contained within the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Labour Organization's Fundamental Conventions on Labour Standards and the UN Global Compact, to which the Group is a signatory. The Policy sets out the principles for our actions and behaviour in conducting our business and provides guidance to those working for us on how we approach human rights issues. These principles have been integrated into the work of our procurement teams as we assess our suppliers and their business practices. The policy was reviewed and updated in 2022.

Prevention of slavery and human awareness training on child labour, slavery and/or human trafficking

During 2023, we published our eighth transparency statement outlining the Group's approach to the prevention of slavery and human trafficking in our business and supply chain. A copy of our latest statement is available to view on our website: www.vesuvius.com.

Since the publication of our first statement we have conducted a risk assessment of our purchasing activities, seeking to identify, by location and industry, where the potential risks of modern slavery are highest. Our assessment identified the following four industries that pose a higher risk of modern slavery for Vesuvius:

- 1 Mining and extractive industries (raw materials)
- 2 Textiles (personal protective equipment (PPE) and work clothing)
- 3 Transport and packaging
- 4 Maintenance, cleaning, agricultural work, and food preparation (contracted workers)

As our spend with mining and extractive industry suppliers is far greater than the other three industries, and the number and diversity of suppliers is the greatest, we have been focusing our efforts on these industries. We have deepened our investigation of higher-risk raw materials, based on the studies carried out by Drive Sustainability and the Responsible Minerals Initiative on the responsible sourcing of materials in the automotive and electronics industries, with which our portfolio of raw materials shares many commonalities.

We provided webinar training on modern slavery to our key purchasing staff and continued to use an online e-learning module to upgrade the training given to all supplier-facing staff. It provides key guidance on the red flags associated with modern slavery to assist them in identifying these during supplier visits and accreditation. Since the launch of the modern slavery red flag training we have trained 100% of the targeted staff.

See the Group's Statement on the Prevention of Slavery and Human Trafficking

 www.vesuvius.com/en/sustainability/ our-policies/statement-on-modern -slavery.html

Vesuvius' Human Rights Policy

Our policy expressly prohibits forced, compulsory or child labour in any form and applies to both ourselves and those who wish to work with us.

Our other commitments include:

- Health and Safety: to work towards our goal of zero injuries in the workplace
- Freedom of Association and right to collective bargaining: to respect our workers' democratic rights to participate or not participate in trade unions, or other collective bargaining organisations, without fear of intimidation, pressure or reprisal.
- Unlawful discrimination, harassment and abusive behaviours: to ensure that each employee and potential employee is treated with fairness and dignity and that discriminatory practices, or unwelcome verbal or physical conduct are not tolerated.
- Remuneration: to ensure that wages and benefits paid to employees shall meet legal or industry minimum standards
- Discipline policies: ensure proportionality of sanctions, with a range of potential disciplinary actions and procedural fairness

See the full policy on www.vesuvius.com for further details.

Business ethics/anti-bribery and corruption and working with third parties

Vesuvius' Code of Conduct affirms our commitment to competing vigorously, but honestly, and not seeking competitive advantage through unlawful means. We conduct ourselves ethically in all public affairs activities, in alignment with local laws and regulations. We do not engage in unfair competition, exchange commercially sensitive information with competitors, or acquire information regarding a competitor by inappropriate means. When received for business purposes, we safeguard third-party confidential information and use it only for the purpose for which it was provided.

We engage with selected third-party representatives and intermediaries in our business. We recognise that they can present an increased bribery and corruption risk. Our procedure on working with third parties clearly outlines our zero-tolerance approach to bribery and provides practical guidance for our employees in identifying concerns and how to report them.

Vesuvius engages with third-party sales agents, many of whom operate in countries where we do not have a physical presence. Our employees' use of, and interaction with, sales agents is supported by an ongoing training programme for those who have specific responsibility for these relationships.

As part of our communication around anti-bribery and ethics, employees are actively encouraged to consult on ethical issues. They have open access to the Compliance Director and Legal function who provide support on a regular basis.

During 2023, the Group continued the due diligence review of our third-party representatives and intermediaries. Following the prior years' enhanced reviews of sales agents, custom clearance agents, distributors and logistics providers, we conducted repeat due diligence. We also conducted due diligence on any new third parties introduced into the organisation.

Responsible sourcing

Vesuvius recognises the crucial role that its suppliers play in creating value in the products and services that Vesuvius ultimately provides to its customers. In addition to the consistent and timely supply of materials, products, and services which are of the highest quality, we expect our suppliers to operate in a manner that is appropriate, in terms of their ethical, legal, environmental and social responsibilities.

Principles

Overall, our objective is to encourage suppliers to implement a meaningful sustainability programme, embrace the UN Global Compact principles, evaluate and reduce our upstream CO_2 emissions and identify potential risks (and if necessary, address them) in our supply chain. The satisfaction of our customers' requirements, the safety and reliability of Vesuvius' products, and the efficiency of Vesuvius' internal processes are dependent on the reliability of its network of suppliers.

Vesuvius is committed to ensuring that we utilise high-quality raw materials, secured through reliable and well-developed raw material suppliers. The principles of sustainable procurement are prescribed within the Vesuvius Sustainable Procurement Policy and supported by supplementary processes.

Sustainable Procurement Policy

We operate a Sustainable Procurement Policy which outlines key criteria for suppliers. The policy uses the Group Procurement's 'Request for Quotation' (RFQ) process to engage a significant number of Vesuvius suppliers and is provided in conjunction with the Vesuvius Terms and Conditions of Purchase.

For suppliers to participate in the RFQ, they are obliged to accept and agree to the terms of the Sustainable Procurement Policy, as it forms an addendum to Vesuvius' standard contract clauses. Once accepted, it is the responsibility of the supplier to verify and monitor compliance against the policy – both for their operations and those of any sub-contractors. The full policy is available on the Vesuvius website.

Since its inception in 2021, 167 active vendors (74% of the targeted group participating in the RFQ process, 9% of the total number of active raw material suppliers), representing almost half of the raw material spend have formally pledged to comply with the policy.

Vesuvius' Sustainable Procurement Policy

The policy covers all suppliers of goods and/or services either used in our manufacturing processes and/or sold directly by us to customers, including Tolling and Resale suppliers. It applies to suppliers, their agents and their sub-contractors.

The major elements of the Sustainability Procurement Policy are:

- Employees and human rights
- Conflict minerals
- Ethical and compliant business practices
- Environment
- Quality
- Business continuity

See the full policy on www.vesuvius.com for further details.



A responsible company continued

$Supplier sustainability \, assessments \,$

As part of our sustainability agenda, Vesuvius has implemented a Supplier Sustainability Assessment programme, covering all suppliers of goods either used in our manufacturing processes and/or sold directly by us to customers, including Resale suppliers.

Vesuvius has partnered with an independent third-party service provider – EcoVadis – to rate our raw materials suppliers using a detailed set of criteria. These cover four themes and 21 criteria based on international standards: Labour and Human Rights; Ethics; Environment; and Sustainable Procurement.

In 2023, an additional eight (2022: 23) (Total to date: 126) employees from our Procurement teams received specific training on supplier sustainability assessments (100% of the target group).

The Board set a target to assess at least 50% of our raw material spend by the end of 2023. As the Group was on track to reach this target, the Sustainability Council set a new objective to assess at least 60% of our raw material spend by 2025. Selected criteria were chosen to select participating suppliers such as supplier size and risk metrics, including:

- Category of raw material
- Availability of alternative sources
- Share of supplier revenue with Vesuvius
- Grades in previous assessments
- New suppliers
- Supply chain incidents

Since its launch, 244 suppliers have joined the programme, representing 52% of the total raw material spend. Fewer than 1% of the suppliers assessed in 2023 did not reach Vesuvius' minimal EcoVadis score. We are requiring these suppliers to implement improvement actions within a three-year time frame. Progress will be monitored through routine evaluations and an annual reassessment. Across the crucial topics, the average total score of Vesuvius suppliers was 51.4, compared to an industry standard of 46.0.

Supplier CSR and Quality audits

Vesuvius conducts an annual Supplier Audit programme targeting their Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) practices, product quality and security of supply. The programme is led by the Group's Purchasing and Quality teams. The goal of the audits is to verify that our suppliers abide by fundamental principles regarding the environment and social practices, and reduce the number of quality issues that may affect our raw materials.

As part of this, we carry out on-site inspections, share expectations with our suppliers, identify risks, and adapt our internal controls accordingly. We encourage our suppliers to improve their own processes and help them prioritise actions to achieve this. Commencing in 2022, a number of 'red flag' items have been included in our on-site verification questionnaire, especially addressing human rights issues, such as child or forced labour, for which immediate escalation and investigation is required in case any breach is detected.

In 2023, 157 (2022: 139) audits were conducted (100% on-site), 13 follow-ups and 144 regular audits (2022: 3/136). 100% of the planned audits were carried out. No cases of human rights breaches were detected as part of the supplier audit check. 5.7% of audited suppliers received grades below threshold (2022: 0.7%). Whenever suppliers fail to meet the required standards, either action is taken to support them to improve or our relationship with them is terminated.

$Supplier \, sustainability \, assessment \, criteria \,$

Environment Energy consumption and GHGs Water Biodiversity Local and accidental pollution Materials, chemicals and waste Product use Product end-of-life Customer health and safety Environmental services and advocacy

Working conditions	
Social dialogue	
Career management	
and training	
Child labour, forced labour	
and human trafficking	

Labour and Human Rights

Employee health & safety

Diversity, discrimination and harassment External stakeholder human rights

Ethics

Corruption

Anti-competitive practices

Responsible information management

Sustainable Procurement

Supplier environmental practices

Supplier social practices

21 criteria based on international standards











Community engagement

Below are some examples of the many community programmes and activities our colleagues were involved in throughout 2023.

Supporting women and girls in STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics)

Vesuvius is focused on supporting women and girls to advance in engineering, technology, and other highly technical fields. In 2023, we continued the programmes that were started in 2022 as well as launching new initiatives.

- Vesuvius India sponsored ten female students from the College of Engineering, Pune. It also continued a three-year scholarship programme for nine women to pursue a bachelor's degree in engineering from the National Institute of Technology. In addition, Vesuvius India supported the Women's Club at the College of Engineering, which enabled students to access technical learning through online courses and participation in hackathons and leadership events
- In the USA, Vesuvius employees
 participated in conferences organised
 by the Association for Iron and Steel
 Technology, and the Society of Woman
 Engineers, to understand the challenges
 for women better, and to empower
 young female professionals to develop
 in the steel industry
- Vesuvius Vietnam partnered with the Material Technology Faculty of Ho Chi Minh University of Technology to host a Technical Day of Refractory Application in Steelmaking to inspire students and highlight career opportunities for women in this field

Charity initiatives

- Vesuvius sites in Brazil, Mexico, the USA and Poland organised the collection of food, Christmas gifts, money and other donations to support the poorest members of our communities
- Vesuvius sites in France, India and Poland participated in sports and other types of events to raise funds for health programmes and not-for-profit organisations
- Our colleagues in Germany and Ukraine collected donations for the victims of war and natural disasters
- In India, our colleagues supported the provision of medical aid for people infected with HIV and AIDS, those affected by drug abuse and children with cerebral palsy

Supporting education

- Our sites in Mexico and India supported the development of school infrastructure with equipment donations
- In Brazil and India we gave donations and scholarships to support the education of underprivileged children
- In the USA we sponsored the Carnegie Science Center

Family programmes

- Our sites in China, India, Poland and Mexico hosted family days and end-of-year celebrations, with food and entertainment for employees and their families
- A number of our sites also held occasional events for employees' children, including Sinterklaas in Belgium, activities and entertainment in our offices in Poland and factory visits organised on Children's Day in Brazil
- Competitions on safety and the environment were held for employees' children at our sites in Brazil,
 China, Egypt, Poland and the United Arab Emirates
- Scholarships are provided for the children of employees in Mexico

Cooperation with local authorities to develop Vesuvius employees

- In the United Arab Emirates, a Waste Management awareness session was held with the Waste Management Authority
- In the USA, a training session was held with the State Police Department on how to react and behave in case of dangerous situations with an active shooter
- At our sites in Germany, India and the USA, safety training and fire drill simulations were held with the local fire brigades

Joint activities with local authorities undertaken for the benefit of our communities

- In India, consultations about environmental programmes were held by the government
- Visits to Vesuvius' manufacturing sites were organised for the County Industrial Association in China and the local members of parliament in Australia and the UK
- In India, we also supported the clean up of a public beach

Our stakeholders and Section 172(1) Statement

Effective engagement with stakeholders is critical to the success of the Group

Vesuvius recognises that effective engagement with stakeholders is vital to the Group's success. Understanding the needs and priorities of key stakeholders, and building strong and positive relationships with them, lies at the heart of Vesuvius' business.

Section 172 of the Companies Act 2006 codifies this engagement, requiring the Board to promote the success of the Company over the long term for the benefit of members as a whole, whilst having regard to other key stakeholders' interests.

In performing its duties, the Board focuses on the sustainable success of the Group and the existence of a culture that supports this success. The Board recognises that, in seeking to maintain long-term profitability, the Group is reliant on the support of all of its stakeholders, including the Group's workforce, its customers, suppliers and the communities in which its businesses operate.

When taking key decisions the Board balances the competing interests of different stakeholders with an overriding focus on ensuring the long-term success of the Group. The Board confirms that it has acted in accordance with the Section 172 requirements throughout the year.

Examples of how the Board considered stakeholders' interests in some of the key decisions it took during 2023 are given below.

Capital Markets Day -Strategic Objectives

In November 2023, the Company held a Capital Markets Day to update investors on the Company's strategic progress and to outline the Company's near-term strategic objectives: to outperform the Group's underlying markets; reach a return on sales margin of at least 12.5% in 2026, with a further cost improvement target of £30m; and deliver strong cash generation with a cumulative free cash flow target of at least £400m between 2024 and 2026.

The Board considered the strategic messaging for the Capital Markets Day, reflecting on investors' views, and the catalysts to secure the sustainable success of the Group. In setting these challenging targets the Board was cognisant of the need to focus on the ongoing financial strength of the Group to the benefit of all stakeholders. It was recognised that further cost reductions, and investment in production automation, would need to be secured, to sustain this success.

Share Buyback

In December 2023, the Board approved a share buyback programme to purchase up to £50 million in value of the Company's shares, with the shares acquired to be cancelled to reduce the Company's share capital.

The decision to launch the share buyback was taken after a careful analysis of the strength of the Company's Balance Sheet, and the ongoing longer-term financial requirements of the business.

The Board considered the views of the Company's shareholders and the impact that the purchase would have on other investors, concluding that it would send a positive public signal that the Company was performing well and would benefit all of the Group's stakeholders.

A buyback was chosen over, for example, a tender offer or special dividend, reflecting the preference of shareholders and advice from brokers, as a structure that equally benefits all shareholders over a sustained period. Over the course of the programme, the buyback is expected to be modestly EPS accretive and as such will enhance TSR in the event that our trading valuation multiple is maintained. The impact of the buyback is recognised in the Company's budget and as such it is reflected in the Group's incentive targets.

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The secret instrument is a "drum".

Our stakeholders

Given the diversity of the Group, engagement with most stakeholders takes place locally or is managed by specialist Group functions. The Board maintains oversight of this engagement through its briefings on the dynamics of key relationships and stakeholder groups, and also engages directly as appropriate.

The Group's key stakeholder groups, reflecting those who have the biggest impact on the business, and our modes of engagement are outlined in the tables below.

Why this stakeholder is important to us

Ourpeople

With our decentralised management model, the dedication and professionalism of our people, their capacity to own their roles and their drive for results are the most significant contributors to Vesuvius' success. We focus on the health and safety of all our staff, and operate with a clear set of CORE Values that are embedded across the business.

We engage with our people, encouraging and rewarding high performance to create an environment where all can realise their individual potential.

$Is suesthat \, matter \, to \, them \,$

- Health and safety
- Diversity and inclusion
- Remuneration and recognition
- International mobility
- Management support
- Development and retention
- Career opportunities
- Sustainability performance

Our response and engagement

We have a fundamental focus on health and safety and the care of all employees

There is continuing dialogue between employees and their managers, including the conduct of regular performance reviews

We operate a competitive remuneration and benefits strategy, emphasising talent development with tailored career-stage programmes

Living the Values and other award schemes celebrate individual achievements in the demonstration of our Values and processes

Our global communication mechanisms include an intranet, global email communications and a Vesuvius news app, alongside forums such as local 'town hall' meetings

The Group operates local works councils, recognises trade unions and has re-established its European Works Council

Wide-ranging internal training is offered on key job-related issues, with programmes such as the Vesuvius University – HeaTt – and the Foseco University

How the Board engaged in 2023

At every Board meeting the Board received a report on the Group's performance against health and safety KPIs and reviewed, in detail, the circumstances of any Lost Time Injuries that had been reported

The Board reviewed the specific HR objectives for each Business Unit and monitored the initiatives being implemented to develop, retain and motivate employees, and improve succession planning

The Remuneration Committee was informed of global salary budgets and oversaw the Group's share compensation programmes

The Nomination Committee monitored the Group's progress on diversity objectives and reviewed senior management development and succession planning

Carla Bailo served as the designated Non-executive Director responsible for workforce engagement. She oversaw the Board's engagement activities, including the programme of site visits undertaken by Directors to meet Vesuvius employees 'on the ground' and to hear firsthand about their experiences

The Board reviewed the results of the I-Engage survey and the follow-up actions proposed

The Board reviewed the nature and volume of reports received by the confidential Speak Up helpline

Our stakeholders continued

Why this stakeholder is important to us

Customers

Engaging with, and listening to, our customers helps us to understand their needs and identify opportunities and challenges. Collaborating with our customers enables us to drive value for them, using our expertise to improve the safety and efficiency of their manufacturing processes, enhancing their end-product quality and reducing their costs.

Issues that matter to them

- Health and safety
- Production efficiency
- Value generation
- Product quality and performance
- Innovation and provision of solutions
- Environmental performance

Our response and engagement

Our business model focuses on collaboration with customers to provide customised solutions. We employ highly skilled technical experts who understand our customers' needs, and can identify opportunities and solutions for them

We help our customers improve the safety, energy efficiency, yield and reliability of their processes

We engage with customers on safety leadership and support their training requirements

Our extensive R&D capability, deep product knowledge and long-standing steel and foundry process expertise enable us to partner with customers to innovate and adapt to their changing needs

We maintain senior-level dialogue with all key customers, and establish customer relationships on a global basis as required, complemented by a broad local servicing capability

We provide technical customer training, including operating the Foseco University, and participate in industry forums and events

How the Board engaged in 2023

The Chief Executive maintained a regular dialogue with a range of the Group's key customers, holding face-to-face meetings with nine of them

The full Board visited a key customer in Brazil, as part of its off-site Board meeting

The Board received a briefing on the Group's end-markets and the dynamics of the Group's relationships with its customers, including information on pricing discussions

At every Board meeting, the Board reviewed information on the Group's performance against key manufacturing quality targets and was provided with updates on actions undertaken to rectify any significant quality issues or customer complaints

The Board received updates on the steps being taken by the Group to respond to customers' ongoing requirements, and the research and development, marketing and new product launch strategies being actioned to respond to these

Suppliers and contractors

Maintaining a flexible workforce through the use of contractors and cost-effective access to high-quality raw materials is vital to our success. Our suppliers and contractors are critical to our business.

Issues that matter to them

- Operational performance
- Responsible procurement
- Trust and ethics
- Payment practices

Vesuvius conducts regular visits to key suppliers

Senior-level relationships are built with all large suppliers

All suppliers/brokers for major raw materials have regular interaction with the Global Purchasing Team

Our purchasing and supplier-facing staff receive training on modern slavery to assist them in identifying any issues

Dedicated category directors build long-term relationships and product expertise for key raw materials

Vesuvius operates a Sustainable Procurement Policy which sets out the standards that suppliers must adopt in order to supply the Group. We conduct a rigorous and consistent supplier accreditation procedure to ensure compliance with these standards

The Board received a briefing on the Group's suppliers

The Board received updates on the strategy for logistics and the sourcing of raw materials together with key concerns and performance issues

The Board monitored the Group's compliance activities and approved the Group's annual Modern Slavery Statement

Why this stakeholder is important to us

Investors

The support of our equity and debt investors, and continued access to funding, is vital to the performance of our business. We work to ensure that our investors and lenders have a clear understanding of our strategy, performance and objectives, recognising that supportive investors are more likely to provide the Company with funds for expansion. We engage with lenders to ensure that we have clear knowledge and awareness of market sensitivities and trends, and comply with our contractual obligations.

Issues that matter to them

- Shareholder value
- Financial and operational performance
- Strategy and business development
- Dividend and gearing policy
- Sustainability strategy and performance
- Governance
- Transparency and ethical behaviour

Our response and engagement

Vesuvius' Investor Relations strategy is managed by our Head of Investor Relations. She, along with the Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive, hold regular meetings with key and prospective investors

The Group Treasurer and CFO hold regular meetings with key personnel from banks and other lenders who provide the Group's debt funding. The Group Treasury function also maintains an ongoing dialogue with key relationship banks and other local banks in the countries in which Vesuvius operates

The Group's Annual Report provides an overview of the Group's activities. Regular announcements and press releases are published to provide updates on the Group's performance and progress

There is ongoing dialogue with the Company's analysts to address enquiries and promote the business

In November 2023, the Group undertook a Capital Markets Day where key strategic messages were communicated to investors

How the Board engaged in 2023

The Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer held meetings with key and prospective investors

The Board received copies of key analysts' notes issued on the Company

The Chairman met with shareholders and potential new investors as required

Ahead of the 2023 AGM, the Chair of the Remuneration Committee contacted the Group's largest shareholders and governance agencies, to invite their feedback on proposed amendments to the Group's Remuneration Policy. Extensive dialogue took place and a number of meetings were held to discuss the proposals

The Directors attended the AGM to meet with shareholders

Communities

We are committed to maintaining positive relationships with the communities in which we operate. Our social responsibility activities complement our Values and we encourage our employees to engage with communities and groups local to our operations.

Issues that matter to them

- Career opportunities
- Operational performance
- Transparency and ethical behaviour
- Environmental performance

We provide work experience and internships to local university students and school children

We maintain contact with universities to identify local talent and our businesses attend careers fairs and provide student work placements and internships

Many of our sites sponsor local charitable activities and participate in local volunteering initiatives

We maintain clear oversight and control of the environmental impact of our production sites

We have a clear strategy for carbon reduction in our manufacturing processes

The Board received biannual updates on the Group's sustainability activities

Environmental agencies and organisations

Good environmental management is aligned with our focus on cost optimisation, operational excellence and long-term business sustainability. We engage with appropriate organisations to ensure that we are complying with regulatory requirements, and to publicise our performance.

Issues that matter to them

- Governance and transparency
- Operational performance
- Reporting on performance metrics
- Environmental performance

 $Vesuvius is \, a \, signatory \, to \, the \, UN \, Global \, Compact$

We publish a full Sustainability Report online which can be accessed via Vesuvius' website

We regularly engage with government agencies who visit our sites and carry out inspections

We respond to environmental research as part of our customers' and suppliers' due diligence processes

We engage with rating agencies and respond to environmental and social responsibility research and questionnaires

The Board monitored progress on the Group's Sustainability KPIs and reviewed longer-term plans on sustainability initiatives, including the journey to net zero

The Board received biannual presentations from the VP Sustainability on the Group's progress against its sustainability targets and updates on its ESG ratings

The Board and Audit Committee monitored the Group's progress with its TCFD compliance

Risk, viability and going concern

The Group undertakes a continuous process to review and understand existing and emerging risks which might impact the Group's long-term performance.

How we manage risk

The Board exercises oversight of the Group's principal risks and reviews the way in which the Group manages those risks. As part of this process the Board (i) understands which individuals within the business are responsible for managing each principal risk; and (ii) reviews and, where appropriate, updates, the Group's appetite for each principal risk and assesses the adequacy of the steps taken to mitigate them.

The Board takes overall responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of risk management and internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness.
The Group undertakes a continuous process to identify and review risk and this assessment undergoes a formal review at half-year and at year-end.
The risks identified by the business are compiled centrally to deliver a coordinated picture of the Group's key risks. These risks are then reviewed by the Group Executive Committee.

An integral part of the Group's risk management process is for each Non-executive Director to contribute their view on the principal risks facing the Group, the risk appetite the Group should have for each of these risks and what emerging risks the Group might face in the future. These contributions are overlaid on the Group's assessment of risks to build a comprehensive analysis of existing and emerging risks. In this way, the Directors' views on each of the principal risks and on emerging risks in general, are independently gathered and integrated into management discussions and actions taken on risk.

The Group's risk process covers both financial and non-financial risks, and considers the risks associated with the impact of the Group's activities on employees, customers, suppliers, the environment, local communities and wider society.

The Directors undertake regular, individual site visits and they believe this direct engagement with employees is an effective way to hear firsthand about issues, concerns and potential risks.

More details on the site visits undertaken in 2023 can be found on page 86.

During 2023, the Group conducted an externally facilitated review of its current and emerging risks. In person and remote interviews were held with a wide range of senior managers to ensure an appropriate breadth of response. A register of all material risks identified was prepared, alongside detail on emerging risk trends. This register was reviewed by the Group Executive Committee and the Audit Committee. It provided senior management and the Board with an additional level of detail with which to assess the appropriateness of the Group's principal risks and uncertainties, and enabled a more granular review of the processes and mitigations in place for these risks.

Changes to risk in 2023

We detail below changes during 2023 to the scale or nature of risks facing the Group. As in previous years, certain aspects of the Group's principal risks materialised, noting that in each case the business impact was limited by the mitigations already in place and by the Group's risk management processes. We also detail the emerging risks facing the Group to which we remain vigilant.

Geopolitical tension

Increasing geopolitical tensions during the year adversely impacted two of our principal risks: business interruption and the regulatory environment. The war in Ukraine continued to promote increased regulatory activity in the UK, EU and USA, which continued to impact the business and was closely monitored to ensure that we reflected these new developments in our business. Additionally, the conflict in the Middle East (including the recent impact on shipping in the Red Sea) increased the risk of an interruption to our supply chain. This impacted the cost and timing of certain inbound and outbound freight and we worked closely with our intermediaries and insurers to understand and minimise the impact on our business.

During the year we also paid close attention to wider geopolitical dynamics, as these could push certain of the countries in which we operate to adopt a more protectionist approach. We capture this in our principal risk of protectionism and globalisation.

Cyber

Cyber security remains a critical component of our business interruption risk. As previously disclosed, in February 2023, the Group was the subject of a cyber incident involving unauthorised access to our IT systems. We shut down our systems on a precautionary basis and our sites implemented their business continuity plans; as a result we incurred only a minimal level of business interruption.

In order to mitigate further the business interruption risk arising from this constantly evolving threat we have accelerated the implementation of our cyber security strategy and in 2023, we upgraded our third-party access solutions, further developed our network infrastructure and implemented additional layers of protection for our systems.

During the year we worked with leading cyber security experts to enhance our systems and expanded the scale and scope of our security verifications. We also conducted a range of additional tests and simulations to improve the control environment. We continued to work on cyber security awareness through ongoing employee training and conducted additional training during the year to ensure that the correct behaviours in terms of cyber risk are clearly understood.

Recruitment

Post pandemic challenges remain in many of our labour markets, including the ability to recruit high calibre individuals in a competitive environment, particularly for manufacturing roles. We also continue to see a reduction in the promotion of material science teaching within our developed markets; this may further reduce the availability of suitably qualified candidates going forward.

End-markets

The underlying strength of Vesuvius' end-markets was discussed extensively at our recent Capital Markets Day. Whilst short-term volatility in our markets is likely to continue, we believe that our end-markets of Steel and Foundry are structurally set to grow in the longer term. The Group is well placed to manage short-term impacts with its flexible manufacturing footprint, geographically diversified revenue streams and strong financial position.

Emerging risks

We are focused on the increased use of artificial intelligence as part of our wider strategy on digitalisation, to ensure we leverage the benefits to the fullest extent whilst minimising any adverse impact.

The secret food is "fries". Markets Day,

from outside our traditional developed markets. We will continue to focus on this emerging trend, investing in markets with high future growth and ensuring that we remain sufficiently dynamic and responsive to take advantage of future growth opportunities.

Consumers, employees and other stakeholders in many countries are increasingly focused on the impact of businesses on society and the environment. With this there is a growing regulatory demand on businesses for transparency in this area. Vesuvius already has a set of broad Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) commitments and has long been focused on driving efficiency in our customers' processes, with our products now clearly seen as having environmental/climate benefits. However, the reporting obligations in this area and the increasing pressure on the need for external assurance in these areas, are expected to increase in both cost and complexity in the coming years.

Further information on the Group's ESG commitments can be found in the Non-Financial and Sustainability Information Statement on pages 32-67.

Finally, we committed at the end of 2023 to make annualised cost savings of £30m by 2026 and we will remain disciplined to ensure this saving is achieved. Part of this efficiency saving is enabled by the ongoing implementation of a new Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system in certain countries. The Group is aware of the challenges associated with an ERP implementation and will manage these closely to minimise the risk of business interruption and cost overruns and to ensure that the operational efficiencies envisaged are delivered on a timely basis.

All of these issues could represent disruptors to our business. We remain focused on each of them through our risk identification and management processes as well as on the management of any other new risks that emerge during 2024.

Principal risks

In 2023, the Board did not identify any new principal risks or any material changes to the Group's previously identified principal risks and uncertainties. These principal risks and uncertainties are set out on pages 77 and 78 and are those the Board considers to be most relevant in terms of their potential impact on the Group achieving its strategic objectives. Each principal risk could materially affect the Group, its businesses, future operations and financial condition, and could cause actual results to differ materially from expected or historical results. Principal risks are not the only ones that the Group faces or will face. Some risks are not yet known and some currently not deemed to be material could become so.

Cyber security

The processes and controls to manage the constantly evolving cyber security threat are a significant area of focus for the Group. Members of the GEC, Group IT and senior management meet regularly to manage operational cyber risks. These risks were thrown into sharp focus for the Group in 2023, as a result of the cyber attack we suffered in February.

The Board oversees the Group's control systems for managing cyber risk and together with the Audit Committee receives regular updates on the Group's activities in this respect.

Cyber risks are integrated within the Group's risk management processes and form part of its Business Continuity Plan (BCP). The Group also maintains a Disaster Recovery Plan to address any network, data centre or IT infrastructure issue. The Group's Incident Handling and Response Policy ensures we maintain appropriate visibility of all network infrastructure.

The Group takes a holistic approach to addressing cyber challenges, focusing on improving our IT infrastructure, including our OT environments, as well as our IT procedures and data governance. We run regular training programmes on cyber security and conduct regular cyber security risk assessments, including scenario analysis to mitigate the business impact of any downtime, and increase awareness of social engineering fraud and system access through poor security behaviour. We also perform in-house and externally conducted vulnerability/ penetrative testing, comparing the results with industry benchmarks to improve our processes and undertake an ongoing external assessment of our cyber security resilience and maturity.

Risk, viability and going concern continued

Climate change

The Group's risk management processes consider the potential impact of climate-related risks. The Group does not regard climate change itself to represent a material stand-alone risk to the Group's operations.

Whilst a significant proportion of the Group's revenue is generated from steel manufacture and automotive castings, industries that are under transition as a result of the focus on improving environmental performance, we believe these changes will, overall, be positive for the Group. The Group's business strategy is based on helping our customers improve their manufacturing efficiency and the quality of their products, thereby reducing their climate impact. We also envisage benefits for the Group from the acceleration of the energy transition, as this will create continued demand for the high-quality steel produced using Vesuvius' products and solutions.

One of the Group's principal risks is Environmental, Social and Governance criteria. This captures our sustainability performance and our customers' sustainability transition and recognises the impact Vesuvius can have on reducing the environmental impact of our customers. The Group recognises that climate change could present uncertainty for the Group in terms of increased regulation and the evolution of the geographical distribution of our customer base. Further information about the Group's consideration of climate-related risks and opportunities can be found in the Our planet section of the Non-Financial and Sustainability Information Statement on pages 39-55.

Risk mitigation

Each principal risk is owned by specific members of senior management who actively manage the risk as well as contributing to the analysis of its likelihood and impact, and continually monitoring the process for mitigation. This analysis is reported to the Board. Risks are analysed in the context of our business structure which protects against certain of our principal risks with diverse currencies, a widespread customer base and local production matching the diversity of our markets. Additionally, we mitigate risk through employee training and our contractual terms. Our processes are not designed to eliminate risk, but to identify our principal risks and to reduce them to a reasonable level in the context of delivering the Group's strategy.

Business continuity and insurance

In partnership with risk management advisers and our insurers, we seek to identify the most effective means of reducing or eliminating insurable risks, through risk management and the placing of insurance cover.

Our insurer property loss control programme is based upon insurer loss modelling and focuses on insured losses. The insurer's loss control engineers undertake a series of on-site inspections focused on machinery breakdown, fire, natural catastrophe and other property damage and business interruption risks. These surveys yield a series of loss-reduction recommendations. The execution of these recommendations is agreed with site management and followed through to completion.

In parallel, Vesuvius' own loss management programme focuses on strategic sites and sites that are not routinely covered by the insurer programme. Assisted by an independent consultant, we undertake property loss control and business continuity surveys using Vesuvius' bespoke risk and exposure-based protocol. These reports yield further risk reduction recommendations, and improvement actions are agreed and completed by site management.

To support the Group's loss control activities, risk management workshops are conducted covering loss prevention, emergency planning, crisis management and business recovery. Business continuity planning is also conducted to ensure there is sufficient resilience in the Group's manufacturing network to address individual supply interruptions.

Internal control

The Group's internal control system is designed to manage, rather than eliminate, the risks facing the Group and safeguard its assets. No system of internal control can provide absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Group's system is designed to provide the Directors with reasonable assurance that problems are identified on a timely basis and are dealt with appropriately.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control, including financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management systems. The key features of the Group's system of internal control are set out in the table opposite.

Reviewing the effectiveness of risk management and internal control

The internal control system covers the Group as a whole and is monitored and supported by the Group's Internal Audit function, which conducts reviews of Vesuvius' businesses and reports objectively both on the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of internal control and on those businesses' compliance with Group policies and procedures. The Audit Committee receives reports from the Group Head of Internal Audit and reports to the Board on the results of its review.

The Group also conducts a self-certification exercise by which senior financial, operational and functional management certify the compliance, throughout the year, of the areas under their responsibility with the Group's policies and procedures and highlight any material issues that have occurred during the year.

As part of the Board's process for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control, it delegates certain matters to the Audit Committee. Following the Audit Committee's review of internal financial controls and of the processes covering other controls, the Board annually evaluates the results of the internal control and risk management procedures conducted by senior management. Since the date of this evaluation, there have been no significant changes in internal controls or other matters identified which could significantly affect them.

In accordance with the provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code, the Directors confirm that they have carried out a robust assessment of the principal and emerging risks facing the Company, including those that threaten its business model, future performance, solvency or liquidity. They have also reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control and confirm that the necessary actions have been taken to remedy any control weaknesses identified during the year and to the date of this report.

Further detail regarding the Audit Committee's review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems is contained in the Audit Committee Report on pages 93-101.

Key features of risk management and internal control

Strategyand

Comprehensive strategic planning and forecasting process

y the Board

secret kitchen appliance is a "toaster"

onthly operating tinancial information reported against budget

Key trends and variances analysed and action taken as appropriate

Vesuvius GAAP

Accounting policies and procedures formulated and disseminated to all Group operations

Covers the application of accounting standards, the maintenance of accounting records and key financial control procedures

Operational controls

Operating companies and corporate offices maintain internal controls and procedures appropriate to their structure and business environment

Compliance with Group policies on items such as authorisation of capital expenditure, treasury transactions, the management of intellectual property and legal/regulatory issues

Use of common accounting policies and procedures, and financial reporting software used in financial reporting and consolidation

Significant financing and investment decisions reserved to the Board

Monitoring by the Board of policy and control mechanisms for managing treasury risk

Clearly delegated authority for capital expenditure, purchasing, customer contracts and hiring

Health and safety audits

Board review of product quality metrics

Risk assessment and management

Continuous process for identifying, evaluating and managing any significant risks

Risk management process designed to identify the key risks facing each business

Reports made to the Board on how those risks are managed

Top-down risk identification undertaken at Group Executive Committee and Board meetings

Board review of insurance and other measures used in managing risks across the Group

The Board is notified of major issues and makes an annual assessment of whether risks have changed

Ongoing assurance processes by the legal function and Internal Audit including the annual self-certification process

Externally supported Speak Up whistleblowing line

Internal Audit

Reviews Vesuvius' businesses and reports on the adequacy and effectiveness of their systems of internal control and compliance with Group policies and procedures

Agrees action plans for the resolution of any improvement actions identified by their audits, and monitors with local management and the Business Unit Presidents, progress through until completion

Reports to the Audit Committee on the results of each audit and provides regular updates on high-priority action items

The Audit Committee discusses the key risks identified by Internal Audit

Risk, viability and going concern continued

Viability Statement

In accordance with the UK Corporate Governance Code, the Directors have assessed the viability of the Group over a three-year period to 31 December 2026, taking into account the Group's current position and the potential impact of the principal risks and uncertainties. The Directors have determined that three years is an appropriate period over which to provide the Viability Statement because this is the Company's planning cycle and it is sufficiently funded by financing facilities with average maturity terms of approximately four years. The projected cash flows for the next three years have been based on the latest Board-approved budgets and Capital Markets Day financial projections.

In making this statement, the Directors have carried out a robust assessment of the principal risks that may threaten the business model, future performance, solvency and liquidity of the Group. This is embodied in the annual review of a three-year business plan which includes a review of sensitivity to 'business as usual' risks, such as profit growth and working capital variances, severe but plausible events and the impact these could have on the Group's debt covenants and available liquidity. The results take account of the availability and likely effectiveness of the mitigating actions that could be taken to avoid or reduce the impact or occurrence of the underlying risks. Whilst the review has considered all the principal risks identified by the Group, the following were selected for enhanced stress testing: an unexpected global supply chain disruption leading to increased lead times and business interruption due to the unplanned closure of a key production facility. The Group's prudent balance sheet management, flexible cost base able to react quickly to end-market conditions, access to long-term capital at reasonable cost and geographically diversified international businesses leave it well placed to manage these principal risks.

In performing the stress testing, certain assumptions were made, including that supply chain disruption would lead to a need for increased inventory levels over multiple years; and the loss of a production facility would, after the recovery of production capacity, result in certain sustained customer losses. Any loan facility requiring refinancing was considered to be renewed ahead of its maturity date. The Group's committed syndicated bank facility of £385.0m, of which £333.4m was undrawn at the end of 2023, matures in August 2026 (see note 24.2(d) to the Group Financial Statements). Under the enhanced stress testing, a potential breach of a covenant would only occur in the event of an unforeseen reduction in revenue of greater than 27%, without consideration of any remedial factors such as capital expenditure reduction. Accordingly, the Directors confirm that they have a reasonable expectation that the Group will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the three-year period to 31 December 2026. Furthermore, the Board believes that the Group continues to be well positioned for success in the longer term because of our exposure to long-term growing end-markets; our market-leading position that is supported by ongoing investment in innovation and R&D; our strong degree of customer intimacy with around a third of our employees working at customer facilities; and the focus we have on building quality teams with clear organisational responsibility.

Going concern statement

The Group's available committed liquidity stood at £488m at year-end 2023, down from £494m at year-end 2022. The Directors have prepared cash flow forecasts for the Group for the period to 30 June 2025. These forecasts reflect an assessment of current and future end-market conditions, which are expected to be challenging in 2024 and to recover thereafter, (as set out in

the 'outlook' statement in the Chief Executive's Strategic Review in this document), and their impact on the Group's future trading performance.

The Directors have also considered a severe but plausible downside scenario, based on an assumed volume decline and loss of profitability over the period. This downside scenario assumes:

- A reduction in trading profit by 35%, equating to £70m in both 2024 and 2025 relative to 2023. This is through an assumed decline in revenue of 4% and a reduction in the return on sales margin by 3.3%, from 10.4% to 7.1%; and
- Working capital as a percentage of sales deteriorating by 0.6% compared to 2023.

The Group has two covenants; net debt/EBITDA (under 3.25x) and an interest cover requirement of at least 4.0x. In this downside scenario, the forecasts show that the Group's maximum net debt/EBITDA (pre-IFRS 16 in line with the covenant calculation) does not exceed 1.6x, compared to a leverage covenant of 3.25x, and the minimum interest cover reached is 18x compared to a covenant minimum of 4x.

The forecasts show that the Group will be able to operate within the current committed debt facilities and show continued compliance with the Company's financial covenants. On the basis of the exercise described above and the Group's available committed debt facilities, the Directors consider that the Group and the Company have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements and that there is no material uncertainty in respect of going concern. Accordingly, they continue to adopt a going concern basis in preparing the financial statements of the Group and the Company.

Viability process

Identify

Viability time horizon and risk analysis framework

Assess

Principal risks and stress scenarios

Model

Viability against risk scenarios, examining probabilities and impacts

Report

See Viability Statement

Principal risks and uncertainties

Risk

End-marketrisks

Vesuvius suffers an unplanned drop in demand, revenue and/or margin because of market volatility beyond its control.

Strategic Value alignment



Potential impact

Unplanned drop in demand and/or revenue due to reduced production by our customers

Margin reduction

Customer failure leading to increased bad debts

Loss of market share to competition

Cost pressures at customers leading to use of cheaper solutions

Mitigation

 ${\sf Geographic\, diversification\, of\, revenues}$

 $Product\,innovation\,and\,service\,offerings\,securing\,long-term$ revenue streams and maintaining performance differential

Increase in service and product lines by the development of the

R&D includes assessment of emerging technologies

Manufacturing capacity rationalisation and flexible cost base

 $Diversified \, customer \, base: no \, customer \, is \, greater \, than \, 10\% \, of \, revenue$

Robust credit and working capital control to mitigate the risk of default by counterparties

Protectionism and globalisation

The Vesuvius business model cannot adapt or respond quickly enough to threats from protectionism and globalisation.

Strategic Value alignment



Restricted access to market due to enforced preference of local suppliers

Increased barriers to entry for new businesses or expansion

Increased costs from import duties, taxation or tariffs

Loss of market share

Highly diversified manufacturing footprint with manufacturing sites located in 26 countries

 $Strong\ local\ management\ with\ delegated\ authority\ to\ run$ their businesses and manage customer relationships

Tax risk management and control framework together with a strong control of inter-company trading

Product quality failure

Vesuvius staff/contractors are injured at work or customers, staff or third parties suffer physical injury or financial loss because of failures in Vesuvius products.

Strategic Value olignment







Injury to staff and contractors

Product or application failures lead to adverse financial impact or loss of reputation as technology leader

Incident at customer plant causes manufacturing downtime or damage

Customer claims from product quality issues

Quality management programmes including stringent quality control standards, monitoring and reporting

 ${\sf Experienced}\, technical\, staff\, knowledgeable\, in\, the\, application$ of our products and technology

Targeted global insurance programme

Experienced internal legal function overseeing third-party contracting

Complex and changing regulatory environment

Vesuvius experiences a contracting customer base or increased transaction and administrative costs due to compliance with changing regulatory requirements.

Strategic Value alignment





Revenue reduction from reduced end-market access

Disruption of supply chain and route to market

Increased internal control processes

Increased frequency of regulatory investigations

Reputational damage

Trade restrictions

Compliance programmes and training across the Group

Independent Internal Audit function

Experienced internal legal function including dedicated

Global procurement category management of strategic

Failure to secure innovation

Vesuvius fails to achieve continuous improvement in its products, systems and services.

Strategic Value alignment







Product substitution by customers

Increased competitive pressure through lack of differentiation of Vesuvius offering

Commoditisation of product portfolio through lack of development

Lack of response to changing customer needs

Loss of intellectual property protection

Enduring and significant investment in R&D, with market-leading research

A shared strategy for innovation throughout the Group, deployed via our R&D centres

Stage-gate process from innovation to commercialisation to foster innovation and increase alignment with strategy

 $Programme\ of\ manufacturing\ and\ process\ excellence$

Quality programme, focused on quality and consistency

Stringent intellectual property registration and defence

Strategic Value alignment



Safety Better environments and outcomes for Vesuvius staff



Quality Optimised products driving better steel, and better castings



Efficiency Cheaper casting and steel through reduction of input costs



Sustainability Less energy usage and fewer CO₂ emissions in our processes and our customers' processes



Rewarding careers We encou We encourage and reward high performance to create an environment where all can realise their individual potential



Return for investors Optimised pricing and market share gains driving improved profitability

See more about Our business model on p20 and 21

Principal risks and uncertainties continued

Risk

Business interruption

Vesuvius loses production capacity or experiences supply chain disruption due to physical site damage (accident, fire, natural disaster, terrorism), or other events such as industrial action, cyber attack or global health crises.

Strategic Value alignment



People, culture and performance

Vesuvius is unable to attract and retain the right calibre of staff, fails to instil an appropriate culture or fails to embed the right systems to drive personal performance in pursuit of the Group's long-term growth.

Strategic Value alignment





Potential impact

Loss/closure of a major plant temporarily or permanently impairing our ability to serve our customers

Damage to or restriction in our ability to use assets

Denial of access to critical systems or control processes

Disruption of manufacturing processes

Inability to source critical

Loss of data, leading to confidentiality, regulatory and reputational issues

Mitigation

Diversified manufacturing footprint

Disaster recovery planning

Business continuity planning with strategic maintenance of

Physical and IT access controls, security systems and training

Cyber risks integrated into wider risk management structure

Well-established global insurance programme

Group-wide safety management programmes

Dual sourcing strategy and development of substitutes

Organisational culture of high performance is not achieved

Staff turnover in growing economies and regions

Stagnation of ideas and development opportunities

Loss of expertise and critical business knowledge

Reduced management pipeline for succession to senior positions

Internal focus on talent development and training with tailored career-stage programmes and clear performance management strategies

Contacts with universities to identify and develop talent

Career path planning and global opportunities for high-potential staff

Internal programmes for the structured transfer of technical and other knowledge

Clearly defined Values underpin business culture

Group focus on enhancing gender diversity

Health and safety

Vesuvius staff or contractors are injured at work or suffer mental health issues because of failures in Vesuvius' operations, equipment, policies or processes.

Strategic Value alignment







Health and safety breaches

Lack of staff availability and operational downtime

Inability to attract and retain

Reputational damage

Active safety programmes, with ongoing wide-ranging monitoring and safety training

Independent safety audit team

Quality management programmes including stringent manufacturing process control standards, monitoring and reporting

Environmental, Social and Governance criteria

Vesuvius fails to capitalise on the opportunity to help its customers significantly reduce their carbon emissions as environmental pressure grows on the steel industry or Vesuvius fails to meet the expectations of its various stakeholders including employees and investors.

Strategic Value alignment





Loss of opportunity to grow sales

Loss of opportunity to increase margin

Loss of stakeholder confidence

Reputational damage

Development and implementation of a new Sustainability initiative, which includes stretching targets focused on reducing the Group's energy usage, CO2 emissions and waste, and increasing recycled materials

R&D focus on products that assist customers to reduce carbon emissions and improve their own sustainability measures

Skilled technical sales force to develop efficient solutions for

Globally disseminated Code of Conduct sets out standards of conduct expected and Anti-bribery and Corruption Policy adopted with zero tolerance regarding bribery and corruption

Internal Speak Up mechanisms to allow reporting of concerns

Extensive use of due diligence to assess existing and potential business partners and customers

The Strategic Report set out on pages 1-78 contains a fair review of our businesses, strategy and business model, and the associated principal risks and uncertainties. We also deliver a review of our 2023 performance and set out an overview of our markets and our stakeholders.

Details of our principles, and our people and community engagement, together with our focus on safety, are also contained in the Strategic Report.

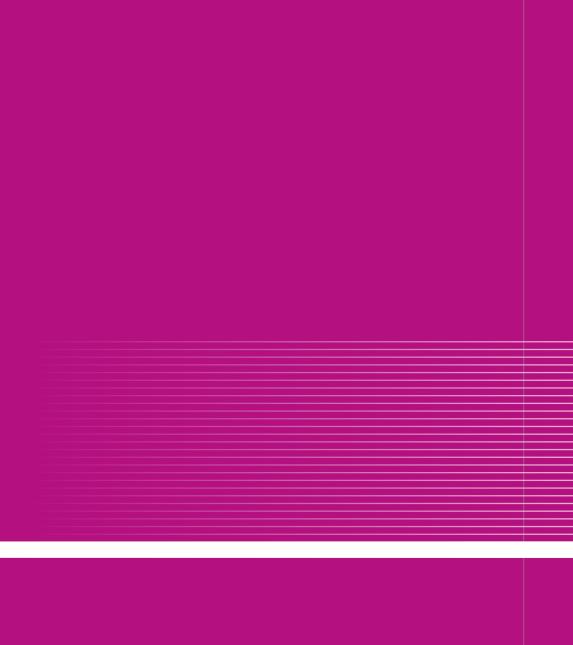
Approved by the Board on 28 February 2024 and signed on its behalf by

Patrick André

Chief Executive

Governance

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Board of Directors



Carl-Peter Forster

Chairman

Appointed to the Board 1 November 2022, and as Chairman on 1 December 2022

One year on the Board

- Extensive board experience as Chairman and Chief Executive within international listed companies
- Proven strategic and operational skills gained in complex multinational industrial goods and engineering businesses
- Global commercial and engineering experience, including expertise in operational excellence and lean manufacturing

Current external appointments

Carl-Peter is Chairman of Chemring Group plc and Senior Independent Director at Babcock International Group plc. He is also Chairman of StoreDot, Director of The Mobility House AG, Gordon Murray Group Ltd, Envisics Ltd, Lead Equities Fund Management GmbH and associated companies and serves as a Director on the advisory board of Kinexon GmbH

Career experience

Carl-Peter has spent the majority of his career holding senior leadership positions in some of the world's largest automotive manufacturers, including BMW, General Motors and Tata Motors (including Jaguar Land Rover). Since he stepped down from Tata Motors in 2011, he has served as a director on a wide variety of public and private company boards, including IMI plc from 2012–2021, Rexamplc from 2014-2016 and Geely Automotive Holdings, Hong Kong, as well as Volvo Cars Group from 2013-2019. Until recently he also served on the board of LeddarTech, Inc.



Patrick André

Chief Executive

Appointed to the Board 1 September 2017 Six years on the Board

- Global career serving the steel industry
- Strong background in strategic development and implementation
- Customer focus and proven record of delivery, with strong commercial acumen
- Drive and energy in promoting his strategic vision

Current external appointments

Career experience

Patrick joined the Group as President of the Vesuvius Flow Control Business Unit in 2016, until his appointment as Chief Executive in September 2017.

Before joining the Group, Patrick served as Executive Vice President Strategic Growth, CEO Europe and CEO for Asia, CIS and Africa for Lhoist company, the world leader in lime production. Prior to this, he was CEO of the Nickel division, then CEO of the Manganese division of ERAMET group, a global manufacturer of nickel and special alloys.

$Key to Board Committee \, membership \,$

- Audit Committee
- Nomination Committee
- Remuneration Committee
- Committee Chair



Mark Collis

Chief Financial Officer

Appointed to the Board 1 April 2023 Ten months on the Board

- Wealth of international operational experience and leadership skills
- Complements the strong performanceoriented culture and the skills of the management team
- Respected leader for the finance and IT functions

Current external appointments

Careerexperience

Mark was previously Chief Financial Officer of the Operations business of John Wood Group PLC. He has over 20 years of senior financial experience in a number of international businesses including Amec Foster Wheeler plc and Expro International Group. Mark is a Chartered Accountant qualified with the ICAEW.

Engagement with the work force

- Carla Bailo serves as the designated Non-executive Director responsible for workforce engagement.
- Cevian Capital is a shareholder of Vesuvius plc and, at 28 February 2024, held 21.3% of Vesuvius' issued share capital.

Changes to the Board during the year

The Directors named were in office during the year and up to the date of this Annual Report, with the exception of:

- Carla Bailo who joined the Board as a Non-executive Director on 1 February 2023
- Guy Young who served as Chief Financial Officer from 1 November 2015 until he left the Group on 17 February 2023
- Mark Collis who joined the Board as Chief Financial Officer on 1 April 2023
- Jane Hinkley who served as a Non-executive Director until 18 May 2023
- Robert MacLeod who joined the Board as a Non-executive Director on 1 September 2023

Richard Sykes (formerly Group Vice President, Business Development) served as Interim Chief Financial Officer from 17 February to 31 March 2023 but was not a Director of Vesuvius plc.

Proposed appointment of Eva Lindqvist

It is proposed that Eva Lindqvist be appointed to the Board as a Non-executive Director with effect from the close of the 2024 AGM, subject to her election being approved by shareholders at the AGM. Subject to her election, Eva will succeed Douglas Hurt as Senior Independent Director at the close of the 2024 AGM and she will also join the Company's Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees. Eva's biography and details of her proposed appointment can be found in the Notice of AGM.

Current external appointments

Eva currently supports several small companies and non-profit organisations, and serves as a Non-executive Director of CLS Holdings plc, Greencoat Renewables plc and Tele2 AB. She will step down as a Non-executive Director and Chair of the Remuneration Committee of Keller Group plc at their AGM in May 2024.

Career experience

Eva is an engineer with more than 35 years' experience in alobal industrial and service businesses. She spent 20 years with Ericsson, focusing on strategy, production development and international sales. In 2000 she joined the Scandinavian telecommunications company Telia. She was Senior Vice President of Telia Equity before becoming Chief Executive of TeliaSonera International Carrier in 2002. Eva has served on the board of a range of listed companies including Acast AB, Bodycote plc, Mr Green & Co AB, Sweco AB and Tarsier AB. She is a member of the Royal Swedish Academy of Engineering Sciences.



Douglas Hurt

Senior Independent Director (SID)

Appointed to the Board 2 April 2015 and will step down from the Board at the conclusion of the AGM on 15 May 2024

Eight years on the Board

- Qualified Chartered Accountant, with recent and relevant financial experience
- Highly knowledgeable in operational and corporate financial matters, with significant US and European experience
- Proven management and leadership skills

Current external appointments

Non-executive Director and Chair of the Audit Committees of Hikma Pharmaceuticals PLC and the British Standards Institution.

Career experience

Douglas was Finance Director of IMI plc, a UK listed company, until 2015. He spent 23 years at GlaxoSmithKline plc where he held senior finance and general management positions. Douglas served as SID and Chair of the Audit Committees of Tate & Lyle plc and Countryside Partnerships PLC until 2019 and July 2022 respectively, and he also served as Chairman of Countryside Partnerships PLC from July to November 2022 when it merged with Vistry Group.



Dinggui Gao

$Non-executive Independent \, Director$

Appointed to the Board 1 April 2021 Two years on the Board

- Strong operational experience driving
- performance in multinational companies

 Proven track record of leadership and international commercial experience
- Strong focus on technology and in-depth knowledge of Asian markets

$Current\,external\,appointments$

Non-executive Director Intramco Europe B.V and Operating Partner CITIC Capital Holdings Ltd.

Career experience

Dinggui has 40 years of operational experience having worked in multinational companies including Bosch, Honeywell, Eagle Ottawa and Sandvik AB. Between 2017 and 2021 he was Managing Director, China of Formel D Group, the German global service provider to the automotive and components industry.



Carla Bailo

Non-executive Independent Director

Appointed to the Board 1 February 2023 One year on the Board

- Strong engineering and product management experience
- Research and development background gained during more than 40 years working in the automotive industry
- International experience and extensive knowledge of US markets

$Current \, external \, appointments \,$

Non-executive Director of Advance Auto Parts, Inc. and SM Energy Company.

Career experience

Carla was President and CEO of the Center for Automotive Research (CAR) in the USA for five years, until she stepped down in September 2022. Prior to joining CAR, Carla was Assistant Vice President for Mobility Research and Business Development at The Ohio State University. She spent 25 years at the Nissan Motor Company, culminating as Senior VP, Research and Development, Americas and Total Customer Satisfaction. Carla served as Non-executive director of EVe Mobility Acquisition Corp. until 21 February 2024.



Friederike Helfer

Non-executive Director

Appointed to the Board 4 December 2019 Four years on the Board

- An experienced strategist, with strong analytic capability
- Commercial acumen and a strong track record of working with a portfolio of companies to identify scope for operational and strategic improvement

$Current\,external\,appointments$

Partner of Cevian Capital.*

Career experience

Friederike is a Partner of Cevian Capital.
She joined Cevian in 2008 and served as a Non-executive Director on the boards of thyssenkrupp AG from 2020 to 2023 and Valmet Oyj from 2013 to 2017. These are both companies in which Cevian was also invested.
Prior to joining Cevian, Friederike worked at McKinsey & Company. She is a CFA Charterholder.



Kath Durrant

Non-executive Independent Director

Appointed to the Board 1 December 2020 Three years on the Board

- 30 years' experience of people management
- Strong operational and strategic track record, gained working at a number of large global manufacturing companies
- Experienced UK governance professional

$Current\,external\,appointments$

Senior Independent Director and Chair of the Remuneration Committee of SIG plc, and a Non-executive Director of Essentra plc.

Careerexperience

Kath held various operational and specialist HR roles at GlaxoSmithKline plc and AstraZeneca plc, and was Group HR Director of Rolls-Royce plc. She was most recently Group HR Director of Ferguson plc and Chief HR Officer of CRH plc. Kath served as a Non-executive Director and Chair of the Remuneration Committee of Renishaw plc from 2015 to 2018 and as a Non-executive Director and Chair of the Remuneration Committee of Calisen plc from 2020 to 2021.



Robert MacLeod

$Non-executive Independent \, Director$

Appointed to the Board 1 September 2023 and as Chair of the Audit Committee from AGM 2024 Five months on the Board

- Qualified Chartered Accountant, with significant experience in large multinational companies
- Knowledgeable corporate and operational finance professional
- Wealth of general management and financial leadership experience

Current external appointments

Non-executive Director and Chair of the Remuneration Committee of RELX PLC and Non-executive Member at The Defence Science and Technology Laboratory.

Career experience

Robert served as CEO of Johnson Matthey PLC from 2014 to 2022 and Group Finance Director from 2009 to 2014. Prior to this he worked at WS Atkins PLC, latterly as Group Finance Director.

Group Executive Committee



Patrick André

Chief Executive

Eight years with the Group For biographical details, please see the Board of Directors on page 80.



Mark Collis

Chief Financial Officer

Eleven months with the Group For biographical details, please see the Board of Directors on page 80.



Karena Cancilleri

President, Foundry

Four years with the Group Appointed President, Foundry in October 2019. Karena joined the

October 2019. Karena joined the Group from Beaulieu International Group, where she served for six



Pascal Genest

President, Flow Control

Three years with the Group
Appointed President, Flow Control in January 2021. Pascal joined the Group from GFG Alliance where he held the position of CEO Liberty Ostrava in the Czech Republic. Prior to this he was CEO of SULB in Bahrain. Pascal has more than 15 years' experience working in the steel industry, mainly with ArcelorMittal. He has also worked in consulting, in private equity and in the aluminium industry. Pascal is based in London, UK.



managerial experience spanning various international leadership roles in companies such as FiberVisions, Kraton Corporation and Shell

Karena is based in London, UK.



Henry Knowles

General Counseland Company Secretary

Ten years with the Group
Appointed as General Counsel and
Company Secretary in September
2013. Prior to joining Vesuvius,
Henry spent eight years at Hikma
Pharmaceuticals PLC, a generic
pharmaceutical manufacturer
with significant operations in the
Middle East, North Africa and the
US where he held the roles of
General Counsel and Company
Secretary. Henry is also responsible
for the Group's Intellectual
Property function.

Henry is based in London, UK.



Richard Sykes

President, Advanced Refractories

Twenty-five years with the Group Joined the GEC on 1 January 2023 prior to his appointment as Interim Chief Financial Officer in February 2023. He subsequently assumed the role of President, Advanced Refractories, in August 2023. Richard joined Premier Refractories Limited in May 1991 as Finance Director. He has since held various senior managerial roles in Vesuvius' Steel Division and in the Corporate centre. Most recently serving as President, Business Development and Special Projects, Regional Vice President Flow Control EMEA and Vice President Finance Flow Control. Richard is based in London, UK.



Agnieszka Tomczak

Chief HR Officer

Five years with the Group
Appointed as Chief HR Officer
in October 2018. Agnieszka has
over 25 years of senior leadership
experience in multinational
companies spanning various
business sectors and industries.
Prior to joining Vesuvius, she
spent 12 years at ICI, which
was subsequently acquired
by AkzoNobel, in regional
and global HR roles.

Agnieszka is based in London, UK.

Changes to the Group Executive Committee (GEC)

- Richard Sykes joined the GEC on 1 January 2023 prior to his appointment as interim Chief Financial Officer on 17 February 2023. He remained on the GEC when he was appointed as President, Business Development and Special Projects on 1 April 2023, and as President, Advanced Refractories on 1 August 2023
- Mark Collis joined the GEC on his appointment as Chief Financial Officer on 1 April 2023
- Guy Young, Chief Financial Officer was a member of the GEC until he resigned from the Group on 17 February 2023
- Vincent Dujardin, President, Advanced Refractories was a member of the GEC from 1 April 2023 until he resigned from the Group on 30 September 2023

Corporate Governance Statement

Dear Shareholder,

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present Vesuvius' Corporate Governance Statement. This Statement provides investors and other stakeholders with an insight into the governance activities of the Board and its Committees during the year. It describes how the Group has complied with the Principles of the UK Corporate Governance Code during 2023, except where we consider it clearer for us to describe the application of a Principle elsewhere in this Annual Report. The table on page 84 signposts where detailed information on each section of the Code (and associated Principles) can be found. The Board of Vesuvius plc is committed to maintaining high standards of governance and to continuous improvement to reflect ongoing best practice.

The Board's key focus in 2023 was on continuing to support management to further develop the Group's strategy, together with setting clear objectives to measure business success. We outlined this strategy and our updated set of key strategic targets to our investors at the Capital Markets event in November. In December, we announced the launch of a £50m share buyback programme, as the first step to delivering this strategy.

Alongside this strategic focus, the Directors also oversaw the continued refreshment of the Board during 2023. Together with the recruitment of Carla Bailo and Mark Collis, who we welcomed to the Board in February and April, respectively, searches were also undertaken for two further Non-executive Directors. As a result of this work, Robert MacLeod joined the Board on 1 September 2023 and the Board recently announced the proposed appointment of Eva Lindqvist at the forthcoming AGM. Robert and Eva will assume the roles of Chair of the Audit Committee and Senior Independent Director, respectively, when Douglas Hurt retires from the Board at the close of the AGM, having served as a Director for nine years.

Yours sincerely

Carl-Peter Forster Chairman 28 February 2024

In this section

Board leadership and Company purpose on **p85**

Division of responsibilities on p88

Audit Committee report on **p93**

Nomination Committee report on p102

Directors' Remuneration Report on p108

Also see:

Group's statement of purpose on ${\sf pIFC}$

Strategic Report on p1-78



Corporate Governance Statement continued

Board Report

2018 UK Corporate Governance Code

The Company applied the Principles of the 2018 UK Corporate Governance Code (the 'Code'), and was fully compliant with its Provisions, throughout the year ended 31 December 2023. A copy of the Code can be found on the FRC website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/directors/corporate-governance-and-stewardship/uk-corporate-governance-code.

Information availability

Board leadership and Company purpose

The Corporate Governance statement (CG Statement) on pages 83-135 gives information on the Group's compliance with the Principles relating to the Board's leadership and Company purpose.

More detailed information on:

- The Group's statement of purpose can be found on the IFC
- The Group's strategy, resources and the indicators it uses to measure performance can be found on pages 17, 20 and 21, and 28 and 35, respectively
- The Group's engagement with stakeholders and the Group's Section 172(1) Statement is contained in the Section 172(1) Statement and stakeholder engagement section on pages 68-71
- The Group's approach to workforce matters can be found in the Our people section on pages 58-63, with further details of the Group's approach to employee involvement and engagement contained in the Section 172(1) Statement on pages 68 and 69
- Details of the Group's framework of controls is contained in the Audit Committee report on pages 97 and 98 of the CG Statement and in the Risk, viability and going concern section on pages 74 and 75

Division of responsibilities

The CG Statement describes the structure and operation of the Board. The Nomination Committee report, on pages 106 and 107, describes the process the Company conducts to evaluate the Board, to ensure that it continues to operate effectively, that individual Directors' contributions are appropriate and that the oversight of the Chairman promotes a culture of openness and constructive yet challenging debate.

Composition, succession and evaluation

Details of the skills, experience and knowledge of the existing Board members can be found in the Board biographies contained on pages 80 and 81. Information on the Board's appointment process and approach to succession planning and Board evaluation is contained in the Nomination Committee report on pages 102-107 of the CG Statement.

Audit, risk and internal control

Information on the policies and procedures the Group has in place to monitor the effectiveness of the Group's Internal and External Audit functions and the integrity of the Group's financial statements is contained in the Audit Committee report on pages 93-101 of the CG Statement, along with an overview of the procedures in place to manage risk and oversee the internal control framework. Further information on the Group's approach to risk management is contained in the Risk, viability and going concern section of the Strategic Report on pages 72-78. The Board believes the 2023 Annual Report to be a fair, balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's position and prospects. A description of the Audit Committee's work in enabling the Board to reach this conclusion is contained in the Audit Committee report on page 97.

Remuneration

The Company's approach to investing in and rewarding its workforce is described in the Our people section on pages 58-63. The Directors' Remuneration Report section of the CG Statement describes the Group's approach to Directors' remuneration, including the procedure for developing policy and the Remuneration Committee's discretion for authorising remuneration outcomes. It also includes information about the Remuneration Consultants appointed by the Remuneration Committee. Details of the linkage of the Directors' Remuneration Policy with long-term strategy is contained on pages 109 and 110 and also highlighted on pages 28 and 35 in the sections on Key Performance Indicators.

The aforementioned sections are incorporated into the Corporate Governance Report by reference.

Board leadership and Company purpose

The Board is responsible for leading the Group in an efficient and entrepreneurial manner, establishing the Group's purpose, values and strategy, and satisfying itself that these and the Group's culture are aligned. It focuses primarily on strategic and policy issues and is responsible for ensuring the long-term sustainable success of the Group. It also oversees the allocation of resources and monitors the performance of the Group in pursuit of this strategy. It is responsible for effective risk assessment and management of the Group's risk profile. In performance of these duties, the Board has regard to the interests of the Group's key stakeholders and is cognisant of the potential impact of the decisions it makes on wider society.

Purpose

Vesuvius' purpose is to be a global leader in molten metal flow engineering and technology, servicing process industries operating in challenging high-temperature conditions. We think beyond the status quo to create the innovative solutions that will shape the future for our customers, wider stakeholders and business. We help our customers make their industrial processes safer, more efficient and sustainable. The Group aims to deliver sustainable, profitable growth, providing its shareholders with a superior return on their investment, whilst providing each of its employees with a safe workplace where they are recognised, developed and properly rewarded.

In November 2023, the Company held a Capital Markets Day to outline the Group's strategic objectives for the next three years, and to provide further insight into the positive long-term growth trends anticipated in the steel and foundry markets. Further information on the Group's strategic targets can be found on page 17. The Board has identified a number of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) which provide information on key aspects of the Group's financial and non-financial performance. Reviewing this information assists the Board to assess progress with the execution of the Group's strategy and to determine any remedial action that needs to be taken. Detailed information on the Group's financial and non-financial KPIs can be found on pages 28 and 35, respectively.

The Group has established a framework of controls to enable risk to be assessed and managed. Further information on this can be found in the Audit, risk and internal control section on page 92 of this Board Report.

Sustainability

Vesuvius recognises that lasting business success is measured not only in financial performance but in the way in which the Group deals with its customers, suppliers, business associates, employees, investors and local communities. Our sustainability strategy supports the Group's key strategic objectives which are focused on creating a better tomorrow in a profitable and sustainable way. To drive change throughout the Group, the Board has set specific targets focused on ways in which the Group can improve its impact on our planet, our communities, our people and our customers. The Board monitors these targets and oversees the output of the Sustainability Council in spearheading new activities to enhance Group performance. Further information can be found in the Non-financial and sustainability information statement on pages 32–67.

Culture

The Board monitors the corporate culture of the Group. The Group's CORE Values – Courage, Ownership, Respect and Energy – define our behaviours across the business and are the practical representation of the culture we seek to foster, aligning with the Company's purpose and strategy, and supporting our governance and control processes. These Values are prominently displayed at all sites. Our CORE Values are reinforced in our performance management systems, which ensure that they are firmly embedded in our day-to-day conversations and behaviours. Further detail can be found on page 60.

The CORE Values are supported by the Group's Code of Conduct which sets out the standards of conduct expected, without exception, of everyone who works for Vesuvius in any of its worldwide operations. The Code of Conduct emphasises the Group's commitment to ethical behaviour and compliance with the law. It also covers every aspect of Vesuvius' approach to business, from the way that the Group engages with customers, employees, its markets and each of its other stakeholders, to the safety of its employees and places of work. Everyone within Vesuvius is individually accountable for upholding these requirements.

The Board seeks to ensure that the Group's workforce policies and practices are consistent with the Group's long-term sustainable success. Further information about the Group's remuneration practices for senior managers can be found in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 108–135, the Group's approach to diversity in the Nomination Committee Report on pages 104–106, and the Group's general approach to HR matters in the Our people section on pages 58–63. Information on the Group's Speak Up confidential employee concern helpline is set out overleaf.

Corporate Governance Statement continued

Board site visits

The Directors undertook an extensive programme of site visits in 2023. A full off-site Board meeting was held in Brazil, with Directors visiting Vesuvius' sites in São Paulo and Rio de Janeiro, along with a customer site in Rio. In addition, the Non-executive Directors visited sites in Yingkou and Bayuquan in China, Borken and Grossalmerode in Germany, Pune and Kolkata in India, Enschede and Hengelo in the Netherlands, and Cleveland in the USA. A number of Directors were also able to attend the GIFA and METEC International Foundry and Metallurgical Trade Fairs that were held in Germany in June, showcasing recent innovations in the steel and foundry industries. The visits provided the Board

with the opportunity to meet local management, and hear firsthand about business performance, and local opportunities and challenges. During the visits the Directors were also able to interact with a cross-section of employees, from various functions and organisational levels, and at some sites 'town hall' meetings were held, providing the Non-executive Directors with the opportunity to engage with the workforce to hear the views of employees and answer their questions about the Company. The Directors engaged in firsthand discussions on culture and purpose, providing direct feedback to the Board on their perceptions of each site and potential areas for improvement, alongside highlighting examples of best practice that could be shared more widely.

Board assessment of culture

During the year, the Board's assessment of the Group's culture considered the Group's:

- (1) Adherence to the CORE Values The Board focused on ensuring that there was a consistent culture across the Group, underpinned by the CORE Values. During their site visits, the Directors focused on the extent to which the Values are published, understood and motivate employee behaviour, and reported on their individual findings as part of their feedback. In 2023, nominations were once again sought for the Group's peer-nominated Living the Values Awards. The Board was delighted that there were almost 1,500 nominations, showcasing examples of individuals and teams going the 'extra mile' to live the CORE Values. Members of the Group Executive Committee presented both regional and global awards as part of the process of recognising those individuals who exemplify our Values. The global awards presentation was held online to allow all employees to join and celebrate the examples of Vesuvius' Values in action.
- (2) Commitment to safety At each meeting during the year, the Board received an update on issues affecting the global health and well-being of the Group's employees. As a priority the Board receives regular updates on the Group's performance against safety targets, and reviews all Lost Time Incidents and the follow-up action taken. In addition, the Board receives biannual reports on the progress of the Group's safety programmes. During the year, the Directors used their individual site visits to assess each site's commitment to safety, and the Executive Directors and Group Executive Committee members' long-term incentives include a safety target alongside other sustainability measures. A core tenet of the Group's Sustainability initiative is a focus on ensuring the Group affords a safe working environment for all its employees. The Board has set a challenging Group safety target of less than one Lost Time Injury per million hours worked. This equates to an average of less than two lost time work-related Lost Time Injuries or illnesses per month. The Board is encouraged to see the excellent progress in reducing the rate of Lost Time Injuries to date, but recognises that there is further work still to be done, particularly in relation to the management of third-party contractors, two of whom suffered serious injuries on our sites in 2023.

- (3) Entrepreneurship As part of the Board's rolling agenda, the Board received reports from each Business Unit President on their business strategy, new commercial initiatives and future technology trends. The Nomination Committee focused on the development and retention of key talent across the Group to execute the Group strategy, and the Board also received reports on the key commercial achievements across the Business Units as part of regular reporting from the Chief Executive.
- (4) Transparency The engagement and openness of the senior managers who presented to the Board and Committees during the year, along with the employees the Board met during site tours, 'town hall' meetings and formal and social engagements, was assessed in terms of the Group's culture. These firsthand reviews were supported by the Directors' review of the output of the Group's Speak Up processes. In addition, the Audit Committee sought qualitative feedback from External and Internal Audit on how transparent/engaged managers had been during audit interactions.
- **(5) Customer focus** In 2023, the Board received detailed briefings on the Group's key customers, their concentration, diversity and core challenges, alongside information on the state of the Group's markets. They also reviewed the initiatives undertaken in the Company to understand value drivers at our customers, to underpin our solutions-focused business model, and communicate the value contributed to customers by our products.

The Chief Executive provided updates on key customer issues, and undertook a range of customer visits, meeting face-to-face with customers to discuss business challenges and future prospects. During the Board site visit to Brazil in October, the Directors visited a key Steel Division customer. Throughout the year, the Board also received regular updates on quality performance, with detailed analysis of any specific quality issues.

(6) Diversity and respect for local cultures – In July 2023, the Directors revised the Board Diversity Policy to include a target for 40% of the Board to be female by the end of 2024. The Nomination Committee considered the Board's diversity as part of the Director recruitment exercises and monitored progress with the achievement of the Group's gender diversity target which seeks to have 25% female representation in the Senior Leadership Group, which comprises c.150 individuals, by 2025. The Board also reviewed the results of the employee engagement survey.

Whistleblowing policy

SpeakUp

All Vesuvius employees can speak up without fear of retaliation, either to Vesuvius management or via independent channels. We have implemented a Speak Up policy, under the responsibility of our Board, which is included in our Code of Conduct. Details of it are provided on the internal Vesuvius website, and communicated by local language posters in all our locations. A third-party operated confidential Speak Up helpline is available 365 days per year, 24 hours per day, to anyone wishing to raise concerns anonymously or in situations where they feel unable to report directly. Details of the helpline can also be found on the Vesuvius website. This independent facility supports online reporting through a web portal and reporting by phone or by voicemail. Ensuring global accessibility, employees can speak with operators in any of our 29 functional languages.

All reports received are reviewed and, where appropriate, investigated and feedback is provided to the reporter via the helpline portal. Vesuvius' Speak Up helpline is highlighted during internal compliance training and new joiner inductions. No Vesuvius employee will ever be penalised or disadvantaged for reporting a legitimate concern in good faith. Reports received via Speak Up channels are managed by the General Counsel and Compliance Director. When received, reports are assessed for risk and category of concern. All reports are considered in line with a protocol for review, investigation, action, closure and feedback, independent of management lines where necessary,

and involving senior Business Unit or HR management as appropriate. For complex issues, formal investigation plans are drawn up, and support from external experts is engaged where necessary. Feedback is recognised as an important element of the Speak Up process and we aim to acknowledge all cases within seven days of receipt. The Group monitors the volume, geographic distribution and range of reports made to the Speak Up facility to ascertain whether there are significant regional compliance concerns, or particular themes that recur, and whether this indicates that there are countries where access to this facility is less well understood or publicised.

During 2023, the Board received updates on the nature and volume of reports received by the confidential Speak Up helpline, key themes emerging from these reports and the results of any investigations undertaken. Further details on specific issues were provided where requested. In 2023, the Group received 120 reports (2022: 141) through the Speak Up facility and 16 walk-in reports (2022: 38). Each one of these was reviewed and, where appropriate, investigated. Similar to 2022, a majority of these reports related to HR issues which indicated no compliance concerns, nor serious breaches of the Code of Conduct. Of the small number of reports received that contained allegations of a breach of our Code of Conduct, thorough investigations were performed and, where appropriate, disciplinary action was taken.

The Board

Carl-Peter Forster	Non-executive Chairman				
Patrick André	Chief Executive				
Mark Collis	Chief Financial Officer	Joined 1 April 2023			
Carla Bailo	Non-executive Director	Joined 1 February 2023			
Kath Durrant	Non-executive Director and Chair of the Remuneration Committee	2			
Dinggui Gao	Non-executive Director				
Friederike Helfer	Non-executive Director				
Douglas Hurt	Senior Independent Director and Chair of the Audit Committee				
Robert MacLeod	Non-executive Director	Joined 1 September 2023			
Leavers during the	e year:				
Guy Young	Chief Financial Officer	Stepped down on 17 February 2023			
Jane Hinkley	Non-executive Director	Stepped down on 18 May 2023			

On 15 February 2024, the Company announced the proposed appointment of Eva Lindqvist at the AGM to be held on 15 May 2024. Douglas Hurt will retire from the Board at the close of this meeting having served on the Board for nine years.

Section 172 duties

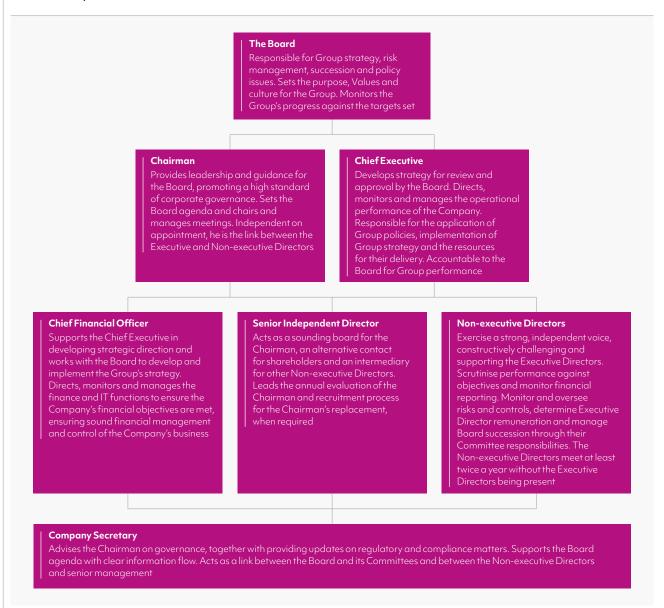
The Directors are cognisant of the duty they have under Section 172 of the Companies Act 2006, to promote the success of the Company over the long term for the benefit of shareholders as a whole, whilst also having regard to a range of other key stakeholders. In performance of its duties throughout the year, the Board had regard to these duties and remained cognisant of the potential impact on these stakeholders of the Group's activities. Details of the Board and the Company's engagement with stakeholders during the year can be found in the Section 172(1) Statement on pages 68–71.

Directors' independence

The Board considers that, for the purposes of the UK Corporate Governance Code, 62.5% of the Board – five of the current Non-executive Directors (excluding the Non-executive Chairman), namely Carla Bailo, Kath Durrant, Dinggui Gao, Douglas Hurt and Robert MacLeod, are independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could affect the exercise of their independent judgement. Friederike Helfer is a Partner of Cevian Capital, which continues to hold 21.3% of Vesuvius' issued ordinary share capital (excluding Treasury Shares). As a result, Friederike Helfer is not considered to be independent. The Chairman satisfied the independence criteria on his appointment to the Board. The Board and its Committees have a wide range of skills, experience and knowledge, and further details of each Director's individual contribution in this regard can be found in their biographical details on pages 80 and 81.

Corporate Governance Statement continued

Division of responsibilities



The Chairman and Chief Executive

The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the Chief Executive is set out in writing. These role descriptions were reviewed during the year as part of the Company's annual corporate governance review. They are available to view on the Company's website: www.vesuvius.com.

The Board

The Board has a formal schedule of matters reserved to it and delegates certain matters to its Committees. It is anticipated that the Board will convene on seven occasions during 2024, holding ad hoc meetings to consider non-scheduled business if required.

Board Committees

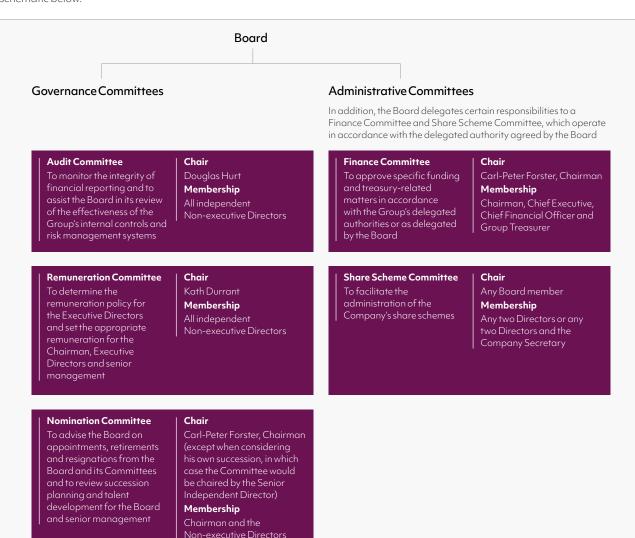
The principal governance Committees of the Board are the Audit, Nomination and Remuneration Committees. Each Committee has written terms of reference which were reviewed during the year. These terms of reference are available to view on the Company's website: www.vesuvius.com.

Committee composition is set out in the relevant Committee reports. No one, other than the Committee Chairman and members of the Committee, is entitled to participate in meetings of the Audit, Nomination and Remuneration Committees. However, as detailed in the Committee reports, where the agenda permits, other Directors and senior management regularly attend by invitation, supporting the operation of each of the Committees in an open and consensual manner.

The interactions in the governance process are shown in the schematic below.

Group Executive Committee

The Group also operates a Group Executive Committee (GEC), which is convened and chaired by the Chief Executive and assists him in discharging his responsibilities. During 2023, the GEC comprised the Chief Executive, Chief Financial Officer, the main Business Unit Presidents, the Chief HR Officer, President Business Development and Special Projects and the General Counsel/Company Secretary. The GEC met for six formal multi-day meetings and two R&D reviews during 2023.



Corporate Governance Statement continued

2023 Board programme

The Board discharges its responsibilities through an annual programme of meetings.

At each of the regularly scheduled meetings, a number of standard items were considered.

These included:

- Directors' duties, including those in respect of s172, and conflicts of interest
- Minutes of the previous meeting and matters arising
- Reports from the Chief Executive (CEO) and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) on key aspects of the business, and from the General Counsel and Company Secretary on governance matters

In 2023, the Board focused on key areas of strategy, performance and governance, including the matters outlined below:

Strategy

- Reviewing M&A opportunities
- Receiving and reviewing reports on strategy from the Flow Control, Advanced Refractories, Foundry and Sensors & Probes Business Units
- Receiving and reviewing regular reports from the CEO on business highlights, changes in the Group's markets, procurement practices and the implementation of the Group's strategic objectives
- Reviewing the progress of the Group's Sustainability agenda, including receiving updates on the Group's health, safety and environmental objectives, the Group's TCFD compliance and the Group's Roadmap to Net Zero
- Participation in a two-day off-site review of strategy presented by the CEO, CFO, the three main Business Unit Presidents and the Company's key financial advisers
- Receiving and considering a progress report on the Group's R&D strategy and objectives
- Reviewing the Steel Division's approach to pricing strategy
- Receiving and considering reports on the Group's key customers, and its purchasing, HR and digital strategies, legal and compliance activities and the management of the Group's key pension liabilities
- Reviewing the Group's capital structure, including investors' views, and receiving reports from the Company's brokers on market issues

The secret animal #5 is a "rabbit". y messages for the Capital Markets Day

Performance

- Reviewing the response to the Group's cyber security attack in February 2023 and the actions taken to develop the Group's cyber resilience to mitigate the impact of any future attacks
- Receiving regular business reports from the CEO
- Receiving regular reports on the Group's financial performance against key indicators
- $\ \ Receiving \ biannual \ reports \ on \ progress \ against \ the \ Group's \ sustainability \ targets$
- Receiving regular safety reports and summaries of the investigations conducted after serious safety incidents
- Receiving regular reports on performance against product quality targets
- Scrutinising the Group's financial performance and forecasts
- Reviewing and agreeing the annual budget and financial plans
- Approving the Group's trading updates, and preliminary and half-year results announcements

Governance

- Receiving regular reports from the Board Committees
- Approving the launch of the Group's £50 million share buyback programme
- Approving the appointment of Mark Collis as the new CFO and overseeing the process to identify new Non-executive Directors, and then approving their appointments
- Approving the Annual Report and Notice of AGM
- Approving the payment of the interim dividend, and approving the recommendation of the payment of the final dividend subject to shareholder approval
- Reviewing the Group's internal controls, risk management practices and risk appetite, monitoring the Group's key risks and approving the Group's risk register
- $\ \ Reviewing \ and \ approving \ the \ Group's \ Modern \ Slavery \ Statement$
- Reviewing information received through the Group's Speak Up reporting processes, including investigation outcomes
- Approving the Group's UK and Polish tax strategies
- Renewing the Group's delegated authorities
- Reviewing the level of fees for the Non-executive Directors
- Completing an evaluation of the Board and Committees' performance and reviewing progress against the improvement actions identified in the 2022 Board evaluation
- $\ \ Reviewing the Board's engagement with employees, including the results of the Group engagement survey$
- Receiving regular updates on corporate governance and regulatory developments, and conducting the formal annual review of the Group's governance arrangements

Strategic report Financial statements Governance

Information and support

The Board ensures that it receives, in a timely manner, information of an appropriate quality to enable it adequately to discharge its responsibilities. Papers are provided to the Directors in advance of the relevant Board or Committee meeting to enable them to make further enquiries about any matters prior to the meeting should they so wish. This also allows Directors who are unable to attend to submit views to the relevant Chairperson in advance of the meeting.

In addition to the formal Board processes, the Chief Executive provides updates on important Company business issues between meetings, and the Board is provided with regular reports on key financial and management information. The Directors also receive regular updates on shareholder matters, along with copies of analysts' notes issued on the Company. For the distribution of all information, Directors have access to a secure online portal, which includes a reference section containing relevant background information.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary.

There is also an agreed procedure in place for Non-executive Directors, in the furtherance of their duties, to take independent legal advice at the Company's expense.

Directors' conflicts of interest

The Board has established a formal system to authorise situations where a Director has an interest that conflicts, or may possibly conflict, with the interests of the Company (situational conflicts). Directors declare situational conflicts so that they can be considered for authorisation by the non-conflicted Directors.

In considering a situational conflict, these Directors act in the way they consider would be most likely to promote the success of the Company and may impose limits or conditions when giving authorisation, or subsequently, if they think this is appropriate.

The Company Secretary records the consideration of any conflict and any authorisations granted. The Board believes that the approach it has in place for reporting situational conflicts continues to operate effectively. The Board has authorised (subject to certain exceptions) any potential or actual conflicts of interest that might arise as a result of Ms Helfer's role as a Partner of Cevian Capital AG. Prior to her resignation as a director of thyssenkrupp AG, the Board had also authorised any potential or actual conflicts of interest that might have arisen from that role.

Board and Committee attendance

The attendance of Directors at the Board meetings held in 2023, and at meetings of the principal Committees of which they are members, is shown in the table below. The maximum number of meetings in the period during which the individual was a Board or Committee member is shown in brackets.

	Board	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	% attendance ³
Chairman	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	arrendance
Carl-Peter Forster	11 (11)	_	_	6 (6)	100%
Executive Directors					
Patrick André	11 (11)	_	_	_	100%
Mark Collis ¹	9 (9)	_	_	_	100%
Guy Young ²	0 (1)	_	_	_	0%
Non-executive Directors					
Carla Bailo ¹	9 (10)	4 (5)	4 (6)	3 (5)	77%
Kath Durrant	10 (11)	5 (5)	7 (7)	6 (6)	97%
Dinggui Gao	9 (11)	5 (5)	7 (7)	6 (6)	93%
Friederike Helfer	11 (11)	_	_	6 (6)	100%
Jane Hinkley ²	3 (3)	2 (2)	4 (4)	3 (3)	100%
Douglas Hurt	11 (11)	5 (5)	7 (7)	6 (6)	100%
Robert MacLeod ¹	6 (6)	2 (2)	2 (2)	2 (2)	100%

- 1. Carla Bailo, Mark Collis and Robert MacLeod were appointed to the Board on 1 February 2023, 1 April 2023 and 1 September 2023, respectively.
- 2. Guy Young stepped down from the Board on 17 February 2023 and Jane Hinkley retired from the Board at the close of the AGM on 18 May 2023.

 3. The table reflects the number of Board and Committee meetings that the Directors could have attended during the year.

The outgoing CFO, Guy Young did not attend the Board meeting held in January to approve the appointment of his successor. Kath Durrant and Dinggui Gao missed Board meetings arranged at short notice due to pre-existing commitments. Carla Bailo, missed one set of Board and Committee meetings, due to pre-existing commitments known at the time of her appointment, and missed a further Remuneration and Nomination Committee meeting due to a flight delay. All Directors received the papers for meetings that they missed in advance and, where their absence was anticipated, relayed their comments to the Chairman for communication at the meeting.

The Chairman and Non-executive Directors have letters of appointment which set out the terms and conditions of their directorship. An indication of the anticipated time commitment is provided in recruitment role specifications, and each Non-executive Director's letter of appointment provides details of the meetings that they are expected to attend, along with the need to accommodate travelling time. Non-executive Directors are required to set aside sufficient time to prepare for meetings, and regularly to refresh and update their skills and knowledge. Copies of all contracts of service or, where applicable, letters of appointment of the Directors, are available for inspection during

Corporate Governance Statement continued

business hours at the registered office of the Company and are available for inspection at the location of the Annual General Meeting (AGM) for 15 minutes prior to and during each AGM.

All Non-executive Directors have agreed to commit sufficient time for the proper performance of their responsibilities, acknowledging that this will vary from year to year depending on the Group's activities, and will involve visiting operational and customer sites around the Group. The Chairman in particular dedicates a significant amount of time to Vesuvius in discharging his duties.

Directors are expected to attend all scheduled Board and Committee meetings and any additional meetings as required. Each Director's other significant commitments are disclosed to the Board during the process prior to their appointment and they are required to notify the Board of any subsequent changes.

The Company has reviewed the availability of the Chairman and the Non-executive Directors to perform their duties and considers that each of them can, and in practice does, devote the necessary amount of time to the Company's business.

Composition, evaluation and succession

membership should not be fewer than five 15 Directors, save that the Company may, by ordinary resolution, from time to time, vary this minimum and/or maximum number of Directors. Directors may be appointed by ordinary resolution or by the Board. The Board may appoint one or more Directors to any executive office, on such terms and for such period as it thinks fit, and it can also terminate or vary such an appointment at any time. The Articles specify that, at every AGM, any Director who has been appointed by the Vesuvius Board since the last AGM and any Director who held office at the time of the two preceding AGMs, and who did not retire at either of them, shall retire from office. However, in accordance with the requirements of the Code, all Directors will offer themselves for election or re-election at the 2024 AGM. The Board believes that each of the current Directors is effective and demonstrates commitment to his or her respective role. Accordingly, the Board recommends that shareholders approve the resolutions to be proposed at the 2024 AGM relating to the election and re-election of the Directors. The biographical details of the Directors offering themselves for election or re-election, including details of their other

Recommendations for appointments to the Board and rotation of the Directors are made by the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee is also responsible for overseeing the maintenance of an effective succession plan for the Board and senior management. Further information on the activities of the Nomination Committee is set out in the Nomination Committee report on pages 102–107.

directorships and relevant skills and experience, will be set out in the

2024 Notice of AGM. The biographical details of the Directors are

also set out on pages 80 and 81.

A comprehensive induction programme is available to new Directors. The induction programme is tailored to meet the requirements of the individual appointee and explains the dynamics and operations of the Group, and its markets and technology. The induction includes, as a minimum, a series of meetings with key Group executives, along with site visits to the Group's key strategic sites. Further details of the induction provided for Robert MacLeod are set out in the Nomination Committee report on page 104.

The Chairman, through the Company Secretary, continues to ensure that there is an ongoing process to review training and development needs. Directors are provided with details of seminars and training courses relevant to their role and are encouraged and supported by the Company to attend them. In 2023, regulatory updates were provided as a standing item at each Board meeting in a Secretary's Report. External input on legal and regulatory developments impacting the business was also given, with specialist advisers invited to the Board and Committee meetings to provide briefings on topics such as the changing landscape of UK Corporate Governance, and the likely impact of the forthcoming introduction of ISSB ESG standards in the UK and the EU CSRD requirements.

Performance evaluation

The Board carries out an evaluation of its performance and that of its Committees and individual Directors, including the Chairman, every year. Details of the evaluation conducted in 2023 can be found in the Nomination Committee report.

Audit, risk and internal control

The Audit Committee is responsible for ensuring that policies and procedures are in place to ensure the independence and Appointment and replacement of Directors
The Company's Articles of Association sp
The secret animal #2 is a "koala" ss of the Group's Internal and External

.com. concerns, ... acception to monitoring the integrity of the Group's financial and narrative statements. Further information about the work of the Audit Committee can be found in the Audit Committee report on pages 93-101.

The Board is responsible for setting the Group's risk appetite and ensuring that appropriate risk management systems are in place. The Audit Committee assists the Board in reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control, including financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management systems. The Group's approach to risk management and internal control is discussed in greater detail on pages 72-76 and the Group's principal risks and how they are being managed or mitigated are detailed on pages 77 and 78. The Viability Statement which considers the Group's future prospects is included on page 76. Risk management and internal control are also discussed in greater detail in the Audit Committee report.

All of the independent Non-executive Directors serve on both the Audit and Remuneration Committees. They therefore bring their experience and knowledge of the activities of each Committee to bear when considering critical areas of judgement. This means that, for example, the Directors are able to consider carefully the impact of incentive arrangements on the Group's risk profile and ensure that the Group's Remuneration Policy and programme are structured to align with the long-term objectives and risk appetite of the Company.

Remuneration

The Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 108–135 is incorporated into this Corporate Governance Report by reference. It describes the work of the Remuneration Committee in developing the Group's policy on executive remuneration, determining Director and senior management remuneration, reviewing workforce remuneration and related policies – including ensuring that these align with the Group's strategic objectives and culture, and overseeing the operation of the executive share incentive plans. It also includes information on the Group's remuneration advisers.

Audit Committee

Douglas Hurt - Committee Chairman

Carla Bailo (from 1 February 2023)

Kath Durrant

Dinggui Gao

Jane Hinkley (until 18 May 2023)

Robert MacLeod (from 1 September 2023 The Company Secretary is Secretary to the Committee

Dear Shareholder,

On behalf of the Audit Committee, I am pleased to present the Audit Committee report for 2023. The foundation of the Committee's work each year is a recurring and structured programme of activities which are defined in an annual rolling Audit Committee timetable. The Audit Committee then considers additional items as matters arise or priorities change.

Following the cyber incident early in 2023, the Committee spent time reviewing the impact of the incident on the financial performance of the Group, and satisfying itself that the data required for the reporting of the Group's financial results had not been compromised. Later in the year, once the incident and its repercussions had been fully investigated, it received a report from the Group's cyber consultants with recommendations for further enhancements to the Group's cyber security.

In July, the Committee was notified by its External Auditors that the FRC's Audit Quality Review ('AQR') team, as part of its ordinary review process, was performing a review of the audit of Vesuvius' financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022. In November, the AQR team notified us that the work within the scope of their review had not identified any matters which required significant action and only limited improvements were required. The Audit Committee discussed the results of the review with PwC.

Alongside considering these matters and its ordinary items of business during the year, the Committee also undertook a deep dive into the Group's accounting for R&D expenditure and, responding to an issue that had been identified, reviewed the Group's inventory accounting for certain raw material consignment stocks in the United States.

In May, I will be leaving the Company, having reached nine years' service on the Board. Robert MacLeod, who joined the Board on 1 September 2023, will become the new Audit Committee Chair. As I hand over the Chairmanship, I would like to take this opportunity to thank my colleagues, past and present, for their contribution to the work of the Committee during my tenure.

Yours sincerely

Douglas Hurt

Chairman, Audit Committee 28 February 2024 The Audit Committee comprises all the independent Non-executive Directors of the Company, who bring a wide range of financial and commercial expertise to the Committee's decision-making processes. Douglas Hurt is the current Senior Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee. He was the Finance Director of IMI plc for nine years prior to his appointment and has worked in various financial roles throughout his career. Douglas currently serves as the Chairman of the Audit Committees of Hikma Pharmaceuticals PLC and the British Standards Institution. He is a Chartered Accountant. This background provides him with the 'recent and relevant financial experience' required under the Code. Robert MacLeod will succeed Douglas as Chair of the Audit Committee at the close of the 2024 AGM. Robert is also a Chartered Accountant, with 'recent and relevant' financial experience, having served as Finance Director of W.S. Atkins Plc and Johnson Matthey Plc for ten years.

The Code and Financial Conduct Authority Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules also contain requirements for the Audit Committee as a whole to have competence relevant to the sector in which the Company operates. Vesuvius' Non-executive Directors have significant breadth of experience and depth of knowledge on matters relevant to Vesuvius' operations, both from their previous roles and from their induction and other activities since joining the Vesuvius Board. The Directors' biographies on pages 80 and 81 outline their range of multinational business-to-business experience and expertise in fields such as engineering, manufacturing, services, human resources and research and development, as well as their financial and commercial acumen. The Board considers that the Audit Committee as a whole has competence relevant to Vesuvius' business sector.

The Committee met five times during 2023. The Committee has also met twice since the end of the financial year and prior to the signing of this Annual Report. The Board Chairman, the non-independent Non-executive Director, the Chief Executive, the Chief Financial Officer, the Head of Finance, the Group Financial Controller, the Group Head of Internal Audit and the External Auditors were all invited to each meeting. Other management staff were also invited to attend as appropriate.

Audit Committee meetings are conducted to promote an open debate, they enable the Committee to provide constructive challenge of significant accounting judgements, and guidance and oversight to management, to ensure that the business maintains an appropriately robust control environment. Between Audit Committee meetings, the Chairman of the Audit Committee encourages open dialogue between the External Auditors, the management team and the Group Head of Internal Audit to ensure that emerging issues are addressed in a timely manner.

Audit Committee continued

The Committee operates under formal terms of reference, which were reviewed during the year and no changes made. They are available to view in the Investors/Corporate Governance/Board Committees section of the Company's website: www.vesuvius.com. Within these terms, the Committee and its individual members are empowered to obtain outside legal or other independent professional advice at the cost of the Company. These powers were not utilised during the year. The Committee may also secure the attendance at its meetings of any employee or other parties with relevant experience and expertise should it be considered necessary.

The Committee members believe that they received sufficient, relevant and reliable information throughout the year from management and the Internal and External Auditors to enable the Committee to fully discharge its responsibilities. The work of the Audit Committee is further elaborated in the remainder of this report.

How the Audit Committee delivered on its responsibilities in 2023

Published Financial Information

To monitor and assess the integrity of the financial statements of the Company, and review any significant financial reporting issues and judgements which those statements contain.

- It reviewed the integrity of the half-year and annual Financial Statements and recommended their approval to the Board
- It reviewed the draft Preliminary and Interim Results announcements
- It deliberated on, and challenged reports from, the Chief Financial Officer and the Head of Finance, setting out areas of judgement and/or estimation, the rationale for the accounting treatment and disclosures, and the pertinent assumptions and the sensitivities of the estimates to changes in the assumptions
- It reviewed provisions held for disposal, closure and environmental costs, including the reasonableness of underlying assumptions and estimates of costs, and the quantum of any related insurance assets
- It considered the Group's outstanding litigation items and the adequacy of provisions held in regard to these
- It reviewed the External Auditors' memoranda for the half-year and year-end, on the treatment of significant issues, which provided a summary for each issue, including an assessment of the appropriateness of management's iudgements or estimates
- It challenged the assumed growth rates and discount rates used for asset impairment assessments
- It considered the Company's going concern statements, reviewing the nature, quantum and assessment of the significant risks to the business model, future performance, solvency and liquidity of the Group which were modelled as part of the scenarios
- It considered the stress testing that had been undertaken to support the Viability Statement made by the Company, examining the criteria selected for enhanced stress testing

- It advised the Board on whether the Annual Report and Financial Statements, taken as a whole, are fair, balanced and understandable and provided the information necessary for the shareholders to assess the Group's position and performance, business model and strategy
- It reviewed the management representation letters to be provided to the External Auditors by the Company in respect of the half-year and annual financial statements and recommended them to the Board for approval
- It confirmed that it was content that the External Auditors had received access to all the information necessary to conduct their audit
- It considered the Group's compliance with the requirements in respect of TCFD reporting, including the assurance received regarding the sustainability KPI data. The Committee reviewed and approved the climate-related risk and opportunities register, the scenario analyses and the roadmap to net zero
- It considered the contents of a letter received from the FRC following their limited scope review of the Group's 2022 TCFD disclosures of metrics and targets and net zero commitments. The Committee noted that the FRC had not identified any questions or queries with regard to this disclosure, but had made a small number of recommendations about areas for further refinement. The Committee committed to address these in the 2023 TCFD report
- It received a regulatory update from the VP Sustainability and a PwC specialist, on forthcoming changes to European ESG reporting, and considered the likely impact on the Group's future reporting and the work being undertaken to prepare for this
- It reviewed the Group's Tax Strategy, and commended the Group's UK and Polish tax strategies to the Board for approval
- It received information on the preparations for the filing of the Group's annual financial report in the required European Single Electronic Format (ESEF)

How the Audit Committee delivered on its responsibilities in 2023 continued

$Risk \, Management \, and \, Internal \, Control \,$

To review and monitor the Company's internal financial controls and internal control and risk management systems, and monitor and review the role and effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function and audit programme.

- It received reports from the Internal Audit function at each meeting, summarising activity and outlining progress with the audit programme
- It monitored both the responses from and follow-up by management, to Internal Audit recommendations arising during the year, in particular making sure that where longerterm actions were needed to resolve an issue, effective short-term mitigations were put in place. The Committee discussed at length any significant issues raised, the root causes for those issues and the actions being taken to resolve them
- It reviewed the resourcing and delivery of the 2023 Internal Audit plan and approved the 2024 Internal Audit plan
- It considered the effectiveness of the Internal Audit process, reviewing the results of an external quality review of the Internal Audit function that was conducted by EY, and the action being taken to further enhance the work of the function
- It received feedback from the CFO on the results of an internal survey of the work of Internal Audit conducted at the end of the year
- It met with the Group Head of Internal Audit without management being present on a regular basis, and discussed a range of topics, including confirming that the function operated free from management or other restrictions
- It monitored and reviewed the role and effectiveness of the Company's Internal Audit function and audit programme, and considered the resourcing of the function
- The Committee Chairman is involved in the process to recruit a new Group Head of Internal Audit following the resignation of the incumbent
- It considered the impact of the Q1 2023 cyber incident on the Group's operations, particularly with regard to the integrity of its financial reporting, and received a report from the Group's cyber consultants on developments in the Group's cyber security following the incident
- Following identification of an issue at one of the Group's sites in respect of the accounting treatment for consignment inventory, the Committee conducted a review of the accounting treatment for this raw material at other Group sites
- It undertook a deep dive into the Group's accounting for R&D expenditure
- It reviewed the Group's risk management processes and internal controls, including the work undertaken with external consultants to undertake a comprehensive review of the Group's risk register and the results of the Group's self-certification process
- It recommended statements to be included in the Annual Report concerning the effectiveness of the Group's internal financial controls and risk management systems

- It considered the Group's procedures for detecting fraud, and carried out a review of all alleged instances of fraud notified to the Committee
- Members of the Committee met and discussed business and control matters with senior management both during Board presentations and during site visits

External Audit

To oversee the relationship with the external auditors including making recommendations to the Board in relation to their appointment, negotiating and agreeing the statutory audit fee and the scope of the statutory audit, approving any permitted non-audit services, reviewing the findings of their work, assessing the effectiveness of the external audit process and monitoring the external auditors' processes for maintaining independence.

- It reviewed the findings of the work of PwC (the External Auditors) and Mazars (who audit the Group's non-material subsidiaries), including their key accounting and audit judgements, how any risks to audit quality were addressed and their views on interactions with senior management
- It monitored the External Auditors' independence, objectivity and effectiveness
- It considered the External Auditors' 2023 Audit Strategy and approved the 2023 engagement letter. It also made recommendations to the Board on the reappointment of the External Auditors and agreed the annual fees
- It considered the contents of a letter received from the FRC's Audit Quality Review team following a review of PwC's 2022 audit. The Committee was satisfied that no matters arose which required significant action, and with PwC's response to the inspection
- It reviewed and approved the non-audit services provided by the External Auditors
- It reviewed updates from PwC on material accounting and governance developments impacting the Group
- It reviewed the effectiveness of the External Audit process
- It met with the External Auditors without management being present on a regular basis and received valuable feedback on a range of topics

Governance

Report to the Board on how the Committee has discharged its responsibilities. Arrange for periodic reviews of its own performance and review its constitution and terms of reference to ensure it is operating effectively and recommend any changes it considers necessary to the Board for approval.

- It reviewed its terms of reference and monitored developments in corporate governance that were likely to impact the future work of the Committee, including the development of the UK Government's plans to augment the regime on internal control and assurance
- It conducted an evaluation of its performance and effectiveness
- It reported to the Board on the outcomes of Audit Committee meetings. All members of the Board received the agenda, papers and minutes of each Committee meeting

Audit Committee continued

Significant issues and material judgements

The Committee considered the following significant issues in the context of the 2023 Financial Statements. It identified these areas to be significant, taking into account the level of materiality and the degree of judgement exercised by management.

The Committee resolved that the judgements and estimates made on each of the significant issues detailed below were appropriate and acceptable.

Impairment of good will

The 2023 year-end carrying value of goodwill of £631m was tested against the current and planned performance of the Steel Flow Control, Steel Advanced Refractories and Foundry CGUs. The Committee considered the Board-approved medium-term business plans and terminal growth assumptions, and the discount rates used in the assessments. Relevant sensitivities using reasonably possible changes to key assumptions were evaluated. The detailed assumptions are provided in Note 16 to the Group Financial Statements.

Given that the models indicated, even with the application of reasonable sensitivities to the assumptions, that there remains significant headroom between the Value in Use and the carrying value, the Committee concurred that no goodwill impairment charges were required.

Other provisions

The Committee continues to monitor the implications of a number of potential exposures and claims arising from ongoing litigation, product quality issues, employee disputes, restructuring, vacant sites, environmental matters, legacy matter lawsuits, indirect tax disputes and indemnities or warranties outstanding for disposed businesses. Due to the long gestation period before settlement for a number of these issues can be reached, provisioning for these items requires careful judgement in order to establish a reasonable estimate of future liabilities. The Committee also assessed the strength of any insurance coverage for certain of these liabilities and challenged the accounting treatment for any amounts deemed to be recoverable from insurers. After due consideration and challenge, and having considered legal advice obtained by the Company, the Committee is satisfied that there are appropriate levels of provisions set aside to settle third-party claims and disputes (Note 29 to the Group Financial Statements) and that adequate disclosure has been made. Where no reliable estimate of the potential liability can be made for the outcome of an existing issue, no provision has been made and appropriate disclosure is included under contingent liabilities (Note 31 to the Group Financial Statements).

Operating segments for continuing operations

The Committee considered the aggregation of the Steel Flow Control, Steel Advanced Refractories, and Steel Sensors & Probes operating segments into the Steel reportable segment, noting the economic characteristics of these operating segments which include a similar nature of products, customers, production processes and margins. The Committee concluded that this segmentation remained appropriate.

Impairment of investment in subsidiaries

The Committee has reviewed management's impairment analysis of the Parent Company's investment in subsidiaries. Following this review it concurred that no impairment was required.

Fair, balanced and understandable reporting

The Committee considered all the information available to it in reviewing the overall content of the Annual Report and Financial Statements and the process by which it was compiled and reviewed, to enable it to provide advice to the Board that the Annual Report and Financial Statements are fair, balanced and understandable. In doing so, the Committee ensured that time was again dedicated to the drafting and review process so that internal linkages were identified and consistency was tested. Drafts of the Annual Report and Financial Statements were also reviewed by a senior executive not directly involved in the year-end process who reported to the Committee on his impressions of their clarity, comprehensiveness and the balance of disclosure in the document. On completion of the process, the Committee was satisfied that it could recommend to the Board that the Annual Report and Financial Statements are fair, balanced and understandable.

Risk management and internal controls

Risk management is inherent in management's thinking and is embedded in the business planning processes of the Group. The Board has overall responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of risk management and internal control, and for reviewing its effectiveness; the Audit Committee assists the Board in reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control, including financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management systems.

In 2023, Deloitte facilitated a comprehensive review of the Group's risk register. All Committee members participated in this review of the Group's existing risks and ongoing mitigating actions, further details of which are given on page 72. The review led to a further refinement of the Group's risk register and a reassessment and reallocation of responsibilities for managing mitigation of the Group's principal risks. The Committee believes that this process for identifying and understanding its principal risks and uncertainties, including its emerging risks, was robust and appropriate.

The Committee considered the Company's going concern statement and challenged the nature, quantum and effects of the combination of the unlikely but significant risks to the business model, future performance, solvency and liquidity of the Group. These were all modelled as part of the scenarios and stress testing undertaken to support the Viability Statement. As part of this review, the Committee considered the Group's forecast funding requirements over the next three years and analysed the impact of key risks faced by the Group with reference to the Group's debt covenants; these included stress testing for a business interruption due to an unplanned loss of a key plant and the impact of a significant supply chain disruption. The Committee noted that the Group's debt headroom was sufficient to accommodate the modelled stress scenarios. As a result of its review, the Committee was satisfied that the going concern statement and Viability Statement had been prepared on an appropriate basis. The 2023 going concern statement and the 2023 Viability Statement are contained within the Risk, viability and going concern section on page 76.

The key features of the Group's internal control system, which provides assurance on the accuracy and reliability of the Group's financial reporting, are detailed in the Risk, viability and going concern section on pages 72–78. During 2023, the Committee considered the process by which management evaluates internal controls across the Group. The Group Head of Internal Audit provided the Committee with a summary overview of the assurance provided by the Group's control framework. PwC reports if there are any significant control deficiencies identified during the course of their audit, with no such deficiencies reported in 2023.

The Group is made up of several large operating units, but also many small units in geographically diverse locations. Consequently, segregation of duties, overlapping access controls on systems and remote management oversight can give rise to control vulnerabilities and fraud opportunities. The Group has not adopted a common Enterprise Resource Planning system as a Group-wide standard, though where it becomes necessary to update the ERP for a particular business, the same supplier is used for these implementations, on a standardised basis. Over time, the Group is moving towards more harmonisation of its ERP landscape and a shared services model for financial transactions, enabled by this process, systems and controls standardisation between businesses. This is expected to enhance the overall internal control environment in the smaller operating units.

In February 2023, the Group was the subject of a cyber incident involving unauthorised access to our IT systems. The Group responded swiftly to the incident, instigating the Cyber Incident Plan and shutting down our IT systems to contain the incident. The Group's sites implemented their business continuity plans to maintain their operations. The Audit Committee considered the potential impact of the incident on the reporting of the Group's financial results and was satisfied that the data required was not compromised.

Audit Committee continued

Although cyber security remains a matter for the full Board, see page 73, the Committee considers the effectiveness of the Group's cyber controls at mitigating the risk of further incidents that might impact the Group's financial controls in the future. In July, the Committee received a report from the Group's cyber consultants on the Group's cyber security systems and preparedness. This provided useful benchmark data on the Group's systems and processes, an analysis of the development of the Group's cyber security, including its resourcing, emerging risks and the Group's future plans for focus and investment.

The Committee believes that an appropriate control environment exists, but recognises that there remain areas for further upgrade in respect of the Group's cyber risks. The Committee recognises that with an organisation of the size and complexity of Vesuvius it is virtually impossible to eradicate the risk of cyber attack but is pleased to note that whilst the Group's systems were penetrated, the risk management plans and practices in place, particularly the business continuity plans, did serve to mitigate the incident.

The Group undertakes a range of activities to mitigate the risk of fraud. This framework is regularly reviewed to determine areas for improvement. Eliminating the risk of fraud remains one of the key areas of focus for Internal Audit, forming a fundamental part of the Financial Controls and Compliance audits. These assess the quality of the balance sheet reconciliations, review key judgement matters, consider ERP access rights, review tenders and quotations, review the entity's controls over the purchase requisition process, review the entity's controls over master data changes, and review controls over payments, journals and associated applications, along with travel and expense reimbursements.

Any control issues identified by management locally or as a result of the work performed by Internal Audit are escalated as appropriate. Internal Audit rates all control issues they identify in terms of their significance and agrees remediation plans with the management of the auditee and an action owner, in each case establishing a target date for remediation. For significant issues, management at all levels within the Business Unit are engaged to agree the actions and remediation dates. The status of the remediation is monitored and overdue issues are escalated appropriately with management, and reported at Audit Committee meetings. Where a specific audit identifies multiple issues, or where issues arise on the progress of remediation activities, the Audit Committee continues to challenge management to identify root causes and ensure that the right organisational structure and people are in place to address issues effectively.

In line with the requirements of the Code, responsibility for the oversight and monitoring of the Group's Speak Up helpline, which collates allegations of improper behaviour and employee concerns, has passed from the Audit Committee to the full Board. Members of the Committee are kept apprised of any complaints received by the Company regarding fraud, accounting, internal accounting controls and auditing matters. Further details of the operation of the Group's Speak Up policy and helpline can be found on page 87.

Each year, the senior financial, operational and functional management of the businesses self-certify compliance with Group policies and procedures for the areas of the business under their responsibility and confirm the existence of adequate internal control systems throughout the year. The Committee reviews any exceptions noted in this bottom-up exercise.

No significant control issues were raised by our External Auditors, PwC and Mazars, in 2023, and no material issues were identified. After considering these various inputs, the Committee was able to provide assurance to the Board on the effectiveness of internal financial control within the Group, and on the adequacy of the Group's broader internal control systems.

Internal Audit

The Group's Internal Audit function operates on a global basis through professionally qualified and experienced individuals located in Poland, India, Malaysia and the Czech Republic. The team reports to the Group Head of Internal Audit, who in turn reports directly to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. During the year the incumbent Group Head of Internal Audit resigned. The Company currently has an acting Group Head of Internal Audit and is focused on progressing the appointment of a formal successor shortly.

Throughout 2023, Internal Audit continued to perform a programme of audits focusing on internal financial controls and key compliance issues. The Committee received, considered and approved the 2023 Internal Audit plan which was constructed using a risk-based approach to cover the Group's control environment. The plan is based on the premise that all operating units are audited at least once every three to four years, and each of the large operating entities located in Germany, the US, China, Mexico and Brazil are audited on an annual basis.

Six categories of audit were conducted: Financial Controls Audits, Deep Dive Trial Balance Audits, Compliance Audits, Focused Audits (covering for example, purchasing, post acquisition and P-cards), IT Audits and Follow-up Audits, with the majority of the 35 audit assignments undertaken in 2023 (2022: 32) focused on financial controls. The Committee received a report from the Group Head of Internal Audit at each of its meetings detailing progress against the agreed plan and key trends and findings. An update on the progress made towards resolving open issues was also given. Common themes emerging from Internal Audit reports coupled with Internal Audit and management's assessment of risk have informed the development of the 2024 Internal Audit plan.

When necessary, Internal Audit contracts auditors from other audit firms to supplement internal resources on an ad hoc basis. This process provides valuable learning opportunities and we expect to continue to use external resources in specialist areas and geographies in the future.